We Have Just Received Another Shipment
Of the Pure French Castile Soap recommended by Dr. Christion.
CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE,
Cor. Fort & Douglas.
"Look for the Sign of the Camel."

The Daily Colonist.

(ESTABLISHED 1858.)

HALL & WALKER
AGENTS
WELLINGTON COAL $6.50 PER TON
DRY CORD WOOD
100 Government St. Telephone 53

VOL. XCV., NO. 61 VICTORIA, B. C. FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23. 1906. TWELVE PAGES.

ENGLISH OAK GOODS

Fashions in Tableware may change, but the popularity of English Oak and Silverware never seems to vary; due doubtless to its durability and fine decorative effectiveness. Below we quote a few prices out of a very fine consignment now on view in our windows and showrooms.

PEPPER GRINDERS..$ .75 MUSTARD POT.....$2.00
SALT CELLAR ..... 1.00 MARMALADE JAR ... 4.50
BISCUIT BOX ..... 4.50 SARDINE BOX 8.75
BEER MUG ..... 7.25 ICE PAIL 18.00
SALAD BOWL AND SERVERS FROM .....$7.50 to $15.50
TANTALUS SPIRIT STAND, CUT GLASS DECANTERS FROM.....$18.00 up

THE METAL WORK IS BEST ELECTRO-PLATE ON NICKEL SILVER. THE OAK IS BRITISH, HEART OF OAK.

Challoner & Mitchell
SILVERSMITHS
47-49 Government St., Victoria, B. C. C.M.807

FRESH GARDEN
VEGETABLES

CABBAGE, per lb. ..... 3c.
CAULIFLOWER, each ..... 10c.
ASPARAGUS, per lb ..... 25c.
RHUBARB, 2 lbs. for..... 25c.
CUCUMBERS, each .....20c. and 25c.
ARTICHOKES, extra large, each ..... 15c.
CHILI PEPPERS, per lb..... 60c.
LETTUCE, per head ..... 5c.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.
Cash Grocers - - - - 111 Govt. St., Victoria
Where You Get Good Things to Eat. R.810

GET THE HABIT!
ASK FOR
CASCADE BEER
AT ALL FIRST-CLASS SALOONS AND HOTELS
Ring up DIXI H. ROSS & CO. for a supply for the house.

FRESH EGGS
Two Dozen
55 Cents.
MOWAT'S GROCERY
77 YATES STREET

SMOKE
IMPERIAL MIXTURE
TOBACCO
SOLD WHOLESALE BY
The Hudson's Bay Company

HONEY IN THE COMB
20c Each
Taken from the hive in Victoria.
The West End Grocery Company
Phone 88. S. J. HEALD, Manager 42 Government St.

Legislative Assembly

Deposit of Parliamentary Candidate Reduced to One Hundred Dollars.

Smelter Eight Hour Bill Defeated on Second Reading By Small Majority.

Master and Servants Act Adjourned on Objections by Attorney General.

Thursday, February 22, 1906.

AT 2 o'clock p. m. the house met, and after prayers by Rev. J. H. S. Sweet the house went into committee on the "provincial elections act," with Mr. Shatford in the chair.

Mr. Bowser moved the amendment of which he had given notice to substitute the words "one hundred" for "two hundred," the amount of a candidate's deposit under the present act.

On a division the amendment was carried by 22 to 12.

The bill passed through committee and was reported.

The adjourned debate on the eight-hour smelter bill was resumed by Mr. Hawthornthwaite, who said that the only argument urged on the floor of the house against it was that the smelter owners did not want it, and the issue had been reduced to the question were the smelter owners or the working men to be considered by a representative assembly. If the hours of labor were altered to any appreciable extent by legislative enactment, those affected would have to even matters up in one of three ways: Either to reduce wages, intensify labor or introduce machinery, but no alteration in hours affected the operation of those great economic laws which overruled every industry. These three conditions had resulted in the coal mines from the eight-hour bill of last session, and in the Island mines to an alarming extent, for the men were being driven as slaves, and this course of treatment would recoil. But capitalists, absentee owners from New York and Chicago, cared nothing for this; their workmen were chattels, and they might drag out their lives in untold agony, as he had witnessed. There should be an end to this inhuman treatment of human flesh and blood. If Mr. J. A. Macdonald was as much interested in serving the workingman as he claimed he would have the courage to register his vote for the bill and not let his sympathy evaporate in professions. There were only two smelters today giving the eight-hour day—Granby and Greenwood. All other smelters were working their men nine, ten and eleven hours. As to the province being terrified whilst the house was in session, the terror was on the part of the Liberal members when they had to vote on labor questions and struggle against their natural inclinations and register a vote for capital. For every vote cast on the floor of the house today against this bill thousands would be registered against those who thus voted, at the next election.

Hon. Mr. Tatlow demurred to the contention that regulation of hours of labor did not affect trade and commerce. He was satisfied that the proposed legislation was inimical to the best interests of both capital and labor.

Dr. King supported the measure on the ground that since some of the smelters had voluntarily conceded the principle it was on every ground desirable to confirm the measure by legislation.

Mr. W. C. Wells supported the bill on the same grounds as set forth by Dr. King. He deprecated the suggestion that this legislation would disturb the investment of capital. Nothing was more desirable than settled conditions, and if it was a fact that certain large smelters had conceded the eight hours, then it was an advantage to incorporate that in the laws of the province.

Mr. J. A. Macdonald hardly understood why he had been selected as a special object for attack by the member for Nanaimo. He had been mainly instrumental in bringing about the arrangement that had been concluded between smelter owners and their employees. Was he to be blamed for averting an industrial war? Surely success in averting that was not an opprobrious act. He was never an advocate for the premature intervention of legislative enactment, but inasfar as the principle affected the health of men engaged in certain injurious employments it was desirable to interfere. Last year smelters could not afford to face a reduction of hours.

Mr. Hawthornthwaite: Is it not a fact that the Granby smelter has paid a dividend of half a million dollars on last year's operation?

Mr. Macdonald: Yes, owing, mainly, to an advance in the price of copper.

Resuming he said he was prepared to admit that conditions had improved and it was their duty to legislate at the right time to restrict the hours. The reduction effected by mutual arrangement had not seriously hampered the smelters; that showed its feasibility and he was therefore in favor of making those conditions permanent. Such legislation would now be the best guarantee of industrial peace in the future.

Hon. F. Carter-Cotton: Will the honorable member tell us what would be the result of a fall in the price of copper?

Mr. Macdonald: The question suggests the possibility of a reversion to the twelve hours in that event, which is a sufficient reason for legislative enactment making that course impossible.

Eight Hour Smelter Bill Defeated

On a division the bill was defeated by 19 to 17.

Yeas—Drury, King, Brown, McNiven, Jones, Davidson, J. A. Macdonald, Henderson, Wells, Cameron, Hawthornthwaite, Williams, Wilson, Green, Garden, Young, Manson—17.

Nays—Murphy, Tanner, Oliver, Munro, Paterson, Hall, Tatlow, McBride, Cotton, Ellison, Clifford, Bowser, Fraser, Ross, A. McDonald, Fulton, Taylor, Macgowan, Grant—19.

An act to amend the "master and servant act." His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative assembly of the province of British Columbia, enacts as follows:

1. This act may be cited as the "master and servant act amendment act, 1906."

2. The "master and servant act," being chapter 131 of the revised statutes, 1897, is hereby amended by adding thereto, after section 7, the following section:

"7a. (1.) Every workman, employee or servant, where the rate of wages does not exceed four dollars per day, shall be paid at intervals not to exceed two weeks.

"(2.) In case of a workman, employee or servant ceasing to work or being discharged, all wages due such person shall be paid forthwith.

"(3.) No contract for wages shall be entered into that provides for payment of wages at longer intervals than once in two weeks.

"(4.) Any employer, or the agent of any employer, who contravenes the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars."

On the second reading of the bill entitled "an act to amend the master and servant act," Hon. C. Wilson said that whilst he believed the purpose of Mr. Williams wos a laudable one he doubted whether that object would be attained by this bill. It was a dangerous thing to say that men should not be allowed to enter freely into labor contracts; this limited that right to fourteen days. The evil to be provided against was this, that some employers discharged their men in fact, although not in theory. They kept the workman hanging on, but if he acted similarly he laid himself open to an action. That could be dealt with in a different manner. Again it was a vicious principle to make a breach of contract a penal offence.

As to compulsory payment every fortnight, that would be a very inconvenient process in this country, and in some instances almost if not absolutely impossible. He therefore urged the withdrawal of the measure and promised his

(Continued on Page Three.)

Grand Banquet to Sir Wilfrid Laurier

Toronto the Scene of one of the Greatest Events of Its Kind in Canada.

Covers Set for Eight Hundred and Spectators Galleries Crowded.

TORONTO, Feb. 22.—Perhaps the greatest and most elaborate banquet of the kind ever attempted in Canada was that tendered last night to Sir Wilfrid Laurier by the Liberals of Ontario. Over 800 sat down to table. The platform and gallery of Massey Hall, where the banquet was held, were crowded with the Liberal wealth and fashion of the province. The hall was beautifully decorated. Hon. G. W. Ross, ex-premier of Ontario, was chairman. At his right was Sir Wilfrid, and on his left Hon. A. B. Aylesworth. Other guests included Hon. Messrs. Emmerson, Belcourt, Cox and other prominent Liberals. Joseph Martin, K.C., of Vancouver, was also present.

Lady Laurier arrived about 7.30, accompanied by Mrs. Melvin Jones, and Miss Melvin Jones, and occupied seats in the gallery. Her entrance was the signal for a great outburst of applause, which was repeated when Lady Laurier was presented with a beautiful bouquet of American roses on behalf of the Liberal Association.

In introducing Sir Wilfrid, Hon. G. W. Ross referred in glowing terms to the prime minister's services to the Dominion.

In his speech Sir Wilfrid refered to the autonomy bills passed last session, assuring all doubting Liberals that he was precisely the same man as sought their support in 1896 on

The Manitoba School Question

and held to the same views now as then. The attempted coercion of Manitoba could not be defended, but in respect to the newly created provinces conditions were not analogous. The jurisdiction of educational matters belonged to the Dominion under the B. N. A. act and under the terms of confederation separate schools were guaranteed to all provinces, existing or to be created.

In Manitoba, the people had neglected separate schools, and while under the constitution the federal authorities might have power to force those schools upon them he held it would have been an unwise and highly improper action. In the new provinces the people by their views had approved of the action taken by the Dominion government.

In referring to the question of transportation, Sir Wilfrid drew a rosy picture of the commanding position Canada was destined to assume in the trade of the Orient.

Dealing with preference, Sir Wilfrid said the question of mutual preference did not concern Canada, as it was purely a matter for the people of Great Britain to settle. He did not think it possible to have a uniform tariff within the Empire, the true policy he thought, was that every component part of the British Empire be left to do the best it could for itself.

THORPE'S CARBONATED WATERS
ONLY TIME SHOWN AT
INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION
WERE AWARDED
A PRIZE MEDAL AND DIPLOMA FOR EXCELLENCE

By Cable From London

Duke of Devonshire in Lords Declares Against Fiscal Reform.

Lord Lansdowne Defends Mr. Balfour and Lord Goschen Repudiates Him.

British Opinion of Germany's Action at Algeciras Conference.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—In the house of lords today the Duke of Devonshire provoked a debate on the fiscal question, in opening which he announced that he and his friends would oppose to the best of their ability the proposals made by the Unionist leaders. The Duke added that he was a unionist but would not accept a leadership which involved him with the opinions expressed by former Premier Balfour and Joseph Chamberlain.

Former Foreign Secretary Lansdowne defended the policy of Mr. Balfour, while Lord Goschen, the former chancellor of the exchequer, associated himself with the Duke of Devonshire in repudiating it.

A bill was introduced in the house of commons today aiming at the removal of the embargo on Canadian cattle. The second reading was set for April 6. The supporters of the measure included several Canadian members. There is every hope of the bill passing the house of commons, but it is feared that it will be defeated in the house of lords.

Great Britain and Germany

Official opinion in Great Britain regarding the Moroccan conference can be summed up by the statement "that it is now certain Germany desires the Algeciras conference to break up without settling the vexed Moroccan question." The belief in England is that all the endeavors of German and British subjects to create a better feeling between their respective countries are being undone by the German attitude at Algeciras. In English official circles there is no attempt to hide the discomfort at the course of events at the conference. Germany, the officials say, promised to recognize France's preponderant interests in Morocco and not to place obstacles in the way of a settlement. They add that she is adopting exactly the opposite course and loses no opportunity to harass France and render futile the efforts of the powers to compromise the differences between the two most interested countries. The suggestion coming from Berlin that King Edward and Emperor William will meet shortly is officially denied; at least the foreign officials say they have no cognizance of the rumored meeting.

Will Oppose Kaiser's Plans

After today's cabinet meeting it was asserted in ministerial circles that Great Britain, at the proper moment, will, if necessary, inform Germany that the Moroccan policy of the fatherland is a source of deep anxiety to this government, since it exhibits tendencies which threaten ultimately to require Britain to dispute its further progress.

The statement has been confirmed that in event of France's abandoning Morocco to Germany in preference to risking a war, the British government will oppose directly Germany's plans. It is not expected among best informed officials here that France will go to war at present to enforce her own views relative to Morocco, but the opinion prevails that she would undoubtedly do so to prevent Germany from altering the status quo in the Western Mediterranean region to the disadvantage of France. It is categorically asserted that

Great Britain Is Ready

at a moment's notice to reply with force to any forcible measure which Germany may take to "change the political map of Western Europe and Northern Africa in any essential respect."

The Kaiser is accused of seeking to neutralize the British Gibraltar in the West, while he himself is building up a German Gibraltar in the east on the Island of Thasos.

It is evident that a bitter feeling against Germany is silently but steadily growing throughout English society. British officials cannot see where France can further yield toward German views.

In some quarters it is believed that Germany, at the last moment finding that all the powers excepting possibly Austria are sympathizing with France, will agree to the compromise offered by the French delegates. On this account France will be urged to allow a continuance of the conference, giving the representatives of the powers an opportunity of expressing their views on the subject upon which Germany and France could not agree.

Ambassador Reid at noon today formally opened the second section of the sixth annual exhibition of the International Society of Sculptors, Painters and Engravers at the new art gallery. Mr. Reid in a short and pleasing speech referred to the fact that the founder and first president of the society were both Americans and expressed the hope that the foundation principles may yet penetrate America.

TORONTONIAN'S TRAGIC END.

While Delirious Escapes From Hospital in Batavia Clad in Bathrobe.

Batavia, N. Y., Feb. 22.—Alexander Robertson of Toronto died at the hospital here tonight. Robertson, who had been a patient at the hospital for several days, escaped from his ward today while in a delirious condition. Clad in a bathrobe and a pair of stockings, he ran through the streets of the town and finally turned into St. Josephs Convent, where the nuns were badly scared before the unfortunate man was overpowered by the sexton. Robertson sank rapidly after being returned to the hospital, dying at 7 o'clock tonight. He was 39 years old and was born in Scotland. He was an expert granite worker and was president of the Granite Cutters' Union of Toronto.

THE NEW YORK LIFE.

Commissioners of Five States Report Results of Investigations.

St. Paul, Feb. 22.—A synopsis of the report of the investigation of the insurance commissioners of five states into the affairs of the New York Life Company given out today shows that the commissioners of Minnesota, Kentucky, Wisconsin and Tennessee will report that the figures in the last named annual report of the company have been verified to the extent that the $2,000,000 surplus claimed actually exists.

The deferred dividend plan will be condemned; the investment of too great a proportion of t he assets in bonds will be deprecated, greater publicity in certain figures of the business will be recommended and a more representative form of government will be advocated.

FROM NORTHERN POINTS.

Steamer Venture Reaches Nanaimo With News From Port Simpson.

Nanaimo, Feb. 22.—(Special.)—The steamer Venture, which arrived from Port Simpson, brings news that on Saturday night last the whole Indian population of Port Essington were up in arms upon the discovery of an attempt to rob the Indian cemetery. Several graves were found to have been disturbed. The natives, armed to the teeth with weapons of all descriptions, have been guarding the cemeteries since. That no one was killed during the intense excitement Saturday night is a miracle, as all through the night enraged Indians continuously discharged firearms to frighten the likely despoilers, who are unknown.

Fears are entertained at Port Essington for the safety of four Japanese, who were on their way to that point from Port Simpson in a schooner loaded with charcoal. The boat, which was heavily laden, should have reached its destination several days ago. It is feared the vessel foundered in the recent gales and that the occupants were drowned.

Rich Discoveries at Portland Canal

Owing to the discovery on Portland canal of rich lead, copper and silver, mining affairs in that district have taken a distinct boom. If the present indications hold good it is predicted that 300 men will be working on claims there by midsummer.

Mr. Edenshaw has recovered his schooner, seized last year at Ketchikan by the American authorities for an alleged violation of the American coasting laws. The release is the result of strong representations made by the Canadian authorities.

Rev. A. E. Green, Indian school inspector, a passenger on the Venture, reports Indian affairs in the north in good condition. Large school houses have been erected at Port Simpson and Massett. Mr. Green states that Rev. Dr. Whittington, superintendent of Methodist missions, has almost completed his tour of northern missions and would return on the Tees next trip.

Million Dollar Fire at 'Frisco

Central Station of Electric Company Gutted Yesterday Morning.

Hotels and Office Buildings in Central District Without Elevator Power.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 22.—(Special)—Fire early this morning in the central station of the San Francisco Gas and Electric Company caused a loss estimated at $1,000,000 besides crippling many commercial and manufacturing establishments, though not so seriously as would be the case were not this a holiday. Newspapers, however, were for hours without power, elevators stopped, candles and kerosene lamps were used in stores, and business was almost paralyzed. The origin of the fire, which completely gutted the buildings in which it originated, has not been positively determined. The fire was accompanied by a series of explosions, and the firemen worked at the risk of their lives, but as the burning station was in the very heart of the city they did not relax their efforts until the danger of a great conflagration was over. During the progress of the fire sixteen persons were hurt, only one, Wm. Kean, however, sustaining serious injury. He was taken to a sanitarium and it is said will recover. The officers of the gas and electric company state their loss will be about $850,000, but others place the figure at $1,000,000. Six engines valued at from $60,000 to $150,000 each, were destroyed, as also was the generating plant, worth $125,000. Three hundred men and fifty teams are at work clearing away the debris. All of the leading hotels and restaurants in the down-town districts are without light and power.

Patriotic High School Students .....

Tacoma, Feb. 22.—Several hundred high school students, resenting the non-observance of Washington's birthday, left their schoolrooms today and paraded the streets, blowing horns and waving banners. The girls joined the boys in the demonstration.

Testing Life Preservers

Seattle, Feb. 22.—(Special). —Acting under directions from Federal Commissioners Smith, Murray and Burwell, the officers in the United States revenue cutter service have been engaged during the past week in collecting life preservers from Puget Sound vessels, which are to be forwarded to Washington by members of the board for general test in regard to buoyancy. Commissioner Murray said this morning that the majority of the preservers secured would probable be tulle as the buoyancy of block cork life preservers had been demonstrated. Re-inspection of all vessels in Seattle harbor will begin tomorrow morning, in acordance with instructions from the Secretary of the Navy. The latter made the request through the recommendations of the special commissioners now on duty in Seattle investigating the Valencia disaster and the need of more aids to navigation on the Washington coast. Special attention will be given to fire-fighting apparatus and

(Continued on Page Three.)

Dominion News Notes

Mounted Police Patrol Boat For Work on the Hudson's Bay.

Conservative Elected in North Toronto by a Very Large Majority.

Bell Telephone Company to Increase Capital to Fifty Millions.

OTTAWA, Feb. 22—The patrol boat for the mounted police now being built at the government shops at sorel for service on Hudson's Bay will be launched in June. She is 125 feet long, 26 feet beam, draft 11 feet and will cost about $50,000. The vessel will be called Lafontaine after Lady Laurier's family. She is to be built of wood and made exceptionally strong to resist ice pressure.

Col. S. B. Steele is returning from South Africa and may be given an important military post in the Northwest.

According to official returns issued by the customs department today, the total exports of Canadian produce for the six months ended December was $133,150,729. Of this amount Great Britain took $80,152,891 and United States $40,630,547. From Great Britain during the same period the imports totalled $33,416,825, while from the United States the importations were valued at $81,928,315.

Bell Telephone Co.'s Growth

Montreal, Feb. 22.—At the annual meeting of the Bell Telephone Company today it was announced that the company had asked permission from the Dominion parliament to increase its capital from $10,000,000 to $50,000,000 for necessary extensions of lines throughout the Dominion.

The Plumbers' Combine

Toronto, Feb. 22.—Edward Gurney, at the trial of the plumbers' supply men before Justice Mulock yesterday, said he had been instrumental in organizing the master plumbers' association, believing that something should be done to keep out alleged curbstone plumbers in order to keep the interests of the trade in the hands of an efficient body of men. He said he did not believe the agreement between the supply men and master plumbers was illegal, and that manufacturers of plumbers' supplies had just as much right to have protection this way as any other combination of manufacturers.

Young Woman's Suicide

Mrs. Isabella Brooks, the young wife of Fred Brooks, a stonemason, committed suicide yesterday afternoon by taking carbolic acid. She left a note saying that she had nothing to live for. The couple had only come from Manchester, England, a few months ago.

Conservative's Large Majority

Toronto, Feb. 22.—The election to the Ontario legislature today in North Toronto resulted in the return of J. K. McNaught, Conservative, by a majority of 1,421. The vote stood: McNaughton, Conservative, 3,839; Urquhart, Liberal, 2,148; Simpson, Socialist, 280.

Races at Fairs

The Ontario Fall Fair Association today voted to ask the provincial government for permission to hold races at the fall fairs, as they are desired by the people.

Lobster Fishermen Drowned

Halifax, Feb. 22.—Two fishermen, William and Heber Prime, of Freeport, Digby county, were drowned this evening by the capsizing of their boat while attending to lobster traps.

Narrow Escape From Drowning

Calgary, Feb. 22.—Leon Seymour and two horse buyers, while attempting to cross the river at Cochrane, narrowly escaped drowning. The team and rig went through the ice and Seymour was thrown into the icy waters, where he struggled for several minutes before being rescued. Water is flowing two feet deep over the ice in Bow River, and the winter seems broken. Cattle on the ranches are in prime condition.

Suffocated by Gas

Estherhzy, Sask., Feb. 22.—Charles Bodkin was overcome by gas in a well today and was dead before being taken out.

Acquitted of Murder Charge

Edmonton, Feb. 22.—A jury returned a verdict of not guilty against Ludwig Lilge in the second trial for the murder of a friend named Leslie at Bruderheim a year ago, and the accused was accordingly acquitted.

Child Scalded to Death

London, Feb. 22.—Muriel, the three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Winter, of Westminster township, was fatally scalded yesterday. The mother was scrubbing the floor, when the child tripped over a pet dog and fell into the boiling water, dying a few hours later.

A VERITABLE SKY-SCRAPER.

New York Concern Preparing to Erect Tallest Building in the World.

New York, Feb. 22.—The Times says the Singer Manufacturing Company filed plans yesterday for a structure which will be higher than all existing sky-scrapers by from 200 to 300 feet, and will be about 40 feet higher than the Washington monument.

The tower will be 65 feet square for 36 stories and will be surmounted by a dome containing four additional stories, above which will be a cupola and a flagstaff. The facades of the tower will be of ornamental brick and limestone, with four rows of windows on each side. It will contain more than 150,000 square feet of floor space and will be fitted with a group of four elevators. The total cost of the improvements, including the tower, as estimated by the Singer Company's architect, is $1,500,000. With the exception of the Eiffel tower, the Singer building will be the loftiest structure in the world.

One Reason Why You Should Use a Gas Range

In a test made between a coal range and a gas range a roast of beef lost in weight while cooking. 2 lbs. 15 oz.; with a gas range 1 lb. 9 oz. Coal drove 14 oz. out of a roast chicken, while a gas range dispelled 11 oz.

The reason for these results is easily explained. The action of a gas range is certain; it puts heat right where it is wanted without any delay, and does the work quickly.

VICTORIA GAS CO., Ltd. - 35 Yates Street

Wrestled With The Estimates

Protracted Meeting of the City Council Held Yesterday Evening.

Appropriation of $4000 Made for Work of the Tourist Association.

Last evening's meeting of the city council in point of duration proved a record breaker. Commencing at 7:30, the city fathers were in session until 11:23, considering the estimates. Among the many votes which were passed was one for the Tourist Association for $4,000.

The estimate for educational work was treated with a knife and it was finally passed at $82,038.50.

The estimates for the school trustees caused considerable discussion. It was finally moved by Ald. Hall that the teachers' salaries be cut to $59,000. In making the motion he said he thought a saving could be made by a better system of grading. The motion was carried.

Ald. Hall moved that a reduction of $1,000 be made for general repairs. This was also carried, the total being $82,-038.50 for school purposes.

Ald. Hall stated that the estimate for this year was $2,500 more than what the trustees spent last year, and on account of the per capita grant being reduced the council would have to provide $5,000 more than last year.

It was decided to have the city plumbing inspector included in the public health department.

In connection with the hospital grants Ald. Hall moved that $750 be granted to the tuberculosis hospital. In introducing the motion he explained that the amount was granted in last year's estimate, but had not been expended. The motion was carried.

For health purposes the total expenditure will be $17,194.

The question of the auditor's salary also caused some comment. It was finally left as in previous years.

The question of combining the office of the city clerk and city solicitor caused prolonged discussion, the general impression being that a suitable person could not be secured at a saving to the city. A similar discussion took place over the matter of the offices of the city solicitor and city barrister, and it was pointed out that at present the salary for the two offices was $2,500 and that it would be impossible to secure one person to fill the position in a satisfactory manner for less than $5,000. The same arrangement as in previous years will be in force.

Uniforms for the firemen was the next question.

Ald. Fullerton took up the cudgels for the fire department and favored the men being supplied with a navy blue uniform.

Ald. Hall was not in favor of supplying uniforms. He referred to the outlay that had been made to get a full-paid department. It would cost nearly double what it did last year.

Ald. Douglas thought Victoria should set an example for the other cities in the province. He referred to the fact that at a recent funeral when the fire department turned out they had to request the loan of caps and buttons from Nanaimo. He would like to see Victoria up to date in something.

Ald. Stewart could not support the proposed expenditure. He had no kick against the fire department and would like to see them receive the uniforms, but the city did not have the money.

Ald. Yates moved that the item be stricken out. He pointed out that at present there are not as many firemen as there were when there was a volunteer department and it was costing more than before.

Mayor Morley was in favor of giving the uniform, but he could not see where the money was to come from. He suggested that in place of uniforms that helmets be supplied.

Ald. Fullerton said it was the worst fitted out department he had ever seen. The men did not even have gum boots, which was something that could not be said about any other fire department.

The vote was lost, Alds. Douglas and Fullerton voting in the affirmative and Alds. Goodacre, Stewart, Hall, Yates, Vincent and Davey in the negative.

Ald. Stewart moved that $100 be added to the total for harness and clothing for the fire department, which was carried.

The vote for a new fire hall for James Bay was thrown out.

Ald. Hall stated that the superintendent recommended that there should be four lamp trimmers for the electric lights for the first six months, and after that three, making a total expenditure of $2,520 for the year, instead of $2,880. The recommendation was adopted.

The estimate for the park was then taken up. Ald. Yates stated that it was absolutely necessary to have a new bear pit.

Mayor Morley suggested that the estimate be reduced.

Ald. Yates said if it was impossible to supply a new bear pit it would be better to buy a gun and some lead. At present it was dangerous to have the bears at the park.

Ald. Hall suggested leaving the question over till Monday evening till further information was secured.

Ald. Stewart moved that a sum of $1,000 be placed on the estimates for renaming and renumbering the streets and houses.

Ald. Yates thought it was a waste of time to discuss the idea of putting more on the estimates, when it was plainly seen that they had to cut off something, unless it was intended to raise the taxation one or two mills.

The position of wiring inspector was spoken of by Ald. Stewart. In referring to the subject he stated that at present the salary of the official was made up of the fees he collected.

Mayor Morley thought it was a poor arrangement and should be attended to. At present the inspector inspects other people's work, and in his leisure time he was doing work for himself, which no one inspected. No action was taken, however.

The improvements to the city hall were then considered. Mayor Morley stated that at present the city hall was a disgrace to the city. In the repairs to the treasury office it would cost $1,-700, which would make a great improvement.

Ald. Yates drew attention to the fact that there was already a deficit of $5,000 which with the miscellaneous statement would bring the deficit to $22,000.

Regarding the improvements upstairs at the city hall Mayor Morley thought that they would not be very expensive and would give the city engineer more room.

Ald. Yates thought they were only wasting time unless another two mills were put on the taxes. The votes for the repairs to the city hall were lost, the aldermen all expressing the opinion that the work was necessary, but there was no money to be expended.

The question of the repairs to the city market, to cost $1,076, was then taken up. Ald. Vincent thought that it should be referred to the V. & S. R. R. or that they should be asked to pay rent. The vote was laid over, as was the vote for the repairs to the Yates street pumping station.

The sum of $500 was passed for fencing in the Old Men's Home.

The estimate for telephone rent for the year, amounting to $1,750, was discussed and it was pointed out that at present the citizens of Vancouver were only taxed $1 per month for every telephone. The question was laid over.

The grant for the Tourist Association amounting to $4,000 was the next question. Ald. Goodacre moved that the vote pass.

Ald. Hall moved in amendment that $2,000 be granted. Ald. Fullerton was not in favor of voting for any amount till the question was settled in the legislature.

Ald. Goodacre was strongly in favor of granting the entire amount.

Ald. Yates was in favor of the grant, provided that the amount was spent for advertising.

Mayor Morley thought that if any one wished to know how much good was being done to Victoria he need only belong to the association and see the actual working of the concern. He was not in favor of granting the amount outright, but thought it would be better to give $2,000 to start, and then make up a similar amount to that collected by the association.

Ald. Davey had great doubts regarding the association till he had attended the meetings and saw the amount of good being done. The association was being run on a business basis and was doing a great good for the city. He was in favor of the grant, and more if it was possible to do so.

Ald. Stewart was in favor of the grant. He thought the majority of the people of Victoria did not realize the good the association was doing. He cited many instances of how many visitors had been attracted to the city by the association.

Ald. Fullerton was decidedly against the association, as he did not think it was any good.

Ald. Yates explained that the workingmen obtained more work through the association's efforts than they would otherwise have done. The grant of $4,000 was passed, Alds. Fullerton and Hall voting in the negative and Mayor Morley, Alds. Goodacre, Stewart, Yates, Vincent and Davey in the affirmative.

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ARRIVALS AT CITY HOTELS.

The King Edward

John Nichols, Chicago; J. T. Martin and wife, Vancouver; T. E. Bailey, J. J. Dennis, San Francisco; E. Niebugall, F. M. Britton, F. G. Mulnix, Vancouver.

The Driard

L. R. Buckland, Nicola; J. Hewitt, Nelson; M. J. Shields and wife, Moscow, Idaho; T. Burnside, Vancouver; W. J. Mahara, D. J. Fleming, San Francisco; Miss McAlpine, Vancouver; Miss Olga McAlpine, New York; W. G. McQueen, New York; R. L. Rushton, Wetaskiwin; C. M. Marpole, H. E. Beasly, Vancouver; R. Eden Walker, New Westminster; R. E. McKechnie, A. P. Procton, B. W. Greer, Vancouver.

The Queens

B. McCormic, J. B. Clark, Seattle; J. A. Overinan, Vancouver; Thos. Scott, Alberni; H. Pettie, Comber, Ont.; T. Hewat, M. Brooks, Vernon; A. J. Payne, Vancouver; J. E. Byers, A. Edwards, Princeton; R. D. Lall, Princeton; G. G. Garrette, New York; L. S. Gornan, C. Goldman, Vancouver; J. Kirkpatrick, Vancouver; W. A. Armtsrong, Monteorder; M. Jensen, Enundon.

The Dominion

W. G. Pearse and wife, city; John Reid, Crofton; Chas. Godwin, Vernon; W. J. Nottley, Armstrong; E. C. Niles, Seattle; Ralph W. Rushton, Seattle; W. H. Brandon, Silverton; E. A. Veith, Cariboo; A. Cooper, E. E. P. Cunliffe, 150-Mile House; H. F. Glassey, Cariboo; T. T. Bonsfield, D. Mackenzie, Winnipeg; E. H. Probert, Headley; D. Deane, Aggassiz; H. A. Butler and wife, city.

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Committee Reports On Its Labors

Results of Investigation Into Conduct of Companies Presented to House.

New York State Legislature Received Bulky Volume Yesterday.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 22.—The report of the Armstrong special insurance investigation committee was presented in both houses of the legislature soon after noon today. It was accompanied by eight bills designed to carry into effect in detail the recommendations of the committee. After sending the report and the bills to the desk, Senator Armstrong made a statement in which he said that counsel for the committee, Mr. Hughes, Mr. McKeon and himself, had worked on the bills until 4 o'clock this morning and had not then finished their labors. He asked leave for the committee to submit a supplementary report, which will contain the proposed forms of the standard life insurance policies to be prescribed by law. He promised this report in a week, hoping, he said, that it would be presented on Monday night. The bills were referred at once to the committee of the whole.

A statement made to a newspaperman before the presentation of the report said he hoped to have passed before April 15 a bill which will defer the annual elections in the Mutual company from April 15 to November 15, and would, it is believed, probably nullify all proxies obtained up to this time by Thomas W. Lawson and the policyholders' committee of state governors and others, as well as those which the management of the company themselves have been gathering through their agents.

A Bulky Volume

The report of the joint committee of the senate and assembly of the state of New York appointed to investigate the affairs of the life insurance companies covered a printed pamphlet of 319 pages. After citing the resolution authorizing the work and the plan adopted for the investigation by the committee, each individual company is passed in review. There are 15 companies organized under the laws of New York issuing level premiums, and in a single instance only the committee departed from the policy of limiting its investigation to companies organized under the laws of New York. The company was the Prudential Life Insurance Company of New Jersey. The members demanding the consideration of the legislature for the purpose of remedying existing evils and of establishing more securely the business of life insurance in this state are grouped under the following heads: (1) Organization of life insurance corporations; (2) control of the rights of policyholders in the election of directors; (3) retirement of stock; (4) investment, including syndicate participations; (5) limitation of new business; (6) political contributions; (7) lobbying; (8) limitation of expenses; (9) valuation of properties; (10) rebates; (11) surrender values; (12) assortment and distribution of surplus; (13) remedies of policyholders or right to resort to the courts; (14) forms of policies; (15) publicity and state supervision; (16) penalties.

To Encourage Mutual Companies

The committee recommended that Article XI. of the insurance law be so amended as to permit the formation thereunder of mutual corporations without capital stock to transact the business of life insurance, and for such other purposes as are authorized to be connected therewith in the case of stock corporations; provided that at least 500 persons have subscribed to become members therein the aggregate amount of at least $1,000,000 to be insured upon their lives, and shall have each paid in one full annual premium in cash upon the insurance subscribed for; and provided, further, that it shall make the same deposits with the superintendent of insurance that are required of stock corporations formed for similar purposes.

Section 200, permitting the incorporation of companies upon the co-operative or assessment plan, should be amended so as not to permit such companies to be incorporated in the future, and foreign companies not be permitted to enter the state. Concerning the so-called mutual companies the committee says:

"Notwithstanding theoretical rights, policyholders have had little or no voice in the management. Entrenched behind policies easily collected by subservient agents, and running for long periods unless expressly revoked, the officers of these companies have occupied unassailable positions and have been able to exercise despotic power.

"Ownership of the entire stock of an unmixed stock corporation scarcely could give a tenure more secure. The most fertile source of evils in administration has been irresponsibility of official power. However much this may be expected in the case of absolute control, in that of a mutual company it proceeds from a flagrant disregard of the law of its being. While it would plainly be unwise that the management of a life insurance company should be rendered unstable or that its personnel should be frequently changed, it is of the first importance that officers should realize their direct responsibility to those whom they represent, and should rely for their continuance in office upon proved efficiency, and not upon a partial inability of the policyholders to depose them. With these objects in view, the following plan is recommended:

"At least five months prior to each election, lists of policyholders having at least $1,000 of insurance in force, properly classified by states and counties, giving names and addresses, but not the amount of insurance, should be filed with the superintendent of insurance, and similar lists should be open to inspection at the home office of the corporation. Lists also open to inspection of policyholders within each state and foreign country should be filed at the general agencies of the company in such jurisdictions. Voting should be limited to those who have been insured at least one year before the election and whose policies are still in force when the election is held. The board of trustees and directors should annually nominate candidates to be voted for at the next election and should file its nominations with the superintendent of insurance at least four months before the election, together with a designation of persons to receive proxies to vote for such candidates.

"It should also be provided that any group of one hundred members should be privileged to make and file with the superintendent independent nominations, together with names of persons who will receive proxies to vote for the candidates, at least three months before the election. The corporation should be required at least two months before the election to mail to each policyholder notice of the election, together with a suitable ballot containing the names of all the candidates whose nominations have been duly filed, with properly addressed envelopes enclosed for the return of ballot. The periods above mentioned have been fixed in order to give opportunity to reach distant policyholders. Votes should be limited to the nominated candidates, and suitable provisions should be made for new nominations and the casting of votes under proxies, in case of death or incapacity of any person nominated. Provision should also be made for the proper custody of ballots received by mail, and disinterested persons should be appointed to act as inspectors of elections."

As to stock companies, the committee recommends mutualization. On the subject of the department of life companies, the committee, after declaring against "syndicates," recommends that the law be amended so as to provide:

1. That no investment in the stock of any corporation shall be permitted except in public stocks of municipal corporations.

2. That investments in bonds secured to the extent of more than one-third of the value of the entire security therefor by the hypothetation of corporate stocks shall be prohibited.

3. That no loans shall be made upon stocks and bonds which are not the subject of purchase under the above provisions.

4. That every company now owning stocks or bonds of the prohibited class shall be required to dispose of the same within five years from December 31, 1906, and each year prior thereto shall make a reduction of the amount of such investments to an extent approved by the superintendent of insurance.

5. The statute should also forbid all syndicate participations, transactions for purchase and sale on joint account, and the making of an agreement providing that the company shall withhold from sale for any time, or subject to the discretion of members, any securities which it may own or asquire.

6. It should also be provided that no officer or director should be pecuniarily interested, either as principal, co-principal, agent or beneficiary, in any purchase, sale or loan made by the corporation, except in case of a loan upon his policy.

The committee recommends limiting the amount of new business which each of the larger companies may take to $150,000,000 a year, and that no company doing business in the state except the industrial companies shall issue shall issue in excess of certain prescribed limits. Contributions by insurance corporations for political purposes should be strictly forbidden. Neither executive officers nor directors should be allowed to use the moneys paid for purposes of insurance in support of political candidates or platforms. The devious methods taken to conceal the payments of this sort are confessions of their illicit character; they illustrate the manner in which executive officers have treated the funds of the company virtually as their own, abusing their power to disburse them without proper accounting. Whether made for the purpose of supporting political views or the desire to obtain protection for the corporations contributions have been wholly unjustifiable. The frank admission that moneys have been obtained for use in state campaigns upon the expectations that candidates thus aided in their election would support the interests of the company has exposed both those who solicited the contributions and those who made them to severe and just condemnation.

The committee recommends the passage of an unequivocal and drastic measure to remedy this evil. Nothing disclosed by the investigation deserves more serious attention than the systematic efforts of the large insurance companies to control a large part of the legislation of the state. They have been organized into an offensive and defensive alliance to procure or to prevent the passage of laws affecting not only insurance but a great variety of important interests, to which through subsidiary companies, or through connections of their officers, they have become related. Their operations have extended beyond the state and the country has been divided into districts so that each company might perform conveniently its share of the work. Enormous sums have been expended in a suspicious manner, irregular accounts have been kept to conceal the payments for which proper vouchers have been required.

This course of conduct has created a widespread conviction that large portions of this money have been dishonestly used. On account of the absence of the necessary witnesses and the lack of proper vouchers the committee has been unable to trace the moneys said to have been disbursed in connection with legislation. But while it is sufficiently evident that large sums have been disbursed for improper purposes, it is also clear that payments for confidential outlays exempt from audit have furnished abundant opportunity for misappropriations. They suggest the necessity of requiring a strict accounting from those who are responsible for the payment as well as from the agents who have received the moneys.

It has been found that the insurance companies have been so continuously menaced by the introduction of improper and ill advised legislative measures in many states that they have been compelled to maintain a consistent watchfulness and to resort to secret means to defeat them. An insurance corporation, however, holds a position of peculiar advantage in opposing any legislative measures which really antagonizes their interests of policy holders.

A very large proportion of the voters of the state hold policies of life insurance. It is easy for the company to apprize them of hostile legislative measures in spite of argument fairly and publicly presented, the legislature insists upon passing a law immediately opposed to the true interests of the companies. It is not the officers but the policy holders who must bear the loss and the consequences which can readily be pointed out are almost certain to bring about an early repeal of the obnoxious legislation.

The employment of agents to disburse large sums and of clandestine methods to defeat legislation is wholly inexcusable. The pernicious motives of corporation agents in matters or legislation demand that the present freedom of lobbying should be restricted. They have brought suspicion upon important proceedings of the legislature and have exposed its members to consequent assault.

The legislature owes it to itself, so far as possible to stop the practice of the lavish expenditure of moneys ostensibly for service in connection with the support of or opposition to bills which is generaly believed to be used for political purposes.

The legislature should free itself from the stigma which now attaches to the progress of measures affecting important interests. The laws against bribery and corruption, offences which are difficult of proving, are sufficiently strong but an effort should be made to strike at the root of the evil by requiring proper penalties full publicity with regard to monies expenses in connection with matters before the legislature. Corporations should be compelled to keep accounts and couchers in which all such payments should be fully detailed and receipted for and an adequate statement regarding them should form a part of such reports as may be required. In the case of insurance corporations the remedy lies first generally in the requirement of a proper authorization of all expenditures and vouchers, stating in detail the purposes for which moneys paid for legal expenses or in connection with legislative matters have been expended and, further, the company should be compelled to set forth in its annual statement to the superintendent of insurance all sums so disbursed giving the names of the payees, the agents paid and the specific purpose of payment.

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PERSONAL.

Robert Mitchell, who has been spending some months at Saturna Island, the guest of friends there, has returned to Victoria.

J. S. Dennis, F. W. Peters, B. W. Greer and E. J. Coyle, all of the C. P. R., returned from the Sound on the Princess Beatrice yesterday afternoon and registered at the Driard.

W. Carlin of Carlin & Durick, general merchants, Fort Steele, is a guest at the Hotel Driard. Mr. Carlin is one of the best known businessmen of East Kootenay.

Mrs. Percy Peele of Whitehorse, who has been at the Jubilee hospital for the past few weeks, is convalescent and is now spending a few days with her sister-in-law, Mrs. Stanley Peele, on Frederick street.

G. A. Veith, A. Cooper, E. E. P. Cunliffe and H. F. Glassey are among the guests at the Dominion hotel from the Cariboo district.

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BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS

CARLOW-CAMSUSA—In this city, on February 17, by the Rev. J. Laterne, Myra Carlow and Louis Camsusa, both of this city.

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Legislative Assembly

(Continued from Page One.)

assistance in drafting a suitable measure to deal with the matter.

Land Registration

On the report of the land registration bill Hon. C. Wilson moved the following amendment:

To insert as 24a:

"All real estate, registration of the absolute fee to which was effected in pursuance of section 16 of the 'land registry act, 1860,' of the late Colony of Vancouver Island, and for the purchase of which all instalments have been paid, shall be deemed to have included all hereditaments within the boundaries of such real estate for which deductions were made in the purchase price of same, and any such registration shall have the same force and effect as if a grant from the Hudson's Bay Company or the Crown of said real estate had been issued for the land purchased prior to the 13th day of April, 1870, notwithstanding any such grant has not been issued."

Section 29—To add at the end of the section the following: "And he shall be entitled to a certificate of the registration of his charge without payment of any fee."

Section 32—To strike out section 32, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"32. Where it is made to appear to the registrar that the notice mentioned in the last preceding clause cannot be personally served, or cannot be personally served without undue expense, such notice may be served according to the provisions of this act as to services of notices or by public advertisement as the registrar may deem just, and such service, or substituted service, shall have the same effect as personal service of the notice or proceeding upon the person intending to be affected thereby."

Section 34, lines five and six—Strike out the words "and interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum," and insert the words, "with lawful interest." Agreed.

Mr. Garden moved the amendments of which he had given notice affecting the width of streets and building line. Agreed.

Hon. C. Wilson moved to limit the operation of the foregoing clause to the district west of the Cascade mountains. Agreed.

Hon. C. Wells moved that the further consideration of the report be adjourned. Agreed.

The house went into committee on the county courts act, with Dr. King in the chair. The bill passed without amendment.

Hon. C. Wilson moved the second reading of an act to amend "the provincial elections act." Agreed.

The bill entitled "an act to amend the 'county courts act,'" was again committed. Reported complete without amendments. Report to be considered tomorrow.

The following bills were read a second time and ordered to be committed tomorrow: A bill entitled "an act to amend the 'provincial elections act.'"

Hon. R. F. Green moved the second reading of "an act respecting the measurement of timber." This was for the benefit of loggers and provided for thorough and efficient scaling. Previously scalers were in the employ of the mill company and this gave rise to a doubt as to the absolute fairness of the returns. Under the proposed act the scaler would be an independent scaler paid by the government. The fees remain the same and will nearly if not quite pay the wages of the scaler. If there was any deficiency the government would pay it.

Hon. C. Wilson moved the second reading of "the North Vancouver assessment act." Agreed.

Mr. Brown moved the third reading of the "act to amend the 'Granby Consolidated act.'" Agreed.

On the report of the Ashcroft, Barkerville and Fort George railway bill, Hon. F. Carter Cotton called the attention of the house to the fact that section 3, which provided for a connection with the Grand Trunk Pacific and argued that this brought it within the control of the federal government. By consent the bill was laid over.

The house then adjourned to 2 o'clock tomorrow.

Notices of Motion

On Tuesday next:

Dr. Young to ask leave to introduce a bill entitled "an act to amend the 'placer mining act.'"

Mr. Williams, on Friday next: Questions of the honorable the chief commissioner of lands and works:

1. In the matter of tramway crossings, does the duty of pratecting the public rest with the tramway owners or the government?

2. Has the government of British Columbia forfeited the right of eminent domain in the lands of the Wellington Colliery Company?

Mr. Oliver to move, upon consideration of the report on a bill (No. 8) entitled "an act to amend the 'provincial elections act,'" that all the words of the resolution after the first word "that" be struck out and the following words substituted therefor: "Whereas the system of representative government presupposes that the legislature shall be composed of persons representing a majority of the electors in the several constituencies:

"And whereas in the past it has been deemed expedient to require a deposit of two hundred dollars to be made with the returning officer by or on behalf of each candidate at the time of his nomination, which said deposit was to be forfeited if the candidate (on whose behalf such deposit was made) did not receive at least half as many votes as the successful candidate who had received the smallest number of votes:

"And whereas the requiring of such before-mentioned deposit, or any deposit, is objectionable to many electors:

"Therefore be it resolved, that this house is of the opinion that it is desirable to so amend the statutes relating to elections that only candidates receiving over one-half of the votes polled at the election at which they are candidates shall be elected as members of the legislative assembly, and that the deposit of two hundred dollars by or on behalf of the candidates now required by law be abolished."

The Hon. Mr. Wilson to move, upon consideration of the report on a bill (No. 25) entitled "an act relating to the transfer of land, and to provide for the registration of titles to land," the following amendments:

To strike out section 30, as it now reads, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"30. No instrument, purporting to create a charge on land, executed by any person who is entitled to be registered as the owner of the fee, shall be registered in the charge book, unless the person purporting to create the same shall be first registered as the owner of the fee."

To amend section 83 by inserting after the word "applicant" in line 5 the words "his solicitor or agent."

To insert after the word "may," in line 6, section 83, the words "by himself or his solicitor."

Mr. Garden to move, in committee of the whole, on a bill (No. 61) entitled "an act to amend the 'Vancouver incorporation act, 1900,'" that section 46 be amended by adding thereto the following sub-section:

"(6.) Every building set apart and in use for the public worship of God."

Ian Hamilton and the Japs

Subjects of the Mikado Angered By English General's Criticism.

Britain's Representative in War Has Made Statements That Caused Trouble.

London, Feb. 22.—We learn, says the London Express, that grave difficulties have arisen owing to the publication of Lieut.-Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton's reminiscences of the Russo-Japanese war.

Several of Gen. Hamilton's statements have caused great offence in Japan, and the matter was brought to the notice of the King on the occasion of the departure of the mission to invest the Mikado with the Garter.

It was felt that the publication of the book—written as it was by Great Britain's chief military attache at the war—might be taken as an official publication, and might consequently chill the welcome which the mission otherwise has a right to expect of the Japanese government.

Briefly, the situation is as follows: Sir Ian Hamilton went to the war in the Far East as Great Britain's representative and as Japan's guest. In publishing his "Staff Officer's Scrap Book," which is a criticism of the Japanese methods, it is held that he has at least violated Japan's hospitality, if he has not strained the "miltary" or "official secrets" law.

It is felt, in short, that the gallant general's literary efforts should have been confined to the official report, thus avoiding hurting the susceptibilities of the Japanese government and people.

In his book Sir Ian Hamilton devotes many pages of praise to the Japanese, but he does not hesitate to say what he thinks of them or their methods. Here are a few extracts picked out at random:

"Nothing makes Europeans, and perhaps especially Americans, more mad than to feel they

Have Been Cleverly Played Upon

Personally I have never much minded when my requests for particulars have been responded to by generalities, genialities and banalities, for I have found some of those red herrings to have an excellent savor." (This refers to the censorship.)

Million Dollar Fire at 'Frisco

(Continued from Page One.)

life-saving equipment

The C. P. R. Mission Hold-up

Bellingham, Feb. 22—(Special)—It is reported Jake Terry has gone to Montreal to confer with Canadian Pacific officials about the return of $750,000 worth of securities claimed to have been stolen in the hold-up of the Canadian Pacific coast train near Mission, B.C., two years ago.

Smelter for Bellingham

At the present time there is little doubt that the huge smelter of the Copper-Lead Smelting Company will be erected near Bellingham. B. Campbell, fourth vice-president of the Great Northern Railway company, accompanied by a number of other officials, arrived this afternoon and is holding a conference with C. X. Larrabee, owner of the other half interest in the property which was selected as a site for the refinery several days ago. "The Great Northern is willing to do anything in its power to bring the smelter to the city," said Mr. Campbell.

BEFORE AND AFTER.

The Christian.

The sea looked threatening, and the clouds were dark, so dark that a delicate Christian lady who had arranged to cross the water was urged by friends to postpone her travels. But, for some reason, she felt constrained to keep her appointment, and the assurance that she was in the path of obedience to God's will dispelled all fear. She knew Him who holds the waters in the hollow of His hand, and was not afraid to follow where, as she believed, He plainly led.

But the cabin was close, and on deck the noisy mirth of a godless company was still more trying, so the night wore wearily away. Suddenly the captain's voice announced that he feared a storm and was doubtful if the vessel could stand against one as severe as threatened to surround them. What a change came over the scene! A theatrical company was on board, and hilarious mirth had marked every word and gesture; but now each face looked worried and anxious, fearing danger.

Fear was changed to absolute terror when the captain appeared a second time, telling his passengers that there was no hope; the vessel could not possibly withstand the strain, as he believed. "Only half an hour more of this sea, and she will sink," he announced hoarsely.

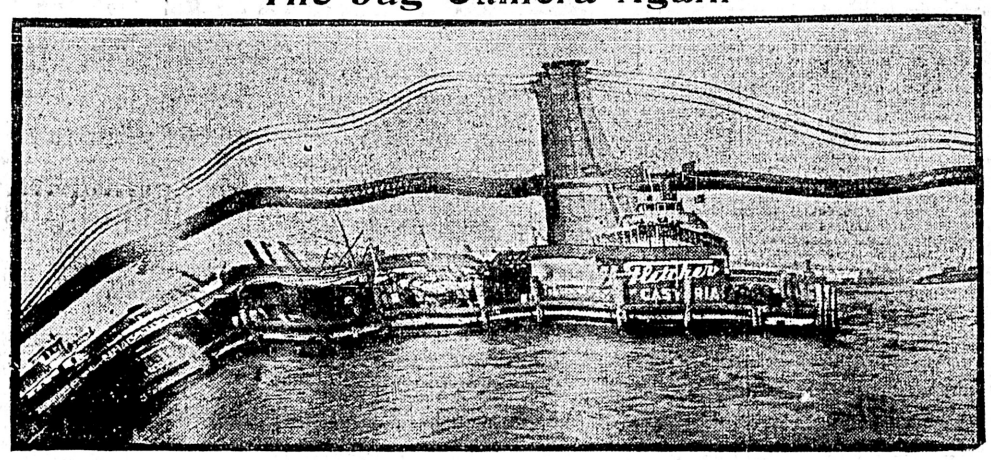
Cries of despair nearly drowned his words, and the blanched faces peering out into the black night were a sight never to be forgotten. They were a party of pleasure-seekers, and the world for which they lived seemed to be passing from them. They were going, as it seemed, to a world of which they knew nothing, and to which they had given no thought.

And as the storm beat on there was but one on board whose face showed no terror and whose heart was at rest. Too weak to speak to her frightened companions, she could speak to her Lord for them; and even whilst she realized for herself that half an hour might bring her into the immediate presence of the Lord she loved, yet still for these hopeless ones she pleaded; and she knew the voice of Him who, once again, in mercy said to the waves: "Peace, be still."

After the Storm.

The scene was changed. We left the little company in fears and tears—all but one lowly Christian who silently pleaded for them. Everything was thrown into the wildest confusion; things were tossed about, and my friend realized that it was only the almighty power of a loving hand which prevented her from being herself violently thrown from her berth, when, unexpectedly, there came a sudden lull. The captain appeared once more, this time to say the danger was past.

The Jag Camera Again



Cameras of the present day are made to take excellent pictures of present events, but what marvel of photographic achievement exists which scorns Father Time and is able to reproduce happenings of the future? None, one would say, but there all would be wrong. There is just one camera which can be made to perform this seemingly impossible feat — the "jag camera."

Above is an example of its wonderful possibilities—the Brooklyn Bridge in the year 19—. The owner of the camera has by the same mysterious means which influences the working of the camera been able to secure a vivid description of the terrible catastrophe which may cause the Brooklyn bridge to collapse, as shown in the photograph above.

Here it is:

For years and yehrs the crush on the Brooklyn bridge during the rush hours morning and night has been increasing. As far back as 1903, men had been scheming how to prevent such immense crowds and heavily loaded trains from passing over the structure, but the best laid plans went all for naught.

At last, on the evening of ——, 19—, the most appalling accident of modern times resulted. While thousands walked or rode on the structure, their minds filled with thoughts of home and of waiting dinners, there came a sudden groan as from a giant in great distress. A quiver went through the immense steel span and the great towers tottered.

Then, as if an earthquake had shaken its very foundations, the whole work of steel and stone bent in a dozen places; the four enormous cables parted with reports as if from cannon, and trains crowded with passengers were piled up in heaps. Hundreds leaped frantically into the river, while others were crushed by the collapse of the two towers.

CHILDREN'S DAY

.....AT.....

PATERSON'S

BARGAINS

For Friday's and Saturday's Selling

Boys' School Boots, sizes 1 to 5	$1.45
Boys' School Boots, sizes 11 to 13	1.25
Girls' School Boots, sizes 11 to 2	1.35
Girls' School Boots, sizes 8 to 10	1.10

The Paterson Shoe Co.

TWO STORES

The City Shoe Store — 70 Government Street

The Shoe Emporium — 132 Government Street

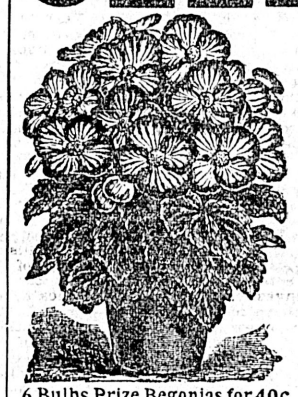
VICTORIA

And 301 Hastings Street, Vancouver

P.808

SEEDS 12 PACKETS 25c.

GUARANTEED FULL SIZE PACKAGES.
BY MAIL POSTPAID.
MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY.



12 SUPERB VEGETABLES FOR 25 CENTS.—Beets, Carrots, Onions, Lettuce, Cucumbers, Radishes, Parsnips, Cabbage, Celery, Tomatoes, Musk Melons and Water Melons. Regular Price 75c., for ..... .25

12 ATTRACTIVE FLOWERS FOR 25 CENTS.—Asters, Phlox, Sweet Mignonette, Pansy, Double Pinks, Sweet Alyssum, Poppy, Petunia, Nasturtium, Sweet Peas, Balsam, and Morning Glory. Regular 70c., for ..... .25

12 LEADING VEGETABLES AND FLOWERS FOR 25 CENTS.—Onion, Cucumber, Beet, Lettuce, Carrot and Radish; Asters, Sweet Mignonette, Pansy, Petunia, Sweet Peas, and Wild Garden. Regular 65c., for ..... .25

BULBS FOR 50 CENTS.

Should the weather be cold, do not be impatient if the Bulbs and Plants are not forwarded immediately; we assume all risk and guarantee everything to reach you in good condition.

30 GRAND SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS FOR 50 CENTS.—1 New Yellow Calla Lily, 1 Prize Tuberous Begonia, 1 Giant Gloxina, 1 Beautiful Spotted Calla, 6 Giant Summer Hyacinths, 6 Superb Childsi Gladioli, 7 Rare Montbretias, and 7 Pretty Oxalis. Regular $1.40 for ..... .50

6 BEAUTIFUL DAHLIAS FOR 50 CENTS.—Six Grand Dahlias (field-grown roots), no two alike. Regular Price $1.08 for ..... .50

8 RARE PLANTS FOR 50 CENTS.—1 New Ever-Blooming Tea Rose, 1 Profuse Blooming Fuchsia, 1 Weeping Lantana, 1 Asparagus Sprengeri Fern, 1 New Ageratum, 1 Beautiful Geranium, 1 Giant Chrysanthemum, and 1 Sweet Carnation. Regular $1.15, for ..... .50

6 Bulbs Prize Begonias for 40c

WE SEND FREE If your order amounts to $1.00 or over, NOVELTY PACKAGE OF TRIAL SEEDS. Ask your friends to order with you. Remit Cash with Order.

WM. RENNIE CO., LTD., Dept. C., VANCOUVER, B. C.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is more than a fat food. There is no animal fat that compares with it in nourishing and building up the wasted, emaciated body. That is why children and anæmic girls thrive and grow fat upon it. That is why persons with consumptive tendencies gain flesh and strength enough to check the progress of the disease.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

GAZETTE NOTICES.

In yesterday's issue of the British Columbia Gazette notification is given of the following appointments:

Robert Carew Armstrong of Lower Similkameen, and Frank Richter of Keremeos, to be justices of the peace.

Morton D. McEwen of Hedley to be a coroner.

Ormond Towers Smithe of Somenos, to be a commissioner for taking affidavits in the Supreme court for the purpose of acting under the Provincial Elections Act in the Cowichan electoral district. Such appointment will expire on December 31, 1906.

C. J. Campbell, alderman, and William Nicholas, to be members of the board of licensing commissioners for the city of Ladysmith.

C. J. Campbell, alderman, and William Nicholas, to be members of the board of commissioners of police for the city of Ladysmith.

D. R. McDonald and Frederick Harwood, to be members of the board of licensing commissioners for the city of Cumberland.

Thomas Whyte and John J. Wler, to be members of the board of commissioners of police for the city of Cumberland.

Notice is given that South Saanich has been created a municipality, and certificates of incorporation have been granted to the following companies: The Burrard Power Co., Ltd.; the Kootenay Shingle Co., Ltd.; the North Canada Fir & Transportation Co., Ltd.; the United Western Property Co., Ltd., and the Vancouver Stock Exchange, Ltd.

"There are not many commanders who have resolution enough at the end of a terribly anxious night and morning to reject a score of plausible arguments for leaving well alone. I have heard Lord Kitchener remark under similar circumstances: 'Your reasons for not doing what you were told to do are the best I ever heard. Now go and do it.'

"Kuroki, however, determined that, as the main position had been carried it was not desirable that further heavy sacrifices should be imposed on the troops by a direct attack on the rear guard and he authorized Major-General Nishin to stand by and do nothing, pending further orders. It was a pity, no doubt, but it is a very exceptional man who is able to detach his mind from the terribly impressive 'now' of a hard-fought field into the 'then' of the far future. Yet this is necessary to a full comprehension that what may seem heavy further sacrifices at such a moment may be literally trifling to the ultimate sacrifices which may have to be paid for an incomplete victory—for a thrust only half driven home."

"The fact that the Twelfth were able to move on is proof that the Guards and the Second could have done so also, and disposes of the official theory that they were too exhausted."

"On April 25 the Japanese stood, and knew they stood, in overwhelming force, only separated by two rivers, from their enemy. Nothing, however, would induce them to make the plunge until they had completed their most minute preparations. Let the Germans admire this if they will; it is not the principle by which Marlborough, Napoleon or Lee won their reputations. On the day they meet a first-class general this passion for making all things absolutely safe may be the ruin of our careful little friends."

TROUBLE IN AFRICA.

Lagos, British West Africa, Feb. 22.—A force of religious fanatics is reported to have invaded and overrun a portion of Sokoto from the north, to have destroyed a French post near the frontier, killing five French officers and capturing two, and to have overwhelmed a British detachment, whose casualties are not given.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE.

Mr. Knox's Bill Introduced and Read in United States Senate.

Washington, Feb. 22.—Senator Knox today introduced his interstate commerce bill. It broadens the house bill and contains a provision for review by the courts of the orders of the interstate commerce commission.

The bill provides that all acts of congress and the provisions of this bill relating to interstate commerce "shall extend to all common carriers engaged in commerce to which the regulative power of congress extends under the constitution of the United States."

It provides that all charges of whatever nature shall be just and reasonable. When a rate is unreasonable the commission shall order it reduced, and when reduced such rate will be observed by the carrier and when the commission shall order a practice to be changed.

Its Order Shall Be Observed. . . . . by the carrier. The review provision declares that the orders of the commission except orders for the payment of money shall take effect as soon as the commission orders and continue so long as it orders, not exceeding two years, unless sooner set aside by the commission or suspended or set aside by order of a courtr. But any carrier affected may institute proceedings against the complaint and the interstate commerce commission in the circuit court of the United States to prevent the question of a violation of its rights being determined.

Messrs. Leeming have purchased the interests of Mr. Fell in the steam freighter Oscar.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder dusted in the bath, softens the water and disinfects. 38

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,
Victoria, February 22—8 p. m.

SYNOPSIS.

The barometer is rising along the coast, accompanied by moderate winds and more settled weather. Showers have been general west of the Cascades, and snow is falling in Cariboo. A pronounced cold wave has again appeared in the Yukon district; it is likely to spread to the prairie provinces, where the temperature already has fallen a little.

TEMPERATURE.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	40	51
Vancouver	40	45
New Westminster	40	44
Kamloops	34	44
Barkerville	20	32
Port Simpson	32	40
Atlin	2	12
Dawson, Y. T.	38	26
Calgary, Alta.	20	46
Winnipeg, Man.	22	32
Portland, Ore.	44	52
San Francisco, Cal.	48	56

FORECASTS

For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacific time) Friday—

Victoria and vicinity: Light or moderate winds; partly cloudy, and cold at night.

Lower Mainland: Light or moderate winds; mostly cloudy, with showers; colder at night.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22.

	Deg.		Deg.
5 a.m.	40	Mean	45
Noon	47	Highest	51
5 p.m.	49	Lowest	40

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m. ..... 4 miles south.
Noon ..... 8 miles south.
5 p.m. ..... 8 miles southwest.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Rain—.06 inch.
Sunshine—2 hours 42 minutes.
Barometer at noon—Observed 29.830
Corrected 29.817

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p. m.—Corrected 29.86

Sealing schooner Eva Marie, Capt. Jacobsen, has left for Barkley Sound to ship an Indian crew.

ASTONISHED THE DOCTOR.

Mrs. Eaton Recovering Although Her Physician Said She Might Drop Dead at Any Time.

Mrs. Robt. Eaton.

"The doctor told me I had heart disease and was liable to drop on the street at any time," says Mrs. Robert Eaton of Dufferin, Ont.

"My trouble began four years ago with a weak heart. I was often afraid to draw my breath, it pained me so. I was bothered with nervousness, shortness of breath, dizziness, loss of appetite, smothering and sinking spells, and I could not sleep.

"Sometimes a great weakness would seize me and I would have to lie down to keep from falling. My hands and feet would seem to go to sleep and a sort of numbness would come all over me, and perhaps immediately after the blood would rush to my head and a series of hot flashes would envelop me.

"I took all kinds of medicines, but kept gradually growing worse until about eight weeks ago, when I began using Dr. Leonhardt's Anti-Pill. From the start I improved, until now my appetite has returned, I can sleep well and have no nervousness, dizziness, palpitation, faintness or any of my other troubles. They have all entirely disappeared. I feel much stronger, look better, and altogether Anti-Pill has made a new woman of me.

"I am entirely cured and cannot say too much for this wonderful remedy. I would most heartily recommend Anti-Pill to anyone suffering as I did."

All druggists or the Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont. 505

CARBONS

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 4 p. m., on Monday, March 12 next, for the following Carbons, viz.:

5,000—½-inch x 12-inch solid.
5,000—½-inch x 12-inch cored.
35,000—⅝-inch x 12-inch copper-coated.
35,000—7-16-inch x 12-inch copper-coated.
10,000—7-16-inch x 8-inch copper-coated.

Prices quoted must include delivery at the city's electric lighting station, Telegraph Street, and must be properly signed, sealed and addressed to the undersigned (from whom also specifications may be obtained), and endorsed "Tender for Carbons."

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Purchasing Agent for the Corporation of the City of Victoria.
City Hall, Victoria, B. C., February 17, 1906. f18

Victoria THEATRE — R. R. RICKETTS, LESSEE & MANAGER

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 26

Henry W. Savage offers his Greatest Musical Success

WOODLAND

By the Authors of The Prince of Pilsen.

WITH HARRY BULGER

And a Big Cast. Exquisitely Costumed. Beauty Chorus.

Prices: $1.50, $1.00, 75c., 50c., 25c. Box Office opens 10 a. m. Friday, 23rd Feb. Mail orders will receive their usual attention, accompanied by check, etc.

Victoria THEATRE — R. R. RICKETTS, LESSEE & MANAGER

SATURDAY, FEB. 24

The Distinguished Actor, MR. CHARLES B. HANFORD, Accompanied by Miss Marie Drofnah, in an Elaborate Presentation of Shakespeare's Merry Play—

THE TAMING OF THE SHREW

Preceded By

"THE OLD GUARD"

Prices: $1.50, $1.00, 75c., 50c. and 25c.

WATSON'S THEATRE

81—'Phone—81

EVERY NIGHT

LANSING ROWAN,
HARRY FAHRNEY
and the
PRINGLE COMPANY

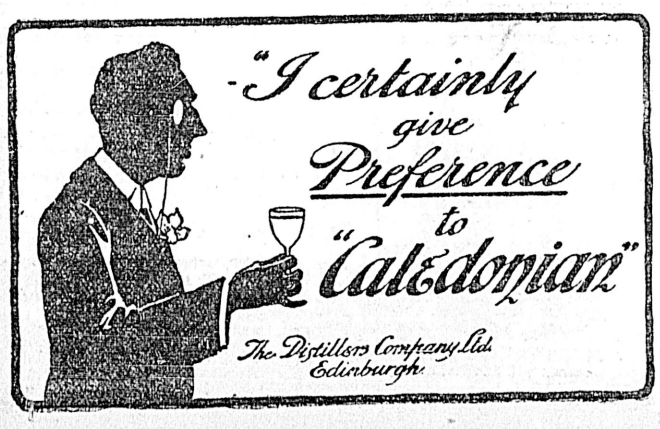
Thursday, Friday and Saturday Nights, and Saturday Matinee

"FEDORA"

Admission ..... 10c., 15c. and 25c.
Starting Monday: "The Diamond Robbery"

GRAND

Daily Matinees, 3 p. m.
Daily, 7:30 to 10:30
Entire lower floor 25c, balcony 15c
Matinees 15c all over.
ROBT. JAMIESON .... Manager
Week of February 19.
TED E. BOX
THE MARTELLS
THE ROBERTS FOUR
MORGAN & CHESTER
MISS ALICE WILDERMERE
NEW MOVING PICTURES
Go where the crowds go.
50 JOHNSON STREET.



Always Remember the Full Name Laxative Bromo Quinine — Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days — E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

The Colonist.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1906.

The Colonist Pringting & Publishing Company, Limited Liability
27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.
A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director.

TO ADVERTISERS—Copy of changes of advertisements intended for next day's insertion must be sent in not later than 6 p.m. each day. Advertisements (other than classified) for insertion in Sunday's issue must be in hand not later than Friday night.

THE CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATE.

At a largely attended meeting last evening in the A. O. U. W. hall, Mr. J. L. Beckwith, a well known resident of the city, of Victoria, was tendered the nomination of the Conservative party in opposition to Hon. Wm. Templeman, and accepted. The fight, is, therefore, now fairly on.

Regarding Mr. Beckwith there is little necessary to be said by way of introduction to our readers. He has been prominent for some time in municipal affairs and served as alderman for several years, representing North ward. He is a successful business man, with a clean record, and has been a steadfast supporter of Liberal-Conservative principles. At the last general election Mr. Beckwith was one of the nominees of the party in Victoria city, and loyally supported the candidate chosen to carry the Conservative banner. He is made of good fighting material, and is a candidate in the present contest, whom the Conservatives and all good citizens can support with a right good will.

FIGHTING CHANCE.

The Liberal-Conservatives are entering into the fight without any illusion as to the nature of the task before and the forces that are opposed to them.

Hon. Wm. Templeman, as plain Mr. Templeman, would today be a weaker man in the field than he was when he went down to defeat in 1896. At that time he had no political sins to answer for, and was not carrying the burden of an administration's record. He had, moreover, the sympathy of men who were helping him in a hard up-hill fight.

Mr. Templeman, as Mr. Templeman, is not a popular man. Nobody realizes that better than Mr. Templeman himself. His senatorial career or his occupancy of a seat in the cabinet have not added any laurels to his political brow. His sole recommendation for the office of cabinet minister with a portfolio attachment is that he is a Liberal who has always stayed with his party through good and evil. At the present moment the Conservatives of Victoria are realizing for themselves how to appraise a man who takes a side and supports it in adversity as well as in prosperity.

Beyond being a Liberal of the orthodox type, therefore, Mr. Templeman neither in calibre nor deeds belongs to the cabinet rank. He is the product of a peculiar set of circumstances. He is not really an accident of circumstances, because he helped to create the circumstances; but he is next door to a political accident. He has for some time been the football of politics and has barely reached the goal.

But Mr. Templeman has the prestige of a cabinet position behind him, has unlimited financial resources and he can bring into play those subtle political influences, which count for so much in a constituency like Victoria during a bye-election. Mr. Templeman will have to assist him every man seeking a government job, those who are influenced by the dollar or two which may come their way during an election campaign, those who want to shout for the winning side, and those who are seeking government favors, concessions, contracts or other blessings which fall with the political manna from Heaven. These, in addition to the regular contingent of Liberal supporters, will "swarm" in his committee rooms and furnish acclaim at his meetings.

The Liberal-Conservatives will fight without any of the adventitious aids which come from the party in power. They have no promises to make of favors to come from Ottawa. They have no campaign fund in the East to draw from. They have no money to spend in corrupting voters. They will have money sufficient to pay all legitimate expenses and pay all honest debts incurred during the election but it is being subscribed by the men who are making the fight, who have faith in the principles they advocate and who are neither afraid nor ashamed of meeting defeat if it should be their lot. They are trusting to the free and honest expression of the electorate, men sick of machine rule, who seek justice for this province, and who want more honesty and less graft in politics. They know that if all the elements which are at heart opposed to Laurierism and the dictation of the local Tammany board of federal politicians will record their true convictions at the polls Mr. Templeman will be defeated.

The parading of the names of Conservatives, who are supporting the Liberal candidate in this election, will not alter the result—rather will emphasize it—if the electors are at all true to their better instincts and will not permit themselves to be blinded by the glamor of a portfolio, which in itself means to this city little more than a salary for the minister, who heretofore had to be content without one, and a continuation in an aggravated form of the conditions against which a large element of the party is in open revolt. Mr. Templeman has been depending upon the support of the Conservatives, which he was foolishly led to believe he had in his pocket before he left Ottawa, for his election rather than upon the Liberals. His hope now depends upon his being able to whip them into line by threats, by luring promises, or by a fervent appeal to them to save the "party."

The party as at present constituted and governed is not worth saving. The interests of the province and the Liberal party would be best served by sending a member of the opposition to Ottawa, where the government is embarrassed by numbers. The defeat of a cabinet minister would awaken the government to a sense of the danger in which it stands, and arouse it from a sleep of financial security. Yukon was blessed not cursed by the defeat of the government candidate there. The members of the government realized for the first time that an enemy far worse than political opposition was gnawing at the vitals of the administration—graft in its most virulent form. Defeat saved the Yukon from this enemy for the time being. There is not a public man in the province of British Columbia but knows that this province is being unjustly treated and has always been unjustly treated—not intentionally perhaps, but from a lack of knowledge of conditions here—and yet we send men back to Ottawa from time to time in support of an administration for the present responsible for that state of affairs. Do we hope to convince the people of the East that we are not satisfied if we continue to lick the hand that smites us? Do we hope to quench a flame by feeding it with fuel? Do we get justice in court by feeing the opposite side or by fighting it?

WITH WHAT MEASURE, ETC.

The organ of Hon. Wm. Templeman quotes the opinions of a number of Conservatives as to the unwisdom of the party bringing out a candidate in opposition to the minister of inland revenue. It professes to be very much aggrieved as a consequence of the decision arrived at, as being opposed to the "welfare of the country" and the interests of Victoria city.

If there is any advantage to the province and the city in having a cabinet minister with a portfolio to represent us, that principle should have held good in 1895 as well as in the year of our Lord 1906. When Col. Prior came to the electors of Victoria in precisely the same positcin as Mr. Templeman finds himself today, the latter took an entirely different view of what were the responsibilities and duties of leading citizens.

Speaking at a meeting at Victoria theatre on Thursday evening, December 26th, of the former year—as reported in the Daily Times—he said:

"Continuing Mr. Templeman remarked that this was a party fight for party principles. He cared not whether Col. Prior was a full-fledged cabinet minister or only a half-fledged cabinet minister. He should be opposed by the people of this city on account of the general policy of the government he represents. * * * This election gives the people an opportunity to say whether or not they approve of that policy."

Do we understand Mr. Templeman to hold that a different code of political ethics for the Conservatives should apply now than was put into effect by the Liberals in 1895? Has Mr. Templeman's moral vision been clarified since his association with the "practical politicians" at Ottawa or has his moral sensibilities become dulled by such contact? Was he right then or is he right now?

Has Mr. Templeman forgotten that he himself ran in opposition to Col. Prior, or that his services on that occasion constituted his chief claim to cabinet preferment over other members of the "solid seven"?

THE LAND OF FAIR PROMISES.

Once more in the whirligig of time the time has arrived when we shall have a plethora of promises.

Prior to the last general election the Hon. Raymond Prefontaine, minister of marine and fisheries, arrived in the city of Victoria, and from the time he came until the time he left he made promises. It might seem to reflect upon the memory of a man who who has paid the debt to nature to enquire whether these promises have been kept.

In justice to the dead we must shift the responsibility to the living. The deceased was a member of a government, of which the present minister of inland revenue was also a part. There can be no division of responsibility in respect to a government, and as being in particular the representative of the province the responsibility particularly rests with him. The late minister of marine and fisheries expressed himself ashamed of the inadequacy of the aids to navigation on this coast. He promised that all should be made right. As the Colonist remarked at the time he was the most promising politician that ever visited these parts.

Where are the aids to navigation today? Does not the letter book of the local agent of marine and fisheries disclose the fact that everything the special committee of the Victoria Board of Trade recommended for the protection of the West Coast, with two exceptions, had been recommended over and over again for years to the department?

Is it not true that the people on the Valencia perished because there were no appliances for life-saving as had been recommended, notwithstanding that there was $10,000 a year provided for the saving of hulls. Mr. Templeman acknowledges that he was under the impression that the Salvor, when the notorious deal was entered into, was to carry life-saving apparatus. Did he see the specifications? Or did he take sufficient interest in the contract to read it over? Or did he simply take Mr. Harry Bullen's word for it that it was all right? Will the lifeboat hurried along from the East save the political situation after so much fatal neglect?

Then we were promised, by at least two cabinet ministers and the several representative of the province in the House of Commons, that the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway was to have been begun and built in this province simultaneously with commencement and construction in the Northwest. The promises were reinforced by the solemn assurance of the head of the Grand Trunk Pacific itself. Where is that railway today? Has a sod been turned or a contract been let or even the location survey of a single mile been made in British Columbia. Is it not true that we have it on the highest authority possible that the line will be completed to Edmonton this fall in time to move the season's crop over a route without gaps between Edmonton and Lake Superior?

Is it not true that today there is no intention of moving an inch in the direction of the British Columbia construction in this province for several years to come? Is it not true that the Grand Trunk Pacific intend to complete their line to the Northwest and construct a system of branch lines there, to cover profitable territory in competition with the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Canadian Northern, before proceeding to build in British Columbia at all?

Is it not true that the Grand Trunk Pacific intend to build from the East west to the coast in pursuit of the policy of revenge announced by Mr. Morse when he failed to get a land bonus of 15,000 acres a mile from the provincial government? Has there been a fulfilment of the promises made prior to last election by reason of which seven members were returned to represent the Liberal interests at Ottawa?

Can Mr. Templeman get a definite statement from Mr. Hays or Mr. Morse which will enable him to answer that foregoing questions in a way satisfactory to the people of Victoria? Or can Mr. Templeman furnish any assurance that any promises which may be made in this connection will be carried out?

Do the business men of Victoria regard the Grand Trunk Pacific as a business proposition for Victoria? Do they endorse the breach of faith with the province that was committed when the promises to which we have referred were made and were as deliberately broken? Is there not a line to be drawn somewhere in the matter of public policy? Is a portfolio to cover all the political sins in the calendar?

Spray Your Trees Now

The BEST imported ENGLISH BLUESTONE and Agricultural Sulphur gives the best results, and you want good results every time. THE PRICE IS RIGHT. Try

SHOTBOLT'S PIONEER DRUG STORE 59 Johnson St., near Corner of Government

THOMAS D'ARCY McGEE.

Ottawa Journal.

Public gratitude is due Dr. J. K. Foran of Ottawa for the admirable address he delivered before the Empire Club on Thursday, when he recalled attention to a career which will stand high in the history of Canada at the cradle-time of our confederation. Thomas D'Arcy McGee, as an empire builder, is a new phase, but the quotations which Dr. Foran gave showed that the Irish patriot-statesman was possessed of a remarkable insight and prophetic vision, which have been greatly borne out by recent events.

Irish Influences.

In the course of his address Dr. Foran said: "The principles imbibed by Davis, Dillio, O'Brien, Duffy, and their associates, animated Thomas D'Arcy McGee, both in Ireland and in Canada, and the grand aim of solidifying the British Empire by transforming Ireland—from a mill-stone around its neck, to a keystone in its arch of greatness—permeated the lives of these men. McGee was no exception; he was of the same school, and, with gifts far more numerous and more brilliant than his contemporaries, he never found play for his talents, nor opportunity for his aims, nor a shrine wherein to set up his ideal, until he came to Canada. Once here, all his deep study of the British constitution in theory, became illumined by contact with that constitution in practice, and at once he bent all his energies in the direction of raising Canada to her rightful position, and making her the polished buckle in the belt of empire engirdling the world.

A Prophetic Lecture.

It was in 1863, just at the outbreak of the American conflict, that McGee delivered—here in Toronto—a remarkable lecture on "The Future of Canada." His own words will illustrate better than could any language of mine the character of his aspirations and the magnificent plans for the upbuilding of the empire, through the medium of this grand colony, that he had conceived. And I may add that he never lost sight of his Irish hopes and aims; for he believed that the example of Canada's prosperity and happiness, under the full and unrestricted freedom afforded by the constitution, would become a most powerful factor — an irresistible one—in the advocacy of like liberty and like autonomy for the land of his birth.

On that occasion Mr. McGee said: "It may be said that it is rather strange for an Irishman who spent his youth in resisting that government in his native country, to be found among the admirers of British constitutional government in Canada. To that, this is my reply—If in my day Ireland had been governed as Canada is governed, I would have been as sound a constitutional conservative as is to be found in that land. But, although I was born and bred in the best school to see the merits of the British constitutional system, I trust I am not going to quarrel with the sun and the elements because of late it has rained 200 out of 365 days on the particular spot of earth on which I was born. I take the British constitutional system as the great original system upon which are founded the institutions of all free States. * * * I take it as combining in itself permanently and liberty—liberty in its best form, not in theory alone, but in practice—liberty which is enjoyed in practice by the people of Canada of every origin and creed. * * *

"In this country there are no ancient ruins, no time-honored relics of antiquity—mementoes, and grand indications of the past—to influence the minds of the people, give tone to their morals and manners, and remind them that they have something to preserve—here, therefore, do we need an older, time-defying, a liberty-imparting constitution, that has been in process of preparation for us through all the changes and improvements of the centuries that are gone."

Duffy's Tribute.

Sir Charles Gavan Duffy, in his "Young Ireland—1840 to 1850," says of McGee: "In Canada he became the leader of the Irish immigrants, a great parliamentary orator, and one of the founders of the new Dominion. As the Minister of a free State he developed unexpected powers, and we universally recognized as a gifted and original statesman. Success did not wean him from his early labors. While he was a Canadian politician he produced a careful and systematic history of Ireland, and constantly wrote verses as racy of the Irish soil, as while he was a contributor to The Nation.

"His resistance to a Fenian invasion of a country where Irishmen were generally received and fairly treated, was not an offence, but a merit. There was no leading member of the party, from Davis to Meagher, who would not have done the same. * * * No man ever had distinguished services more grudgingly admitted. He had gifts which placed him on a level with the best of his associates, and for years he applied them exclusively to the service of Ireland. As a poet he was not second to Davis, as an orator he possessed powers rarer and higher than Meagher's — persuasion, imagination, humor, and spontaneity.'

JOHN FOSTER FRASER.

London Express.

Mr. Morley has become Secretary for India, the land of many strange gods. He has never trodden the rose-strewn pavements of the Golden Temple at Amritsar; never heard the cry of the muezzin at the Jumna Musjid at Delhi; never witnessed the weird rites or smelt the pungent odors in the narrow crowded ways of Benares on the banks of the sacred Ganges. He has never climbed upon the shoulder of the sleeping Buddha near Pegu in swampy Burma. I doubt if he knows Sanskrit, though he may have read the Veda in translation.

Yet we smile in England that a Chinese should be appointed the chief of telegraphs in the Celestial Empire because he can read Confuchus sideways.

It is hard to exactly locate Mr. Morley in the political firmament. He is a star of varying brilliance. A writer of terse, rather than brilliant English, he is comparatively ineffective as a platform orator and as a parliamentary debater his efforts are apt to miss fire. A couple of sessions ago he was chosen spokesman of the front opposition bench to hurl an indictment at the then government for its "mess and muddle" in the South African war. No statesman ever had a more crowded, thrilled and expectant house. The speech, however, was a failure. Everybody, political friend as well as political foe, writhed and grieved at the oratorical catastrophe. He did not speak again in the house for many months.

Mr. Morley is another evidence that the man with a literary soul finds it hard to succeed in political life. John Stuart Mill was a failure; so was Macaulay, so was Lecky. As editor of the old Pall Mall Gazette, Mr. Morley had a trenchant pen. As a writer in historical study he has a clear occasionally a tense, and sometimes a crisp diction. Perhaps in literary reputation he will be best known as the biographer of his old friend and chief, Mr. Gladstone.

He is an agnostic in patriotism. He would resent the suggestion he did not care for his country. But there is a side of his intellect which impels him, unwittingly, unconciously, and quite honestly, often to take up his stand on the side of a question antagonistic to that on which the majority of his countrymen are ranged. This is not because of combativeness, for Mr. Morley is a peaceable and a reasonable man. It is because he "is made that way." The greatness of the British Empire he apparently regards as a source of possible weakness rather than strength.

He was a home ruler long before the exigencies of the political situation revealed to the late Mr. Gladstone the Irish were a nation "rightly struggling to be free." During the last ten years, when the liberal party has blown hot, blown cold, in regard to giving Ireland a separate parliament in Dublin—hoping they need not, but afraid that they must—he has been steadfast in his belief that the only way to bring happiness to dark Rosaleen is to allow the Irish politically to "gang their ain gait."

Mr. Morley sees no advantage in the mere size of the Empire. In regard to India, his sympathies are all towards autonomy, self-government, rather than toward a benevolent despotism, under which India has been peaceful and prospered and become "the fairest jewel in Britain's crown." Yet as secretary for India, Mr. Morley wields a rod of despotism greater than has ever been wielded by any Czar.

The quality which wins Mr. Morley the personal esteem of his opponents, however much they disagree with his politics, is his honesty. "Honest John" is a name applied to him, not in compliment, but in truth. He does not trim. However unpalatable his views may be to the mass, he declares them boldly, no matter who disagrees. And to the honor of our political life that is a type of character which appeals to all men. Accordingly there are few statesmen more personally popular than is John Morley.

Among the six hundred and seventy members of the house of commons there are no two more dissimilar in temperament, in ideals, in appreciation of the roles of government than Mr. Balfour and Mr. Morley. Yet no two men have a higher regard for the opinions of each other. They may fight each other fiercely across the table of the house, but never in their speeches is there a tinge of suspicion that the other is insincere. They have fought too long in the same arena not to know of what metal the other is made. If they have any sympathies in common it is the higher, rarer atmosphere of literature. So it is a pleasant sight in the house of commons—revealing how our parliament stands on a more lofty plane than any other parliament in the world, for men can be friends personally while they are foemen politically—to see Mr. Balfour and Mr. Morley meet behind the speaker's chair, after the hot clash of their polemical weapon and enjoy a few minutes of agreeable chat.

Mr. Morley is not a good speaker. His voice is rasping and metallic, and he hesitates in his speech as though he were fumbling for the exact word to explain his meaning. He argues with his opponents instead of banging them. He is more of a doctrinaire than a debater.

But in every line of his strong and seared features steadfastness of purpose is proclaimed. His countenance is intellectual. This is shown in the straight forehead, the deep, serious eyes, the long and thin lips. He is a man more equipped to sit in his study and in tuneful diction instruct mankind in the moral of history than take part in the hurly-burly of the political fray. However, honest and steady convictions have made him a chief of the liberal party.

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with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

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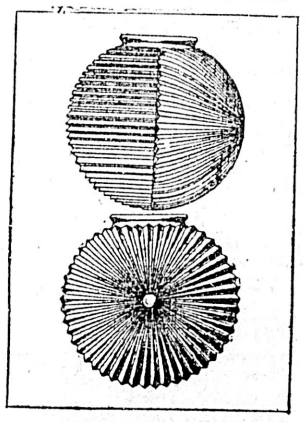
PRISMATIC REFLECTOR.

A Reflector and Shade Composed Entirely of Glass.

A New York inventor has taken the idea of the "daylight prism" as a basis and adapted it to an ordinary gas lamp shade, producing a reflector and a shade composed entirely of glass, and having a part which acts entirely as a reflector and an opposite part which acts as a shade for directing and softening the light. About one-half of the surface of the shade is



covered with reflecting prisms, constructed to direct back into the shade a large portion of the light rays which emanate within the reflector. The other side of the reflector is substantially a shade. It has on the outer surface a series of prisms which direct the light in any desirable direction and at the same time soften the light rays. On this side the interior surface of the shade is covered with diffusing ribs, which soften the rays of light before they reach the final directing prisms. These reflectors, or shades, are made of pressed glass and in a single piece.

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MELOTTE
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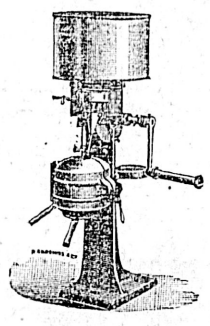
ADVANTAGES



The bowl of the MELOTTE is fitted with a new patented interior, which takes the form of spiral wings, strongly riveted and soldered together. This interior divides the milk into layers, and enables the largest possible quantity to be separated in the shortest time, with the greatest efficiency. It is exceedingly strong and durable, being made of tinned steel, and at the same time is extremely easy to clean and handle.

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Owing to the suspension of the bowl and spindle, and the admirable arrangement of the gearing, whereby the entire weight is thrown on the lower bearings, which all turn in oil, the "Melotte" takes less power to turn than any other Separator in the world.

So easy does the machine run that it has been found necessary to introduce a brake, which is now a feature of all "Melotte" Cream Separators, and of no others.

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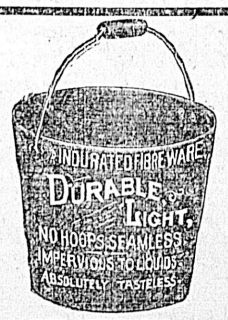

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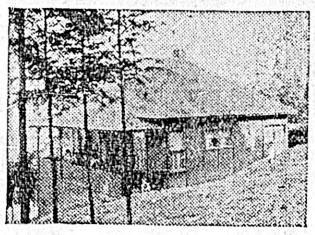

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Local News

Amherst school shoes have double tips.

Fruit Growers.—The meeting of the Victoria district fruit growers called for tomorrow will take place at the parliament buildings at 1 p. m., instead of in the evening, as previously announced.

Governor McInnes.—Hon. W. W. B. McInnes, governor of the Yukon territory, has left for Ottawa. Mrs. McInnes will not accompany her husband east. She expects to remain at the Dallas hotel for a lengthy visit.

A Business Note.—Wm. B. Hall, late of the grocery firm of Watson & Hall, on Yates street, has taken a lease of the vacant store in the Oddfellows' block, Douglas street, and will open the same as a grocery store about March 5th.

Sacred Cantata.—On Sunday next at evensong at Christ church cathedral the sacred cantata "Olivet to Calgary," by G. H. Maunder, which was so successfully rendered on two occasions last year, will be repeated. The choir, which numbers upwards of fifty voices will be assisted by Mrs. Moresby, E. H. Russell, Herbert Kent and H. Moxon.

Island Mining.—Mr. John Berryman went up the E. & N. line yesterday morning to examine some mining property for interested parties. Mr. Berryman reports having seen very favorable showings, which he says with further development will no doubt open out one of the largest mines on the island. He will at an early date make another examination of the same property and expects to find it more prosperous.

Work on Hotel.—Work on the C. P. R. hotel is progressing in a very satisfactory manner, a start having been made on the erection of the third storey. Contrary to general expectations the main entrance will not be on the side facing the water, but on the elevation fronting on the property known as the Douglas gardens, Belleville street. The portico is a beautiful piece of work in stone.

Has Been Postponed.—The Colonist has been requested to announce that the "tea and musicale" originally fixed to be held by the King's Daughters by the kind invitation of Mrs. Henry Croft at Mount Adelaide, Esquimalt road, on Tuesday, February 5th, is unavoidably postponed until Tuesday, March 6th, when all members and friends of the order are most cordially invited to be present.

Temperance Council.—This evening in the committee room of the W. C. T. U. hall, Yates street, a meeting of the United Temperance Council of Victoria will take place. Representatives of the various churches, Young People's societies and temperance lodges are requested to take notice of this announcement. The meeting will be a particularly important one and a full attendance of members is therefore requested.

An Enquiry.—The local police are in receipt of a letter from James Snow, of Pioneer, Ohio, inquiring as to the whereabouts of his brother, Henry C. Snow, who is supposed to be living in Victoria. He describes his brother as a man of 80 years of age. The city directory gives no such name as Henry C. Snow, and the police know nothing of the old gentleman.

Cadboro Bay.—It was reported yesterday that agents of the C. P. R. had purchased a considerable amount of property in the vicinity of Cadboro bay, presumably with the intention of arranging for a bathing beach at that point. Cadboro bay is one of the most beautiful and picturesque of the many inlets adjacent to Victoria. The beach is a splendid one, and one specially adapted for sea bathing purposes.

I. O. O. F. Social.—The social under the auspices of Columbia lodge, No. 2, I. O. O. F., proved a very successful affair, fully up to the standard of all such treats provided by the members of this lodge. The progressive 500 card party afforded much enjoyment and resulted in Frank Mahoney, of No. 4, carrying off the first prize, a pair of military hair brushes. The booby prize, an ebony hair brush, fell to Andrew Milligan, also a member of No. 4. Refreshments were served with Oddfellow hospitality and the pleasant information given that the evening of March 14 a similar social event will take place. Ladies will be invited to the March gathering.

Ill at Dawson.—Charles Holmes, of the Colonist staff of this city, has received word from Dawson of the serious illness of his brother, Captain W. E. Holmes, the letter conveying the tidings is dated the 5th inst., and reports that the captain had a stroke of paralysis and that his physicians despaired of his recovery. Capt. Holmes commanded the Florence from the time she was built for navy purposes until after she had been sold for use in the Alberni canal, not having resigned his position until the summer after the steamer had seen service on the west coast. In recent years he has been captain on the Yukon steamer La Valle Young, which is operated between Dawson and the Tanana country during navigation months.

Wedding at Duncans.—The marriage of Miss Beatrice Camilla Jaynes, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jaynes of Quamichan, to Mr. Athelstan Day took place Wednesday afternoon at St. Peter's church, Duncans. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. A. Leakey, M. A., assisted by the Rev. D. Dunlop. The bride wore a cream duchess satin dress and carried a bouquet of cream roses, the gift of the bridegroom. She was attended by Miss Fawcett of Victoria, and Miss Sutton of Duncans, who wore white dresses and carried bouquets of white and crimson carnations. Arthur Lane was best man. A reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, after which the young couple left on the evening train amid showers of rice and the good wishes of hosts of friends.

ARREST MADE FOR FOUL BAY ASSAULT

W. Hamilton Charged With Serious Offence—Happenings in Police Circles.

William Hamilton was arrested yesterday by Detective Sergeant Palmer and Detective Perdue charged with inecent assault. He was arrested on a warrant. Hamilton, who is employed in the Foul Bay district, is alleged to be the guilty person in the affair of last Saturday night in the Foul Bay district. While two young ladies, sisters, resident in that district were returning from the city, where they had been shopping, with some parcels in their arms, they were suddenly attacked by a man who sprang from a hiding place in the broom at the edge of the sidewalk and one of the girls fell, screaming. Her sister ran into Woodward's nursery near by to give the alarm and when some men ran to the assistance of the girls the assailant vaulted over a fence and ran. Hamilton is alleged to have been the man responsible for the attack, and he was yesterday arrested upon a warrant charging him with the offence. He will be probably brought before the police magistrate this morning.

Hugh Wallace, who was charged with stealing from D. W. Hanbury, of the Victoria and Vancouver bakery, in the police court yesterday morning was sentenced by Magistrate Hall to nine months' imprisonment. Wallace, who was employed as a driver for the firm, had collected the amounts due the bakers from various customers and failed to make an accounting to his employers who, when they discovered his thefts, caused his arrest.

A Chinese firm who built a fire in the open in contravention of the fire bylaws, was fined $7 and $2.50 costs.

In the provincial police court yesterday before Police Magistrate Hall, Ralph Huett and Percy Wiggs were committed for trial on a charge of highway robbery. They were charged with having held up George Ferriet, a bootblack, at Oaklands, on the 10th inst., and relieved the shiner of $73 at the point of a gun.

Ask for Senator.—At New Westminster on Tuesday an important meeting of the Liberal Association was held, when it was decided to memorialize the federal government in regard to securing a representative of the mainland to the vacant senatorship.

Wedding Bells.—The marriage took place on Monday at Strawberry Vale, of Mr. Samuel Gardiner Ferguson and Miss Mabel Annie Collins, Rev. R. B. Laidley of Sidney officiating. The wedding was at the home of Mrs. J. Collins, mother of the bride.

Hadden-Gillette.—At the Centennial Methodist church on Wednesday Mr. Alex. Garfield Hadden and Miss Annie Beatrice Gillette were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony in the presence of a large circle of friends. The newly wedded pair will make their home at Pittsburg, Pa.

Financial Notes.—The earnings of the White Pass & Yukon railway for the last three weeks in January were as lows: Week ended 14th, $4,675; 21st, $4,400; 31st, $5,741. Bank of British North America shares have advanced ½ at 70½ to 71½, according to the latest mail advices. Shuswap & Okanagan shares are up one at 81-83. Hudson's Bays are two points lower at 81½-82½.

Goes to Atlin.—Herbert Young, the newly-appointed mining recorder and registrar for the Atlin district, left on the steamer Amur yesterday for the north. Mr. Young, who has been a resident of Atlin since 1899, was called out last December to give evidence in the Ruffner mining case, which occupied the attention of the supreme court early in the new year. Mr. Young's many friends in this city wish him every success in his new office, says the Advertiser.

Farmers' Venture.—The Farmers' Brick and Tile Co-operative Association of Saanich, which was recently organized under the Farmers' Institute act, in their first report to the department of agriculture state that practically all the tiles manufactured have been sold and that it has been found of the greatest advantage to the farmer. The size principally manufactured is three-inch, which is supplied to members at the rate of $12.50 per thousand, and to non-members at $15 per thousand. A few thousand of larger sizes were also made. The financial statement shows a satisfactory state of affairs.

Novelty Concert.—The grand novelty concert by the choir of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, was, as anticipated, a great success. So crowded was the schoolroom that standing room was at a premium, and the programme was gone through without a hitch. The toy symphany band was the big feature, its novelty adding to the enjoyment. The orchestra work was also very pleasing, more especially the overture, "Ben Hur March," and the round by the choir and orchestra, "Good Night." Although there were sixteen numbers on the programme the excellence of each was such that an exacting audience insisted on many encores, so that it was later than usual when the strains of the National Anthem announced the close of a most enjoyable entertainment.

Identified Another Body. — Another body of the unidentified dead laid away in Ross Bay cemetery in coffins marked with a number only has been identified through the systematic work of Supt. F. S. Hussey of the provincial police, whose comprehensive work in securing all available particulars for purposes of description has aided in identifying many of the victims. ody No. 13, that of a man 5 ft. 11 inches high, weighing 200 pounds or more, has been identified as that of Henry Helgman, a first class passenger of the wrecked steamer, from the description furnished to relatives by Supt. Hussey. The body was one of those brought to Victoria by the revenue cutter Perry and was sent to Hanna's undertaking parlors whence it was taken to Ross Bay cemetery on the 12th inst. for interment. The remains will be exhumed at once and shipped to San Francisco for interment there.

If you have any old lounge, couch, easy chair, mattress or anything else in the furniture line that needs repairing, ring up Smith & Champion. *

Nice jelly will look nicer if made in a pretty jelly mold. We have just imported from England a fine lot of crockery molds. Sizes one-sixth to two quarts. Prices, 20c. to 75c. R. A. Brown & Co., 80 Douglas street. *

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
PURE AND WHOLESOME.
E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

Mothers' Club.—The Mothers' Club will hold the next meeting on March 7 in the Spring Ridge school, when the subject for discussion will be "The Care of Children's Health." A paper will be read by Mrs. Dennis Harris.

The Stock Sale.—Great interest is being taken by farmers and ranchers all over the country in the first annual sale of pure bred horses, cattle, sheep and swine under the auspices of the British Columbia Stock Breeders' Association, to be held at Queen's Park, in New Westminster, on March 21 and 22. Taking advantage of this the directors of the R. A. and I. S. of B. C. have decided to call two meetings of the exhibition officers on the two evenings of the stock sale. This was decided at a meeting of the board, at which President Trapp, Messrs. G. D. Brymner, W. H. Keary and W. R. Gilley were present. Manager Keary reported that he had already secured $1,000 in cash subscriptions to the 1906 exhibition fund.

Hockey Club Ball.—Final preparations have been made for the fifth annual ball to be given under the auspices of the Victoria Hockey clubs at the Assembly rooms this evening. The several committees have been very energetic and as a result the ball is expected to be one of the most successful ever held in this city. In past years the "hockey ball" has always been looked forward to by a good number as the dance of the season and they would not miss it for any other that takes place, and the function this evening is not expected to be otherwise. The members of the hockey clubs are known to be excellent hosts and all who have decided to be present this evening are counting on having a good time. The programme committee have given special attention to the list of dances and have, after careful consideration, arranged a list of twenty dances, with a number of extras. The music for the evening will be supplied by Miss Thain's orchestra and will be taken from the latest popular selections. The first dance is called for 8:30 o'clock and from then on it is expected that there will not be a dull moment. Although the tickets have been disposed of very rapidly there are still a few to be obtained from members of the clubs. The decorating committee has also been very active and some original ideas have been introduced. The supper room has been specially attended to, hockey sticks predominating in the decorations.

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Fish and Dessert Knives and Forks in polished oak cases, from $20.00 to $40.00 per dozen pairs.
Silver-plated Spoons and Forks, from $4.00 to $12.00 per dozen.
Fish Carvers and Meat Carvers in cases, from $4.50 per pair.
Quality Guaranteed.
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Sashes, Doors and Wood Work
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Doors, Sashes and Woodwork of all Kinds
Rough and Dressed Lumber, Fir, Cedar and Spruce Laths. Shingles, Mouldings, etc.
P. O. BOX 363 LEMON, GONNASON & COMPANY, TELEPHONE 77

For Lumber, Sash Doors
and all kinds of Building Material, go to
The Taylor Mill Co., Ltd. Lty.
MILL, OFFICE AND YARDS, NORTH GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C. P. O. BOX 628. TEL. 564.

JAMES LEIGH & SONS
LUMBER
Sashes, Doors, Trim, Moulding, Lath, Shingles and Band Sawing, Mantels, Grates and Tiles at Moderate Prices.
Foot of Pleasant St.
Telephone 397

GRAMOPHONES and RECORDS
We have just received a large shipment of BERLINER GOLD MOULDED and famous RED SEAL RECORDS. Something really fine. Call and hear them. 10-inch Records. 65 cents
THOMAS PLIMLEY, opp. Post Office.

Come to Scott & Peden
STORE STREET
For all kinds of
SUTTON'S SEEDS
FROM READING, ENGLAND

HOW TO GET STRONG
OBTAIN
WILSON'S INVALID PORT
$1.25 PER BOTTLE AT THE
WINDSOR GROCERY CO.
Opposite Postoffice, Government St.
OUR CHALLENGE CUP TEA is making headway

A Cheap Fruit Farm
11 Acres
400 Fruit Trees
2,500 Strawberry Plants
Close to City
5-roomed new cottage, large barn, Chinaman's house, hay barn, chicken houses, live stock and implements, at a bargain.
P. R. BROWN, Ld.
30 BROAD STREET
Phone 1076. Box 428

SPECIAL SALES
Toilet Goods { Combs, Brushes, Skin Tonics, Perfumes, Etc.
B. C. DRUG STORE
Tel. 356. 27 Johnson Street.
J. TEAGUE. PROPRIETOR.

Sweet Peas!
NOW IS THE SEASON TO PLANT
All the Leading Varieties in Stock.
JAY & CO., 13 BROAD ST.
VICTORIA. Phone 760

H. J. Bray Commission Agent
And dealer in Pickled, Dried, Smoked and Canned Fish.
Consignments and Correspondence Solicited
Established 35 Years. P. O. Box 351
HONOLULU, H. T.

Show Cases
We manufacture Up-to-Date Show Cases, Bank, Store, Hotel and Office Fixtures, Wall Cases, Counters, Shelving, Mantels, Desks, Art Grills and Mirrors. Order Furniture a Specialty.
DICKSON & HOWES
Phone 1165. 121-133 Johnson St.

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at their next meeting for a transfer to J. B. Simpson, of Victoria, B .C., of my license to sell liquor at retail on the premises known as the "Garrick's Head," 23 Bastion Street, Victoria, B. C.
Dated this 6th day of February, 1906.
27 HARRY E. MORTON.

The Victoria Wharf & Warehouse Company Ltd.
SIX PER CENT. DEBENTURES
Eighth Annual Drawing—7th February, 1906.
The following are the numbers of the debentures drawn for repayment at par on and after the first day of March next, interest thereon ceases on the 1st day of March next. Sixty debentures numbers:

14	141	244	335	423	518
19	145	252	350	429	529
21	148	263	352	437	532
28	151	266	385	453	543
84	166	291	386	454	548
92	170	297	388	468	564
110	218	300	389	473	588
117	220	308	391	494	589
123	226	309	408	498	597
136	231	312	415	516	598

Sixty debentures at $500.00 each—$30,000.
The above mentioned debentures will be paid on and after the 1st day of March on presentation at the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Victoria, B. C.
J. H. LAWSON, Secretary.
Countersigned: H. G. Lawson, Notary Public, Victoria, B. C.
7th February, 1906.

Old Esquimalt Road
New 2 storey 8 room house; stone foundation, modern improvements, 1 acre land $4,700
Pembroke Street
Near Douglas, new 6 room cottage..$1,300
7 1-2 Acres
Inside city limits $2,000
E. A. Harris & Co.
35 FORT STREET

FOR SALE
10-roomed modern residence near Beacon Hill; view of the STRAITS; house and grounds cost $8,500. We are instructed by the owner to sell at $4,200.
Matson & Coles
MacGregor Block, 23 Broad Street

TRY OUR NEW
'Terminus' CIGAR
They're Simply Fine.
A. SCHNOTER & SONS,
Victoria, B. C.

Simplicity and Perfection
MEET IN THE
New Domestic Sewing Machine
FLETCHER BROS.
93 GOVERNMENT ST.
Are sole agents in Victoria. Needles and supplies for all machines always in stock.

Building Lots FOR SALE
HOUSES BUILT ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.
D. H. Bale
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
Elford St. Phone 1140

The Famous Kootenay Steel Ranges—best in the market—at Clarke & Pearson's, Yates street. *

Peden's Removal Sale
As we remove to 31 Fort St. on or about MARCH 15th, We are offering our
Scotch Tweed Suits
at
$25.00
for a few days.
PEDEN'S
Merchant Tailor
36 FORT ST.

YOKOHAMA BAZAAR
152 Government Street
Below Victoria Hotel.
JAPANESE FANCY GOODS
And Notions of All Kinds Always on Hand
A. WANIBEE - - - Proprietor

ORIENTAL BAZAAR
90 Douglas Street
Between Johnson and Yates Sts.
All Kinds of
JAPANESE FANCY GOODS
Notions, etc., always kept in stock.
A. WANIBEE - - - Proprietor

BUST DEVELOPER
FOR SALE
—AT—
Mrs. C. Kosche's
55 Douglas Street.

CANTON BAZAAR
106 GOVERNMENT ST.
All kinds of Fancy Goods in Silks, Linens, Drawnwork, etc.
Large consignment of new goods in China Ware, Novelties, etc., just arrived.
Call and inspect our new and up-to-date stock.

FLEMING BROS.
PHOTOGRAPHERS and KODAK AGENTS
We make a specialty of enlarging photos of every description and finishing for amateurs. Blue prints and plans copied. Views and Photo Supplies at
50½ Gov't St, Over Sommers' Store.

TO LET
THE ST. FRANCIS HOTEL
For Full Particulars Apply to
Messrs. Drake, Jackson & Helmcken,
20 Bastion Street
Solicitors for Owners.

CROWN COFFEE
As Good as the Best and Better than most Coffees sold on the market today.
CROWN COFFEE
is always fresh
In 1 and 2-pound tins only.
Of all grocers.

A SNAP
TO LET—Restaurant; first class, central location; fully equipped with new furniture, which can be purchased at a bargain. Apply
A. W. BRIDGMAN,
41 Government St.

TAKE NOTICE that, thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a transfer of the license now held by me for the sale of liquors at the Klondike Hotel, at the corner of Blanchard and Johnson streets, to Harry Rudge.
Dated the 6th January, 1906.
ja25 W. JORDAN.

Kaien Island Committee Sits

Premier Outlines Action of Government Throughout the Negotiations.

Chairman Issues Instructions to Summon Mr. Larsen and Mr. Morse by Wire.

The Kaien Island enquiry was resumed at 10 o'clock yesterday morning with Mr. Garden in the chair and all the other members of the committee present, viz., Messrs. Ross, Paterson, J. A. Macdonald and Dr. Young.

Mr. Garden announced that on the advice of the deputy attorney-general the committee had decided to instruct Mr. Anderson to produce all cheques, bank deposit books and any other documents connected with the case. The examination of Mr. Anderson was continued by Mr. Macdonald. Witness did not know who owned the other fifteen sixteenths of the lands colored brown except Mr. Larsen, Mr. Matthews and a Mr. Hayman of New York. All he acquired for the partnership was Kaien Island townsite, the lands colored brown, and the coal lands already deposed to.

Had known Mr. Matthews for some years—knew him in the Kootenay. Also knew Stevens former G. T. P. engineer. Had known him two years. Did not form the syndicate originally intended, but three months ago formed the Pacific Realty Company, consisting of himself, Mr. Harris and Mr. G. Sheldon Williams These were not men of straw. The company had nothing to do with G. T. P. terminal. Never claimed that it had any connection. The newspaper report to that effect was not correct, and he denied it subsequently. Mr. Morse also contradicted it. Never said that he had the handling of the government lots. He absolutely denied that. He never made such a statement. He himself is manager of the company and Mr. Harris secretary. Had never applied to any member of the government for permission to handle any government lands. Mr. Larsen told witness that he got nothing from the G. T. P. but the cost of surveys and expenses. Had not heard from Mr. Larsen for a long time. Had never heard that Mr. Bodwell made anything out of it. Was paid off when Mr. Larsen was here and had no connection with the G. T. P. after that time. Had done nothing for them since, but had done surveying for Mr. Larsen since. Never heard of any sum of $5,000 supposed to have been borrowed from Mr. Larsen by Mr. Bodwell. Witness' own salary on this business was $250 a month. His bank deposit books would show everything he received from Mr. Larsen for salary and expenses.

The formation of a townsite company as mentioned in letter of January 19th, 1904, was discussed by witness, Mr. Bodwell and Mr. Larsen. The idea was looking to the future, when the G. T. P. came into the province, to handle townsites on its route. The project mentioned in the letter was simply for handling the Lima Harbor townsite. This larger scheme was to follow. Never reached the stage of discussing the personnel of the company.

Mr. Larsen a Millionaire

To Mr. Ross—Mr. Larsen had a large business in Winnipeg and was going there frequently. he also had contracts with the C. P. R. Mr. Larsen was a millionaire, and a very old friend of witness. They were on intimate terms and their business relations were always friendly. Mr. Larsen told him to pay himself whatever he thought was right for services. Out of the $10,000 he repaid Mr. Larsen for expenses on the coal claims which he, witness, retained. The lands colored brown were located a year after the G. T. P. lands. The witness once received $2,500 from the G. T. P. for survey expenses actually paid out, but none of it for himself.. His options on northern lands were not confined to government lands. There was no written agreement as to his interest in the brown colored lands.

To Mr. Paterson—The $2,500 did not benefit him at all, it was paid out. His bank book would show that it was paid by draft on Mr. Morse.

To Mr. Macdonald.—The relinquished options were from a Mr. Moore of Port Irving and Mr. Rudge of Port Simpson.

Hon. Mr. McBride was the next witness.

To Mr. Macdonald—Had never heard from Mr. Anderson about his townsite scheme. First heard of it from Mr. Bodwell who had been told that anything of the kind would have to be in the nature of a written proposition. Was disposed to do anything that would help to develop provincial interests. The letter of January 19th was the sequel. Could not recall any discussion with Mr. Bodwell outside the executive. The substance of the decision of the executive council was that they would do anything they could to secure the fixing of the G. T. P. terminus, but all their dealings must be with the company direct. On the occasion of every discussion in the executive this was the absolute decision of the government and they never varied it. There was no difference of opinion, absolute unanimity. Realized that the G. T. P. would want to get the most suitable place for a terminus. The executive council were fully satisfied that they could deal with this Kaien Island, being under reserve no one could acquire them by staking. The reason the government kept the matter secret was to allow of all negotiations being completed before publicity was given. And from the first time the matter came before the council they made it clear that they would only deal with the G. T. P. What the government had in view was the establishment of the terminus at that point. The reason was he felt that it was better to deal direct once it was established that the terminus had to be at that point. Could not recollect any correspondence between the government and the Grand Trunk Pacific before 3rd May. Everything that had passed had been produced before the committee. The government felt that Mr. Bodwell was stating the truth when he said he represented the G. T. P. He knew nothing of Mr. Larsen and Mr. Anderson in the matter. Mr. Bodwell's word as a professional man and the one telegram of April 29th, 1904, were accepted as sufficient authority to recognize him as agent of the G. T. P.

Copy of telegram from Mr. C. M. Hays.

Montreal, Que., April 29, 1904.

E. V. Bodwell,
Hotel Vancouver,
Vancouver, B.C.

Will be glad to have you act on Mr. Stephens' communication in regard to Lima Harbor in such way as to fully protect our rights for the time being and until definite plans can be determined upon without, however, committing us irrevocably.

CHAS. M. HAYS.

The Premier's Evidence

All the members of the executive participated in drawing the order in council. They were not dealing with Mr. Bodwell as a shark or a sharper, but as a gentleman of honor, and they never for a moment supposed that he would attempt to violate the spirit of the agreement. Its first clause set forth that the land was for the G. T. P. He had always found Mr. Bodwell as a gentleman of honor and probity. He had the same confidence in him still. The original draft of the minute in council was probably in the lands and works department.

Had made no official investigation of different points on the coast suitable for termini. They only knew generally that Port Simpson and Kitimaat were supposed to be the only points. He was agreeably surprised to learn of the possibilities of Kaien Island; it gave the province many more and much greater advantages. He knew that this land would some day be worth millions of dollars, if the townsite was established there. The land was classed as third class at $1 an acre, the standard rate. The government also got property which the G. T. P. would make worth millions. He was satisfied with the bargain and still believed it to be an excellent one. Subsequently Mr. Morse said to witness that he thought they should not have held back the fourth interest, citing Vancouver as an instance to justify his objection. Of course if the deal fell through the province got the lands back and had incurred no expense. As a matter of fact the G. T. P. had not yet said the terminus would be there. He was prepared to say that five-sixths of the townsite lands in the province were sold at $1 an acre and so great an advantage would this agreement be to the province that he would today be prepared to advocate giving the lands to the G. T. P. if necesary to induce them to make their terminus there. The government's motice was to induce them to come where the province would reap the most benefit.

As long as he knew he had the confidence of the House and the country he felt it was not necessary to divulge the matter permanently for reasons that would appeal to any business man. He never doubted that the House would support the measure whenever the matter was submitted to them. There was absolutely no reason for doing it. Rival concerns would have done their best to spoil the deal. The terminal would have been decried. The government was at least as anxious as the G. T. P. to consummate this deal. We are just as anxious today, and if it should not be finally established there it would be a great loss to the province. Even if it went to Kitimaat it would not be as good for the province. All the lands at Port Simpson harbor had been alienated or sold. At Kitimaat they owned half the harbor but had no surrounding lands at Kitimaat. The townsite plan of Port Simpson was miles from the harbor and formed no part of Port Simpson proper. The rejection of claims on Kaien Island staked on South African scrip was in the public interest and to enable this deal to be carried out. He believed that under section 39 of the Land Act this section was legal and he should take the same course again under the same circumstances. It was a case of putting public before private interest. There was no disposition on the part of the government to "cut out" anybody, but there was a very strong disposition to secure the terminus. The two grounds on which these private applications were refused was public interest and government reserve.

Comment Favorable Order-in-Council

Did not consider that all reasons for secrecy were at an end when the minute in council was passed, nor even when the lands were conveyed, until in fact the got later on the official acknowledgment of the company. No public interest was suffering from the delay. He got Mr. Morse's letter of confirmation in March, 1905, but he was awaiting the official acknowledgment under the seal of the company. There might have been some slip which would have prevented final confirmation. He thoroughly endorsed the action of the department in refusing to show the order in council at the time it was applied for. He held that it was in the discretion of the government to choose their own time for making public the business of the executive, and as long as he was premier he should act on that principle..

The substance of the order in council was published by the press last summer and favorably commented on by both government and opposition papers.

To Mr. Ross—His line of action in this mater of the order in council was the uniform practice of all governments. Such orders are not laid on the table except by statutory requisition.

To Mr. Paterson.—He contemplated other transcontinental lines with termini on the Pacific coast. He did not think it good policy to hold goverment reserves for future values; it was more in the public interest to encourage speedy development and release all reserved lands for that purpose. A pioneer road would always secure advantages that followers could not get. This had been the experience of the Canadian Pacific, Union Pacific, the Northern Pacific and all other lines.

To Mr. Garden.—In selecting the government blocks they had first choice and would get alternate blocks. He thought thousand feet lots were most beneficial.

Mr. Macdonald asked that telegrams be sent to Mr. Larsen and Mr. Morse to attend and Mr. Garden said telegrams would be sent although there was no power to compel them to come.

The committee then adjourned to 10 o'clock Friday morning.

Wm. B. Hall, late of the firm of Watson & Hall, has taken a lease on the store in the Oddfellows' block, Douglas street, which he will open on the 5th of March, with a choice line of groceries.

HEADACHES AND NEURALGIA FROM COLDS

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world-wide cold and grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c*

Backache Is From the Kidneys

Kidney disease—marked by backache, pains in the limbs, scanty, dark colored urine, puffiness about the eyes, dropsical swelling and gradual loss of flesh—is always to be dreaded both on account of the suffering it entails and because of its fatality.

The kidneys and liver share alike the responsibility of filtering poisons from the blood, and it is therefore necessary to regulate both these organs in order to effect a cure of kidney disease.

This fact accounts for the extraordinary success of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, which is the only treatment obtainable having a direct and combined action on the liver and kidneys.

For years evidence has been piling up which goes to prove that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have positively cured obstinate and complicated cases of kidney disease which defied physicians and ordinary kidney medicines.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmonson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

The Problem Of Publicity

Subject of Interesting Business Talk With Wide Awake Young Men.

Some of Essentials That Go to Make a Successful Advertiser.

The Montreal Gazette.

"The Commercial Value of Good Deportment" is the subject to be discoursed upon tomorrow night at the business talks which are being given under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. The speaker will be Mr. Abner Kingman.

The last meeting of the series that was held was addressed by Mr. W. H. Goodwin, manager of the John Murphy Company, who spoke on "The Publicity Problem." The gathering was largely attended by young men, and to them the "talk" was both interesting and instructive. Mr. Goodwin by means of a blackboard, clearly conveying to his audience the building up and sub-division of the several points that he desired to emphasize.

Commencing with the statement that the publicity problem was the problem of how to generate in the minds of others ideas born in your own, he went on to say that to be a successful advertiser, a person must be imaginative, and must let his imagination wander round amongst facts. He must let the father of the idea be a fact. He must be impressionable. "But," said he, "don't let anything but the truth impress you."

Taking up the subject of the "idea," he arranged it in sub-divisions, the first being the conception, and in this connection he related some personal experiences, and remarked that his experience was wrapped up in departmental store advertising, which was understood to cover advertising in all its phases. He then passed on to the next sub-division, the expression of the idea, observing that the first thing was to be truly impressed, and then to be true to the impression. No one should use expressions stronger than the depth of his impressions. To use strong expressions should be a sign that the man was deeply impressed. If a man who was truly impressed would be true to his impressions, he would always be interesting.

In the matter of expression a person should be simple; the style should be conversational, and the writer should consider to whom he was writing. For instance, if you were advertising the sale of a washtub, there was no use in becoming too eloquent over it, for the lady who would likely be most interested in the purchase of that article, might not understand what you were talking about.

In the use of humor also the writer of an advertisement should be very careful. He might make such a good joke that both he and the office boy would split their sides laughing at it, and yet the reader of the advertisement might not be able to see anything funny in it at all. If humor were used at all, let it be the double-barrelled type—the kind that was apparently unintentional. Give the reader an opportunity to discover the joke which he thinks you never intended. "Be careful," cautioned Mr. Goodwin, "the writer of an advertisement is always within one word of making a fool of himself—yes, within one comma."

As to illustrations, let it not be considered that the space occupied by a good illustration was wasted, provided, of course, that the drawing illustrated the thought. Great care, however, must be taken to see that there was harmony. For instance, the highest type of illustration was that of window dressing, where the artful decorator could so drape a piece of goods that would at once convey to the mind of the passer-by all the beauty and all the idea that was in the mind of the decorator. In the same sense an advertiser should appeal to the imagination of the people by the best illustrated methods possible.

The transmission of the idea was next taken up. Mr. Goodwin saying his experience had taught him that the best mediums for this transmission were the newspapers, simply because they were newspapers. They were used in order to reach people at a distance and bring them to the store. The windows were used to attract people into the store; carefully worded price tickets were used to attract them to the goods, and the goods were used to bring the people back again.

Of course, he remarked, there was considerable advertising value in the conduct and courtesy of the salespeople, as well as in the general atmosphere of the store. Ideas of cleanliness and of the appropriateness of things could be expressed by the very fittings of a store.

Coming to the effect of advertising on prices, Mr. Goodwin declared most emphatically that it had a tendency to reduce them; but at the same time it increased the volume of sales. Advertising was profitable to everybody concerned, since it made two blades of grass grow where only one grew before. It was profitable to the merchant, who, for instance, before the era of advertising, sold one blouse at $5, upon which he made a profit of $1. By advertising, he could sell two blouses at $4 each, and make a profit of $1.60 on the two. The fixed charges were just the same in each case; but in selling two blouses the merchant had made an additional profit of 60 per cent.

One point specially emphasized by Mr. Goodwin was the doing away with the idea, on the part of the public, that it paid for the advertising done by merchants. Advertising, he remarked, paid for itself. The more advertising there was, the less was the cost to the consumer, but the more profit to the merchant.

In conclusion, Mr. Goodwin touched upon the checking up of results, saying that if a person aimed at nothing, he could not tell whether he hit it or not. In order to check up the results of advertising, advertising must aim at something definite, to the point and to the purpose.

The Wornout Nerves, The Weak Heart, The Tired Brain, The Wasted Strength.

What a multitude of women there are who feel that these words exactly suit their case. From early morn until late at night they have been on the go, year in and year out, attending to the daily household duties, looking after the wants of her children and spending the rest of her time attending to social and church work. Is it any wonder then that sooner or later there comes a general collapse? The action of the heart becomes weak and palpitating, the nerves become unstrung, the brain feels in a whirl half the time and the usual force of vitality is lacking.

It is at this time a woman should look after herself. If she does not, serious female disorders may set in and often cause weary months and years of helplessness and miserable suffering. What she wants is something to build up her system. For this purpose there is nothing to equal

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

They are the women's friend in every sense of the word.

They will strengthen the weak heart, tone up the shaky, starved nerves, make the brain clear, and restore the lost vitality.

Mrs. George Lohnes, Stanley Section, N.S., writes: "I was greatly troubled with weak and dizzy spells and was so run down I could not attend to my household duties. I bought two boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and after taking them I found that my trouble had all passed away. I am now strong and healthy again."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50 cents per box or 3 for $1.25. If your dealer does not handle them, send direct to The Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Daily Fashion Hints

Published by The Colonist by Special Arrangement With the American Fashion Company, 853 Broadway, New York

Fetching Study in Grey.—Lovely frock of tailored-make, showing the new princess coat, with an Eton effect. Shirring figures prominently in the trimming of the design, being employed at the waist, shoulders and on the lower sleeves. Insertions of lace bound with silk braid form the collar and cuffs. The hat is pale grey straw, trimmed with grey and black ostrich plumes.

TRAVEL WITH SAFETY

By the road of a thousand wonders, which is the Southern Pacific Company's scenic Shasta route and coast line. California offers many attractions to the tourist and health-seeker; the ideal place to spend a vacation. Rates, reservations and all information at Union Ticket Office, 608 First Avenue, Seattle, Wash. E. E. Ellis, General Agent. *

THE VALENCIA.

Marine Paper Says Bad Navigation Was Responsible for the Wreck.

The sunken steamer Valencia was insured for $107,000 at 6 per cent, $71,333 on the hull and $15,667 on the machinery. The underwriters may attempt to save the machinery, but it is doubtful if this con be accomplished. In discussing the cause of the disaster the Pacific Marine Review of Seattle says: "Bad navigation practically tells the story of the Valencia wreck, and making all allowances it seems difficult to understand how the master could so grievously have blundered, or at least why, when in such serious doubt, as the testimony of the second officer, Peterson, reveals, as to the position and safety of his ship, he did not stop, turn to sea, and wait for daylight. The evidence of this witness, the only surviving navigating officer, states that the last land visible was off Cape Blanco, where the master verified his position, and whence his course to Cape Flattery is nearly due north, a distance of 355 miles. If, as the witness avers, the lead was kept going from 2 p. m. to 11:45 p. m., the time of the disaster, it is a little strange that the deep water through which the vessel must have passed just north of Capt Flattery, allowing for a strong tide out of the straits sweeping to the westward, did not arouse earlier suspicion.

"The very immunity with which our coasting shipmasters navigate in dangerous waters begets a careless confidence instead of a seamanlike precaution. When coasting a vessel's position cannot be too often or too accurately fixed. We urge that every officer on board should keep the reckoning independently, comparisons being subsequently made, which would result in greater efficiency on the part of the officers, greater certainty in the reckoning, and the development of more interest in the navigation of the ship. That unwritten law, which we so frequently condemn, that a shipmaster must make a sharp passage fair or foul weather, openly repudiated by all owners, yet insidiously enforced, is a fruitful cause of such disasters, and who shall tell how far this entered into Shipmaster Johnson's calculations.

Self-Propelled Lifeboat Essential

"Another practice which we condemn and for which owners and the public themselves are chiefly to blame, is the impression that the ship's officers are required to entertain the passengers in order to attach a personal popularity to each vessel. The best popularity that a ship can enjoy is one of safety, speed and comfort, entirely divorced from the personnel or physical attributes of its officers."

In discussing suggestions for improvements to aids to navigation, etc., the Seattle marine paper says:

"We believe that the Dominion government should maintain a self-propelled life boat, steam or gasoline, at Bamfield creek, several life boats of this type being in successful service off similar stations in Great Britain and on the Atlantic coast, though we question very much whether any such precautions would have saved any lives in the recent wrecks recorded.

"It appears to us that the only safeguard for vessels is absolutely to keep off that coast, and this can only be insured by careful navigation. If a full powered steamship will run blindly to the mouth of the straits in dirty weather she simply invites disaster which no precautions can prevent. Wireless telegraphy has unquestionably a large field of usefulness, more particularly in reporting disasters and in directing aid thereto, but as a practical means of protecting vessels from danger, we hold that it is absolutely ineffective, at least in its present stage.

"We should certainly like to see the United States government re-establish a life-saving station at Neah Bay, and where should be established either a fully equipped ocean going life saving tug or at least a powerful and efficiently manned self-propelled life boat. A lightship off Swiftsure Bank, north of the entrance to the straits, would be another valuable aid to navigation.

"It may be in point to remark that several well established complaints reach us complaining that some of the present fog signals and other aids to navigation along this part of the coast are not properly maintained and provided. For example, it is alleged that Tatoosh is frequently insufficiently supplied with water and fuel for its fog signal and that the Umatilla light ship is denied sufficient fuel for its electric plant. Another subscriber complains that the fog alarm at Dungeness is absolutely obsolete and is the same as when originally established years ago."

KIDNEY DISEASE FOR TWENTY YEARS.

Mrs. Caswell Reid, Orrville, Muskoka, Ont., writes: "For nearly twenty years I was troubled with kidney disease, and have recently been completely cured by using three boxes of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I have tried a great many remedies, but never seemed to get anything to do me so much good until I used these pills."

Auction Sale.—As will be seen in the auction sale columns, Messrs. Maynard & Son, auctioneers, Broad street, will hold their furniture sale today at 2 p.m., instead of yesterday, as advertised, on account of an oversight in leaving out the particulars of the sale. This lot of desirable furniture must be sold, as the parties are leaving the city. *

Robinson's Special Ribbed Cashmere Hose, very strong and durable, elastic in step, special toe and heel, always comfortable and covers the knee of the wearer; sizes for ladies or boys 8½, 9, 9½ and 10. Price 25c. *

Beginning Feb. 15, 1906

THROUGH TOURIST SLEEPERS

Every Day in the Year Between

SEATTLE AND CHICAGO

via the

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

"The Comfortable Way"

Route of the Famous Oriental Limited

For detailed information, rates, etc., call on or address

S. G. YERKES, A. G. P. A., Seattle, Wash.
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Ticket and Freight Office, 75 Government Street.

2 TRANSCONTINENTAL TRAINS DAILY 2

Leave Victoria daily at 9 p. m., SS. "BEATRICE," connecting with the FAST MAIL leaving Seattle daily at 8 a. m., the ORIENTAL LIMITED at 8 p. m.

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4 TRANSCONTINENTAL TRAINS DAILY 4

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Tickets on sale to all points East and South. Cheap round trip rates on to California points. Low westbound rates in effect from all Eastern points to this Coast. Tourist and Pullman sleepers on all trains.

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Tickets issued and berths reserved covering passage to and from all European points.

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S. S. Princess Victoria sails from Victoria daily at 1 a. m.

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S. S. Charmer leaves Victoria every Tuesday and Friday at 7 a. m.

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PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.

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Umatilla, Queen or City of Topeka. Feb. 22, 27, March 4, 9, 14. Steamer leaves every fifth day thereafter.

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Connecting at Skagway with W.P. & Y.Ry.

Leave Seattle 9 p. m., Steamer Cottage City, Feb. 22, March 7.

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"Molly Maguires" Were Outdone

Head of Detectives Relates Experience With Colorado Federation of Miners.

For Eighteen Years Band Has Terrorized the Miners of Several States.

In connection with the arrest last Saturday of three leaders of the Western Federation of Miners, the Spokane Spokesman-Review has the following interview with James McParland, head of a detective agency which was employed by the Idaho authorities in the Steunenberg case. He declared that the evidence against the men who have so far been arrested is very strong and more arrests are yet to be made. He would not state the nature of his evidence, nor how it was obtained.

Molly Maguires Were Children

"The operations of the Molly Maguires in Pennsylvania, whom I ran to earth and disrupted," said Mr. McParland, "were children's play compared with the work of the Moyer-Haywood crowd. They have existed for 18 years, but their days are numbered.

"Haywood, Moyer and Pettibone will never see Colorado again. We have absolute evidence that will convict them of complicity in the foul assassination of former Governor Steunenberg, and evidence that will convict a great many others, too, of the same offence. They cannot escape in any possible way, and the legal knowledge of all their attorneys cannot keep them from the gallows. You can say for me that the day of dynamite outrages in the West is at an end.

Caldwell Crime Climax

"Haywood, Moyer and others know that they are guilty and they know that their time has come. The Steunenberg assassination was the final straw that broke the camel's back and was their undoing.

"But it was no worse than the Independence outrage, the murder of Collins in Telluride, the blowing up of the Smuggler-Union mine, the Vindicator killing, the Stewart assault or the many other crimes for which they were responsible.

"The anarchists at the head of the Western Federation of Miners will never trouble this state again. We got Vincent St. John in Burke, Idaho, last night. He has been there under the clumsy disguise of John Vincent ever since he left this state. He will be prosecuted with the others. There will be a great many surprises of the people of this state before this case is ended and all the arrests have been made.

"I cannot state how many more will be taken into custody or where these arrests will be made, but there will be enough of them before this case ends.

Federation Paid the Bills

"I was employed by the state of Idaho, not by the mine owners, to run down the Steunenberg case. I went to work January 10, after Orchard had been arrested, and I did not cease my labors until last week. The evidence against all of these men is so strong that they cannot possibly escape punishment this time."

Mr. McParland states that Orchard did not assist in the running down of the alleged conspirators and that Orchard did not charge Hayward and Moyer with the crime. He said:

Not Employed by Operators

"Governor McDonald was furnished evidence in plenty that the treasury of the Western Federation of Miners had been used to the extent of many thousand dollars in aiding Orchard, Pettibone, Sam Adams, Thomas Hogan and several others. Evidence was also forthcoming to prove that the leading spirits in this plan of wholesale assassination had associated with Haywood and Moyer. It is not charged that either of the officers arrested had taken a direct part in the murder of Steunenberg, or the other killings in this state, but it is made evident that they or one of them must have known what they were paying large sums of money for to such men who were fugitives from justice."

Found Old Bombs

It develops that Orchard's confession, according to the best authority, states that bombs had been placed in the gateways of the residences of two members of the Colorado supreme court, and that more than a dozen attempts had been made to assassinate former Governor James H. Peabody. An investigation since the alleged confession was made disclosed the presence of bombs in exactly the spots indicated. The man who unearthed the bombs, a prominent member of the Colorado national guard, is now in Idaho, having accompanied the party that returned with Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone. He will appear as a witness at the Orchard trial, it is said, to prove the truth of the alleged confession.

The atrocious murders committed during labor troubles in the Cripple Creek and Telluride districts in this state, which have been shrouded in mystery, the earlier Coeur d'Alene murders and the more recent Steunenberg assassination form a chain of crimes with which efforts are being made to connect the officers of the Western Federation of Miners on a confession said to have been made by Harry Orchard, who is charged with the Steunenberg murder.

Sought Lives of Colorado Officials

This confession, it is asserted, disclosed a plot to kill former Governor James H. Peabody of Colorado, William H. Gabbert, chief justice of the Colorado supreme court, and John Campbell, former chief justice. Orchard is said to have confessed that wholesale assassinations were planned at the headquarters of the Western Federation of Miners in Denver, chiefly by refugees from the camps at Cripple Creek and Telluride. It is also said that Orchard's confession gives a history of the explosion at the Independence depot, near Cripple Creek, on June 6, 1904, which killed fourteen men and injured many others.

Governor McDonald Saw Confession

Governor McDonald, who issued the necessary papers for the extradition of the federation officials to Idaho, said today that he had read a copy of Orchard's confession, but was not at liberty to divulge its contents.

The Songs of French Canada

Sung for Three Centuries In New World But Many of Them Ancient.

Pleasant Address by Benjamin Sulte Before University Students.

Toronto Globe.

A very pleasing and interesting address, varied with illustrations of the chansons popular in Quebec, was given in the university course on Saturday in the Chemical building by M. Benjamin Sulte, the poet and historian, and his friends, MM. Jean Belleau and Boutillier Trudel, President London introduced M. Sulte as for forty years one of the most productive of French-Canadian writers.

M. Sulte disclaimed any pretence to do more than present the old folk-songs which for three centuries have been sung in the lower provinces by those who learned them in their cradles.

"We are a population whose language is a song," he said. He did not know if their ancestors brought laws or municipal institutions with them, but they brought songs. People who sing are not, as a rule, bad, he remarked.

"I wish to say one little thing," he continued. Had they ever calculated the absurdity of bringing the colonies closer when the nine or ten Canadians provinces did not know each other?

The mightiest monument of any land never compared with four lines of a chanson. The song was everlasting, always in full bloom, even after the defeat of a nation.

The slight basis for nearly all these songs was a subject of remark.

"They are nothing; but they are beautiful. There is magic in them," was M. Sulte's comment. He would not speak of the French mercantile ability, but they are all poets and musicians. The songs were constantly added to. "The manufacture has no stopping," he said, in his quaint way.

The first illustration was "Malbrouck," one of the most popular of the lower Canadian songs. France got it from Spain and Spain from the Moors, who had it from Persia thousands of years before. The air is well known as the after-dinner greeting, "For he's a jolly good fellow."

"Prompted by a fancy—I don't know where to find the roses—What an ass I am! That's the whole song. You can understand on such a base what a poet can do," was M. Sulte's introduction to "A la Claire Fontaine." "Allonette" was the next, and in this connection M. Sulte related how pleased and impressed the French students were to find a number of their songs in the University of Toronto Song Book.

"V'la l'bon vent" might have been the music of the people of old Troy; it was as old as the moon, anyway. "A St. Malo" was sung in 1852 from a third story window in Toronto as M. Sulte passed with a companion. His companion sank down and cried. They were three hundred miles from home. It was like a visit to the north pole.

"It was one of the most wonderful things that can happen in one's life. I'll never forget that," said M. Sulte.

Another song was of the Bohemian Queen of 700 years ago, who married the French king.

"She may have been very good or very bad. I have nothing to say about that." She used to promenade on a terrace by the Seine. It was she who invented the shirt, which became popular in France and went through the world, so we owe something to her, remarked the speaker.

"They have not been able to introduce anything into that song but Queen Isabeau promenading on the terrace. It must have been immense for them!"

Crescent Mapleine

Make Maple Syrup

Mapleine makes it possible for you to make your own maple syrup without cooking. Simply dissolve sugar in water and add a few drops of Mapleine.

ALL GROCERS.

GOSSIP OF EDMONTON AND ITS VICINITY

News of the Saskatchewan Capital Told by a Special Correspondent.

Edmonton is to have another first-class hotel opened during the coming summer. Mr. Spurrell has purchased grounds for $11,500 one block from the Canadian Northern Railway depot, on which he intends to erect a $20,000 solid brick structure. There will be 54 bedrooms, modern plumbing, electric bells and light, steam heat—in fact everything to make this new venture first-class in every respect.

The case of Ludwig Lilge, charged with the murder of William Leslie at Bruderheim a year ago, re-opened at the spring sitting of the supreme court. Lilge was tried last year before Chief Justice Sifton, the jury disagreeing. This important matter has been postponed for two weeks, until the evidence taken at the last trial can be secured from the court reporter at Calgary.

The Edmonton Thistles hockey team, accompanied by more than a dozen friends, have left on a two weeks' trip, going as far east as Winnipeg and playing at Calgary, Regina, Medicine Hat, Portage la Prairie and other towns along the line. The boys will have a special train from Calgary, which will add to the comfort and pleasure of the trip.

The Edmonton Brewing & Malting Co. have just shipped to British Columbia the first car of malt ever shipped from this district. The Edmonton beer, ale and stout, which captured the diplomas at the Dominion fair, were manufactured from home-made malt. The opening of the trade to the British Columbia markets will no doubt increase the demand for six-rowed Alberta barley.

There are sixty real estate offices doing business in Edmonton, interested in which are about 200 business men and nearly as many more employees. Since October 29 new offices have been opened. All the companies appear to be doing good business, and as yet not one has been compelled to drop out of the race, indicating the ever-growing amount of business that is being carried on in farm lands and city property in this city.

The Canadian Press Association, in session at Toronto has decided that the next excursion of its members will be to Edmonton.

Austin M. Bothwell, M. A., of Perth, Ont., and a graduate of Queens University, has been chosen Rhodes scholar for Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Branch Line From Saskatoon

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company is calling for tenders for the construction of branch lines in the West to be built during the coming year. One project of interest and importance to this city is the construction of the Saskatoon line through to Edmonton, giving the company a direct competitive route with the Canadian Northern between Winnipeg and the Northwestern metropolis.

A. S. Brown, agent for the Edson Fish Company of Cleveland, shipped his first carload of fish from Edmonton over the Canadian Northern, consigned to Chicago. The shipment was a 33,000-pound car of whitefish from the Lesser Slave Lake, caught by the Athabasca Fish Company and freighted down to this city, a distance of 260 miles. It is said that a railway to the Great Slave Lake would open up the way to the greatest fresh-water fisheries in the world.

The outlook for Edmonton coal is very bright. The tonnage on the C. N. R. is steadily increasing, and Edmonton now supplies the entire territory as far east as Humboldt.

T. L. Mewburn, Calgary, general western manager for the James Turner Company, wholesale grocers, Hamilton, Ont., which has branches in several western cities, visited Edmonton recently for the purpose of selecting a site for establishing a branch here.

The Cushing Bros. Lumber Company has purchased the lumber business formerly conducted by the Northern Coal & Lumber Co. This enterprising company has made large preparations for the trade of the coming season in the Edmonton district, having placed an order for 5,000,000 feet of British Columbia lumber with the Winlaw Lumber Company, Slocan River, and enlarged their plant here to almost double its former capacity.

Knut C. Berge of Coal Lake, one of the best known and respected farmers of the Wetaskiwin district, met with a fatal accident while engaged in felling trees only a few rods from his home. Mr. Berge was born in Norway in 1856. The deceased was an industrious and hard-working man, and his sudden death will be keenly felt by all in the community. He leaves a wife and five daughters.

The samples of seed grain sent by the Dominion government to be used as standards for grading the exhibits at the seed fair to be held in Edmonton, have arrived. There are fourteen samples, covering all the standards of grain which will be recognized at the fair. The samples are from Manitoba and in many respects are very good, but it is noticeable that the sample of oats checked as extra-special and the best found in Manitoba is no better than than graded No. 3 white in the Edmonton market.

Best for Children.

Mothers may give the little ones

Menthol Worm Remover

without fear. It is in tablet form—purely vegetable—free of opiates—and absolutely harmless. The simplest, safest and surest means of cleansing the system of worms.

25c. a box—at druggists.

The Griffiths & Macpherson Co., Ltd., Toronto, Can.

FRUIT INSPECTOR'S VIEWS.

Thomas Cunningham Describes a Visit to Kaslo and Creston.

When Fruit Inspector Cunningham was at Nelson the other day he gave some items of information which are of general interest. He said:

"I went over to Kaslo a week ago to look into some matters concerning the fruit industry and was delighted to find very active interest manifested by the leading people of the town re fruit culture. I inspected all the principal orchards and gave such advice as people embarking in the business generally need. I regard Kaslo as an ideal district for growing the very best quality of fruit. Soil is good, the aspect is beautiful, the atmospheric drainage, a matter of the greatest importance in combating fungus disease, is as good as any I have seen in British Columbia. Trees are exceedingly healthy, though not as well cared for as they will be in future. I saw no evidence whatever of fungold diseases. I do not like to make comparisons as a rule, but will risk the opinion that I shall be greatly disappointed if Kaslo-grown fruit does not capture the highest awards at shows to be held in future throughout the province.

"I was also thankful to find that the area of land suitable for fruit growing and tributary to Kaslo is estimated by men well qualified to judge at 5,000 acres. Now, if this be correct and the people who are embarking in the business make no mistakes as to varieties and are careful to guard against the introduction of insect pests, I see a very bright future for that place.

Discussion on Fruit Growing

"A public meeting lasting two and one-half hours was held and was well attended. There was a free discussion of all matters affecting fruit growing. I don't think that I ever enjoyed a meeting more than the one held at Kaslo.

"I also visited the Mirror Lake property of the Yale-Kootenay Ice Company, and was greatly surprised to find such an admirable system for harvesting ice. I have seen a great deal of ice-cutting in many parts of America, but for economy of labor and facilities for loading the ice on cars I have never seen anything to equal the Mirror Lake system. My only regret is that the company have not succeeded better with their orchard. The land and conditions are all right, but the initial mistake was made in buying trees in Ontario that were too old for transplanting. It would have been far better for the company and the province if home-grown trees had been planted.

"The old orchard on the estate is doing well. Trees are healthy and full of fruit buds, indicating that the soil and conditions are right, but good healthy stock must be planted in order to obtain good results.

"While at Kaslo I heard that I could do some good at Creston and went on to that point. There are some orchards there that needed attention, and I had the great satisfaction of seeing several orders for spray pumps and spraying material sent out. Some very good fruit is already produced at Creston and there are many new orchards being set out. I visited the Reclamation Company's ranch and found as beautifully grown apple trees as I have seen anywhere in this province, but they need immediate attention, and I am thankful to say they shall have it. The orders were issued to the man in charge of the orchard to buy a first class spraying outfit and prune and clean those exceptionally well grown trees. There are Northern Spy and Gravenstein apple trees in that orchard easily worth $50. Many of them when pruned and cleaned will produce 20 boxes to the tree. Now you can figure the profit at your leisure, but I think a tree that will yield 20 boxes of choice apples is well worth $50.

Excellent Public Meeting

"We had a very excellent public meeting, attended by some 40 to 50 earnest men. It was a great pleasure to me to get in touch with men who mean business. This was apparent at both Kaslo and Creston. A good deal of money may be made in growing strawberries at both these points. The shipping facilities are so good, compared with many other sections of the province, that there is an advantage of 20 to 25 per cent. in saving of time and transportation. Time is money in strawberry harvesting. Kootenay is well situated in this regard.

"I shall come back again to rearrange quarantine inspection before the season opens. When the new line from the C. P. R. is built through to Spokane we shall need an inspector at the boundary. I have a very wholesome dread of Spokane fruit, which is usually exceedingly dangerous. Our inspection must be very thorough at all points if we are to keep our country clean.

"We have now demonstrated that the best fruit grown in any part of the world is grown in British Columbia. We have never taken second place where we exhibited, and we must guard this good reputation as the apple of our eye. I suppose the metaphor is appropriate.

"Of one thing we should be proudly thankful. It is this—British Columbia has the best horticultural laws for the protection of the fruit grower of any spot in the world, as far as I can find out.

"We owe much to the press for the splendid support it has given us in the enforcement of our regulations. Without this assistance I fear we should have failed."

HOW TO CURE A COLD

The quickest way to get rid of a troublesome cold is a question in which many are interested just now. If you are one of the unfortunates the opinion of Mr. B. W. L. Holt of Waverly, Va., is worthy of your consideration. Mr. Holt says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for years and firmly believe it to be absolutely the best preparation on the market for colds. I have recommended it to many of my friends and they all agree with me." This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

Valentines from 10c to $1.00 each. Victoria Book and Stationery Co., Limited.

EVERYBODY DELIGHTED.

Newbro's Herpicide Destroys the Dandruff Germ and Prevents Baldness.

Quinine and rum and a whole lot of other things, are pleasant to rub on the scalp after washing it free of dandruff, but not one preparation of the general run cures dandruff and falling hair. It is necessary to kill that germ, to be permanently cured of dandruff, and to stop falling hair. Newbro's Herpicide will positively destroy that germ, so that there can be no more dandruff, and so that the hair will grow luxuriantly. "Destroy the cause, and you will remove the effect." Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c., in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

C. H. Bowes & Co., 98 Government St., Special Agents.

NEW FRENCH BISHOPS.

His Holiness Holds Secret Consistory and Appoints Prelates.

Rome, Feb. 24.—The pope held a secret consistory this morning chiefly to create nineteen French bishops in the dioceses vacant through the Franco-Vatican struggle. He also preconized the Right Rev. W. H. O'Connel, coadjutor to the Archbishop of Boston, as Archbishop of Constance, and the Right Rev. A. S. Bernard as Bishop of St. Hyacinthe, Canada. The whole ceremony was in line with the vatican's attitude towards France.

The pontiff delivered an allocution summarizing the ideas set forth in his recent encyclical, showing that necessity hastened its appearance "as certain publications have deceived the faithful regarding the real intentions and feelings of the Holy See," evidently alluding to the pastoral letter of Mgr. Bonnelli, Archbishop of Verona, who advocated the principle of the separation of church and state.

The Celebrated English Cocoa.

EPPS'S

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

The Most Nutritious and Economical.

ALBERTA CAN SUPPLY COAL

The Chief Difficulty at Present is the Expense of Transportation.

"I think that Alberta is going to be the coal supplying province for the rest of the Dominion when the initial difficulties of expensive transportation are surmounted," remarked Rev. J. G. Shearer, the general secretary of the Dominion Lord's Day Alliance, who has just returned from a trip through the new province, in an interview published in the Toronto Star.

"The advancement up there is little short of marvelous. The people are quickly suiting themselves to circumstances, and the climate is everything that could be desired.

Moving Towns Bodily

"What amused me," remarked Mr. Shearer, "was the way towns fixed themselves up near the railway. In cases where it could not touch their old site they had no compunction about, as it were, picking the houses up bodily and hauling them to a spot more contiguous to the line. This was done by putting rollers under the buildings and hitching teams to them."

"And about the coal?" asked the Star.

"Yes, the banks of the Saskatchewan are lined with it. In many instances the beds extend for miles, with a uniform coal thickness of ten feet. Practically an inexhaustible supply of the very finest anthracite.

After the Dollars

"And the cities are the acme of business-like activity," said Mr. Shearer, "Take Edmonton. Every one there is making money as hard as he can. The place abounds with real estate agents. Waiters, workmen and people of every denomination are dealing in it and reaping vast profits. And the value of the land is increasing by enormous leaps and bounds. Here is an instance. Two years and a half ago a friend of mine bought a homestead for $2,500. At the beginning of last year he was offered $6,000; in November he refused $8,000, and in January this year he turned down an offer of $12,000.

Keeping the Sabbath

"In regard to our own work, we, too, are booming. The British people there support us as a matter of national principle. The large bevy of American farmers who are now finding their way into the country are availing themselves, too, of the opportunity of the Sunday rest. It comes as a pleasant change after the period of nervous hurry and useless continuous labor they were forced to agree to on the other side of the line."

IF YOU FEAR DIPHTHERIA, BEWARE OF A COLD

The best authorities now agree that the chances for contracting diphtheria are greatly enhanced by colds. If the child has a cold it is much more likely to contract diphtheria. The same is true of any of the much dreaded catching diseases. The cold prepares the system for the reception and development of the germs of these diseases; that is why one child will contract a disease, and another exposed at the same time will not take it. The one that takes it, as a rule, has a cold. Even slight colds are dangerous, and should have prompt and intelligent attention. Whether for a child or an adult you will find no better preparation than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It can always be depended upon to effect a quick cure. There is no danger in giving it to children, as it contains no harmful drug. For sale by all druggists.

A plate of the Quaker Brand canned fruits makes a delicious ending to the sumptuous meal, and a pleasing dessert without any trouble, can be had at all grocers at a very low price.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES

In every form, no matter of how long standing. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

VICTORIA TIDE TABLE

February.

(Issued by the Tidal Survey Branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.)

Date.	Time	Ht	Time	Ht	Time	Ht	Time	Ht
	h. m.	ft.	h. m.	ft.	h. m.	ft.	h. m.	ft.
1	....	.....	8 17	8.4	16 38	4.4	.....	.....
2	....	.....	8 46	8.4	17 24	3.8	.....	.....
3	....	.....	9 14	8.4	18 00	3.3	.....	.....
4	....	.....	9 43	8.5	18 32	2.8	.....	.....
5	....	.....	10 17	8.6	19 03	2.3	.....	.....
6	....	.....	11 00	8.8	19 36	1.9	.....	.....
7	5 33	7.7	7.00	7.7	11.47	8.9	20 11	1.6
8	4 54	7.8	7 46	7.5	12 38	8.9	20 48	1.4
9	4 38	7.8	8 35	7.3	13 31	8.9	21 27	1.6
10	4 55	7.9	9 28	6.9	14 27	8.6	22 07	1.9
11	5 21	8.0	10 24	6.4	15 26	8.2	22 48	2.5
12	5 50	8.1	11 23	5.9	16 31	7.6	23 30	3.2
13	6 21	8.3	12 28	5.2	17 57	7.0	.....	.....
14	0 13	4.1	6 54	8.4	13 36	4.5	19 40	6.5
15	0 55	5.0	7 28	8.6	14 44	3.8	21 47	6.3
16	1.33	5.9	8 03	8.7	15 49	3.0	.....	.....
17	.....	.....	8 39	8.8	16 50	2.4	.....	.....
18	.....	.....	9 19	8.8	17 46	1.9	.....	.....
19	3 23	7.7	4 53	7.7	10 04	8.8	18 35	1.6
20	3 50	8.0	6 09	7.7	10 57	8.7	19 18	1.5
21	4 09	8.0	7 12	7.5	11 55	8.5	19 57	1.6
22	4 22	7.9	8 09	7.0	12 53	8.3	20 34	1.9
23	4.29	7.8	8 58	6.6	13 48	8.0	21 10	2.4
24	4 33	7.8	9 44	6.1	14 41	7.6	21 47	2.9
25	4 43	7.8	10 30	5.6	15 36	7.2	22 25	3.6
26	5 01	7.8	11 19	5.2	16 37	6.7	23 02	4.2
27	5 25	7.9	12 13	4.9	17 56	6.4	23 36	5.0
28	5 54	7.9	13 11	4.5	19 28	6.1	23 59	5.7

The time used is Pacific standard, for the 120 meridian west. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The figures for height serve to distinguish high water from low water.

The height is measured from the level of the lower low water at spring tides. This level corresponds with the datum to which the surroundings on the Admiralty chart of Victoria harbor are referred, as closely as can now be ascertained.

Esquimalt (at Dry Dock).—From observations during six months, in 1900, compared with simultaneous observations at Victoria. For time of high water add 14 minutes to high water at Victoria. For time of low water, add 17 minutes to low water at Victoria.

BRUSHES

Boeckh Brushes are made for service. No detail is neglected that helps to ensure high quality. There is no resort to fad innovations or showy finish on which the makers of inferior goods depend to catch the eyes of buyers. If you want perfect brushes, buy

Boeckh's

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

Time Table No. 57.

EFFECTIVE SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1905

Northbound. Leave	Daily A.M.	Southbound. Arrive. P.M.	Northbound. Leave.	Sat., Sun. & Wed. P.M.	Southbound Arrive P.M.
Victoria	9:00	12:06	Victoria	3:00	7:00
		A.M.			
Shawnigan Lake	10:20	10:46	Shawnigan Lake	4:20	5:40
Duncans	11:00	10:02	Duncans	5:00	5:00
Chemainus	11:32	9:30	Chemainus	5:32	4:17
Ladysmith	11:52	9:10	Ladysmith	6:00	4:00
Nanaimo	12:35	8:20	Nanaimo	6:42	3:15
Ar. Wellington	12:53	Lv. 8:00	Ar. Wellington	6:55	Lv. 3:00

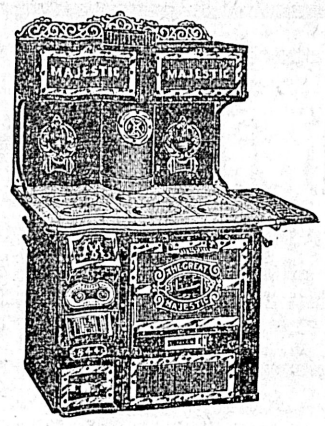
Excursion rates in effect between all points, good going Saturdays and Sundays; returning not later than Monday.

THROUGH TICKETS VICTORIA TO CROFTON

VIA WESTHOLME.

Stage leaves daily, excepting Sundays, connecting with north and south bound trains. Double stage service Saturdays and Wednesdays, connecting with morning and afternoon trains. Fares from Victoria: Single, $2.40; Return, $3.60.

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Dist. Freight and Passenger Agent



CHEAPSIDE

The Great Majestic

IS A

Standard Range

The Best Cooker, the Greatest Fuel-saver and the most durable range ever made. A full line now on view at 127 Government Street.

Our Graniteware line is complete.

We can furnish at short notice the wants of House, Steamboat, Hotel, or Camp.

Geo. Powell & Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that The Savoy Limited intend to apply at the next regular sittings of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, to be held on the 14th March, 1906, for a transfer of its retail liquor license now held by it to sell spirituous or fermented liquors at the premises known as No. 107 Government Street, Victoria, B. C., to the premises situate at No. 103 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

SAVOY LTD.
Per A. Curtin,
Sec'y.

Seal. Witness:
Wm. C. Moresby.

Teams for Sprinkling

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to Monday, the 26th instant, at 4 o'clock p. m., for three pairs of horses of sufficient strength to draw the two-horse street sprinkler or sprinklers; also one horse of sufficient strength to draw the one-horse sprinkler, when and where required. The parties tendering must state their rate per hour for day and also for night work for each pair of horses and for the single horse; they will be required to furnish horses, harness and driver for each team; provide feed for horses and keep them shod. The Corporation will furnish sprinklers, water and whiffletrees. The work must be done to the entire satisfaction of the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria or their agent, whom they may appoint for that purpose.

The parties will be required to enter into an agreement with the Corporation and to furnish satisfactory bonds to the amount of $500 for the due performance of the work.

No advertisements to be placed on sprinklers or horses without permission of the City Council.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Purchasing Agent.
City Hall, Victoria, B. C., Feb. 17, 1906.
f18

COURT HOUSE, VANCOUVER.

Notice to Architects—Competitive Designs.

The Government of British Columbia invite Architects to submit competitive designs for a new Court House which it is proposed to erect at Vancouver, B. C., at a cost not exceeding $150,000.

The drawings, addressed to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner and superscribed "Design, Court House, Vancouver," are to be sent in on or before the 10th March, 1906, accompanied by a specification and report.

The drawings, specification and report shall have no distinguishing mark or motto, the author's name being enclosed in a blank sealed envelope securely attached to the drawings submitted.

The drawings shall include only a floor plan of each floor, section and two elevations, and shall be drawn to an eight scale. The sectional parts of the walls shall be blacked in, and the elevations shall be in line only in ink. No etching or coloring of any kind shall be permitted.

The accommodation shall consist of: (1.) Boiler room; (2.) Police Department; (3) Six cells; (4.) Timber Agent's office; (5.) Assessor and Collector's office; (6.) Agricultural Department; (7.) Assize Court; (8.) Full Court; (9.) County Court; (10.) Chambers Court; (11.) Small Debts Court; (12.) Six Judges' rooms; (13.) Barristers' room; (14.) Law Society Library; (15.) Sheriff's office; (16.) Registrar Supreme Court office; (17.) Registrar County Court office; (18.) Tax Cost office; (19.) Stenographer's room; (20.) Grand Jury room; (21.) Petty Jury room; (22.) Witnesses' rooms; (23.) Caretaker's quarters; (24.) Land Registry office; (25.) Vaults for Court records; (26.) Water closets, etc.

It is suggested that the Land Registry office shall be a separate fire-proof building, and therefore the design shall show it as an annex on one side of the main building. The corresponding annex on the other side shall accommodate all offices not directly connected with the Courts.

The design shall be so arranged that additions harmonizing with the original building can be made as the public service may require it.

The drawings shall be judicated upon by Messrs. Darling and Pierson, of Toronto, or by the President of the Toronto Institute of Architects.

The design placed first by the judicators shall receive a premium of $350, and the design receiving second place $250.

The Government does not bind itself to erect the building from any of the designs submitted.

The site of the proposed building is Block 51, situated immediately west of the C. P. R. Hotel, between Georgia Street and Robson Street on the south and Howe Street and Hornby Street on the west.

F. C. GAMBLE,
Public Works Engineer.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 10th February, 1906. f15

TENDERS

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon of March 1, 1906, for the purchase of the premises used by S. H. Pearce as a Salmon and Clam Cannery, situated on Spicer Island, together with all goods, wares, merchandise, machinery and chattels contained in and about the said premises, these chattels being more particularly described as follows: 4 Cooking Kettles, 1 Cooler Kettle, 1 Crimper Machine, 1 Filling Table, 2 Selves, 1,200 Floats, 2 Bbl. Lacquer, 7 Bars Iron, 4 Charcoal Stoves, 1 Anchor, 2 Pair Block and Tackle, 7 Lanterns, 1 Lacquer Table, 200 lbs. Solder, 1 Soldering Machine, 5 Axes, 1 W. Wrush, 250 Grays, 100 lbs, Fine Salt, 3 Stoves, 100 lbs. Coal, 1 Scales, 2 Wash Tubs, 2½ Pr. Windows, 11 Houses, 1 Water Keg, 35 M. T. S. Boxes, 1 Truck, 3 Cases Cans, 1 Salt Table, 1 Lye Kettle, 1 Soldering Machine, 24 Coolers, 1 Fish Table, 2 Gill Nets, 2 Coils Cotton Rope, 1 Rig Fin, 1 Carboy Acid, 1 Truck, 1 Traveler, 1 Anvil, 2 Clam Tables, 1 Blacksmith Outfit, 1 Water Tank, 2 Cross-cut Saws, 1½ Kegs Nails, 10 lbs. Hanging Twine, 2 Boxes Hooks, 1 Monkey Wrench, 3 But Knives, 1 Price Hose, 14 Soldering Irons, 2 Fish Boxes, 2 Drums, 2,500 Clam Labels, 25 Sets Coolers Chains, 1 Selve Table, 1 Vice, 4 Buckets, 1 Table.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

PERCY WOLLASTON, JR.,
Trustee.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend to apply at the next regular sittings of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a transfer of the Retail Liquor License now held by us to sell spirituous or fermented liquors at the premises known as the Prince of Wales' Saloon, situate at the corner of Government and Cormorant Street, and known as 166 Government Street, Victoria, to the premises known as the Prince Saloon, situate at the corner of Pandora and Government Streets, and known as 133 Government Street, Victoria.

Dated January 23, 1906.

ja24 JOSEPH H. BROWN.

IN THE MATTER of an Application for a Duplicate of Certificate of Title to Lot 158, Black X, Hillside Extension of the Work Estate (Map 132), Victoria City.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof to issue a Duplicate of the Certificate of Title to the above land issued to Peter Hansen on the 3rd day of February, 1892, and numbered 13390A.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., 14th day of February, 1906. f16

TAKE NOTICE that a general meeting of F. C. Davidge & Co., Ltd., will be held at the offices of the undersigned on Monday, the 5th day of March, 1906, at the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of placing the Liquidator's account before the shareholders, and for hearing any explanation which the Liquidator may give.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 26th day of January, 1906.

ROBERTSON & ROBERTSON,
32 Langley Street, Victoria, B. C., Solicitors for the Liquidator. ja27

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for a transfer to Joseph Boscowitz of my retail liquor license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the Imperial Bar, situate in the Imperial Building at the corner of View and Douglas Streets.

Dated the 5th day of February, A. D. 1906.

C. E. CAPPLEMANN.
By his Attorney in Fact,
Joseph Boscowitz.
f6

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land, situate at "Columbia Point," Maple Bay, Portland Canal, B. C.: Commencing at my No. 1 Post, marked J. M. C.'s N. E. Corner, thence running 40 chains south, thence 40 chains west, thence 40 chains north following along shore line to point of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less. Dated Portland Canal, B. C., December 27, 1905.

ja14 (Sd.) J. MAXWELL COLLISON.

NOTICE.

In the goods of William Austin, deceased.

All persons indebted to the estate of the above named deceased are required to pay the amount of such indebtedness to the undersigned forthwith, and all persons having claims against the said estate are required to forward particulars thereof to the undersigned, duly verified, on or before the 24th day of February, 1906.

Dated the 12th day of February, 1906.

YATES & JAY,
22 Bastion St., Victoria, Solicitors for
James W. Meldrum, Executor. f13

LAST WEEK AT THE OLD STAND

We still have on hand too many Shoes and broken lines that space in our New Store will not permit us to move and with Spring Goods on the way, we have figured that

3000 PAIRS OF SHOES ARE IN THE WAY AT THE MIGHTY CONTINUANCE SHOE SALE

We could not buy space enough to insert all of our different lines distinctly enough, therefore we ask you to

COME AND CARRY AWAY THESE SHOES

Values were never greater! Saving, even, never equalled!

Former bargains cut to atoms. Come and rid us of these Shoes; we haven't the room in our New Store for this stupendous stock and what Spring Goods are arriving.

We want 1000 Ladies, 1000 Gents, 500 Boys and 500 Girls to buy 3000 pairs of Shoes that are in the way at

The Removal Shoe Sale

That has never been eclipsed in this city. Values have never been greater, and savings never equalled.

We Move to 62 Yates Street March 1st

103 GOVERNMENT ST. **FULLERTON'S** 103 GOVERNMENT ST.

Moving March 1st 62 Yates St.

Victorian's Visit To Sunny South

Wm. Christie of C.P.R. Telegraphs Tells of Trip to Los Angeles.

Astounded at Enterprise of the People in California's Tourist Metropolis.

Wm. Christie, local manager of the C. P. R. telegraphs, who recently returned from a visit to southern California, was interviewed by a Colonist reporter. He said:

"Like many others, I have lived here so long that I had, in a manner, overlooked the fact (or possibly I may have been fairly advanced on the road to overlooking the fact) that there is an outside world at all. I returned quite convinced that 'there are others,' and a great many of them, too.

"I spent the greater portion of my vacation in Los Angeles, where I had greater facilities possibly than the average tourist of seeing what there was to be seen, having a horse and carriage at my disposal all the time and a guide who knew every nook and cranny of the city. Day after day I drove into new sections of

The Residential Portion.

of the city, every fresh section disclosing squares of magnificent residences, and on every hand evidences of great wealth and prosperity. In driving around one thing which struck me was the total absence of fences and the neatness of the streets, sidewalks and lawns. The streets are mostly oiled, forming a sort of asphalt, then a cement curb, then grass, then cement sidewalk, next another strip of grass, then a curbing of concrete and a lawn with the residence set back some 25 or 30 feet. All the houses are set at a uniform distance from the street, and all lawns and grass along the sidewalks are neatly kept. In some places a variation is made by solid masses of geraniums in place of grass alongside the sidewalks. On Beacon street, where I was staying, there is a double row of beautiful palm trees along each side of the streets, trees some 25 feet in height, and I never got tired admiring them. I do not think there is a street in the city less than 80 feet in width, and Sunset boulevard is 180. The absence of fences makes the street appear about double its real width. The houses are built in all styles of architecture, yet they all appear to harmonize.

"You can drive day after day and mile after mile through streets and houses such as I have described, everywhere nothing evidences of vast wealth and great taste.

"Probably the thing which most impresses a visitor is

The Street Car System

It is undoubtedly the best in America, probably in the world (at any rate an Angel would always inform you that anything relating to his city was the "biggest on earth"). There are over 750 miles of urban and interurban electric railways, running to all points of the compass and representing an investment of some $30,000,000. The fare is 5 cents within the city limits, and I suppose it is 10 or 12 miles across the city. The beaches are some 25 miles away, and are reached by electric and steam cars. There are probably a dozen of these beaches, each a thriving community. Take one—Venice—as an instance. It was a patch of drifting sand alongside the ocean a few months ago. A man from the East took hold of the sand, and in the few months has planted a corner of fairyland, dug, cemented and filled with several feet of water a couple of miles of sand, on which float gondolas and boats. It is crossed by a dozen or so of the pretty stone bridges, and building sites are being sold alongside this canal and residences built. All kinds of amusements are located here in fancy buildings of all kinds and descriptions. A long pier runs out into the ocean, built upon the sides with handsome business structures. Near the end of the pier on one side is a large hotel (The Cabrillo) built in the form of a large ship. On the other side is the Auditorium, where for 10 cents you can go in and listen to a splendid band and have refreshments of all kinds served to you. Everything in Venice follows the Venetian

Style of Architecture

I was told $1,500,000 had already been spent manufacturing this pleasure resort, and that that will be more than trebled before it is complete. Another similar place—Naples—will also be under way soon at another beach some miles south. It is no more going to Venice from Los Angeles than to Esquimalt from Victoria. You are whisked through in some 35 minutes, and if you miss a car you get another by waiting six minutes. The return fare is 50 cents, which they are endeavoring to have cut down. All along the car lines the country is building up solid, and a number of thriving suburbs are knocking for admittance and will be taken in soon. Indeed it is no wild dream to say that most of the beach district will one day form part of Greater Los Angeles.

"Numbers of trips may be taken by 'Observation Car' for $1. One I took visited nearly all the beaches, stoppages for dinner and sight-seeing, and 30 miles of sea travel from Newport to San Pedro and return. At San Pedro a three-mile breakwater is being built—'the biggest in the world, and it will be the finest harbor in the world'—is what the conductor tells you. This trip was 120 miles and occupied from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. It is one of several such trips to be had, and is certainly well worth taking. Mr. Brown, our conductor, kept us all instructed, interested and amused by his running comments as we passed along. He ascribed everything in sight to the climate, and I don't know but what he was right to a great extent. I have to thank Mr. Brown for a very pleasant day.

"A great many oranges are grown in the vicinity of Los Angeles, but their great crop is

The Tourist Crop

It appears to be about ripe at this time of year, and numbers 100,000. It sheds a rich yellow stream of $20 gold pieces continually. Night and day the stream flows on—averaging probably $500,000 per day, possibly more. To house these strangers, many hotels, lodging houses, apartment houses, flats, etc., are required. Such buildings are very plentiful and are going up on all sides just as quickly as material can be placed on the ground and the energy and ingenuity of man can construct the extensive and costly fabrics necessitated by the demands. You will see structures which we would consider most creditable in our city, ruthlessly torn down to make way for more commodious affairs. Take one example—at the corner of Main and 6th streets stands the Pacific Electric Light block. It is said to be the 'largest office building in the world' by the Angels. The ground floor is devoted to the purposes of the Huntington electric railway system, which owns it. All the electric cars of that system start from there, and their manner of handling the immense traffic is well worthy of an hour's examination. The building is built of white pressed brick and is some eight or nine stories in height, occupying 1½ acres of space. Express elevators whisk you up to any floor, on which are located hundreds of offices, lawyers, architects, doctors, engineers—everything. The top two floors are occupied by the Jonathan Club, who have probably as fine quarters as any club west of New York., occupying three acres of floor space, most luxuriously furnished with a beautiful little theatre and ballroom, a roof garden of half an acre, fine gymnasium, and other luxuries demanded by the clubman. An hour or two loafed away there, up over the busy city, is indeed a pleasure.

A Prosperous Town

"The banks—I do not know how many there are—present a busy scene—streams of people going in and out. They find it necessary to open from 7 to 8 in the evening to receive deposits. Some of them have splendid quarters. Take one, the Southern California Savings Bank. It is located in the highest building in the city, corner of Spring and 4th, I think. A general banking business is done, also safe deposit boxes are rented. Ladies, tired out, can go in there and find a snug resting place for half an hour, with every convenience. If they wish to write a note, stationery is at their hands; or maybe they wish to telephone, a telephone is at their elbows. Telephones are everywhere within reach for the use of customers. Several men and women attendants are constantly bustling about showing people where to go and what to do, so that there is no confusion though there may be several hundred customers in the premises. I undertsand money is plentiful and easy, the banks advancing freely on real estate security—which gets me on to the values of real estate, which is really the pulse of a city's prosperity.

"The prices of property are simply fabulous. I suppose the value of the property on Spring and 4th, which I have just described, would be $10,000 per front foot, or $500,000 for a lot 50x100. Some property sold, while I was there, away down Spring street, near 8th, I think, at $3,750 per front foot, and another piece where Spring and Main form a junction, a long piece with little width, I was told, sold for $500,000. Residential property 20 or 25 blocks away runs from $100 to $250 per front foot, $5,000 to $10,000 per lot. The real estate man's ideas of putting property on the market differ somewhat from ours. Some day an automobile will descend upon

An Orange Farmer

two or three real estate men will spill out. In ten minutes the farmer has sold out at $1,800 or $2,000 an acre, and is given notice to clear out within 48 hours. Back flies the automobile. Next day surveyors are on the ground, followed by contractors, who cut all the streets (which our real estate men show on maps), put down an oiled pavement, put in a curb on both sides, cement sidewalks, and if necessary to cut down the grade, they do so and build the necessary retaining walls, putting steps up for each lot. If a hill is met it is leveled down and a hollow filled up by the the same process; sewerage, water, electric light and street cars are all arranged for; then the property, ready to build on, is put on the market and quickly sold and quickly built on, to the benefit of the people and of the city. This has been done and is still being done over many square miles of country, and has greatly helped to make Los Angeles what it is, and will help to make it fulfil its destiny as one of the great cities of the United States.

"What has brought all this about? I am told that a very few years ago Los Angeles was an unimportant little place with no prospects. How has it leaped into its present enviable position? It is advertising—ceaseless, persistent, advertising. It means that the people have spent their thousands in making their climate (which is their backbone) known, and they are reaping their hundreds of thousands in harvest. It means that the 205,000 Los Angelans are as one person when it comes to a question as to which is the greatest city in the world. All their hands go up together for Los Angeles of course. Let one of them start an aerial route to Mars, a new excursion route, round-trip tickets $10, one and a half hours layover at the Moon for lunch. In Victoria there would be sure to be a number of people rush into print, assert that such an enterprise was a crazy idea and that the promoters should be in the asylum. The Angels, on the contrary, will boost it along, and buy tickets to Mars, even though they may not intend to go. They pull together, they help one another for the common good, and they do not let their light shine under a bushel, but by a jug full.

VICTORIA'S ADVANTAGES 6.. 6..

"Victoria has natural advantages which no other city on the Pacific coast possesses. The natural beauties are infinitely superior to Los Angeles, our climate is at least equally good, and it strikes me that it merely wants a long pull, a strong pull and a pull all together to send our population up- up- up like the city I have noted.

"Los Angeles should receive particular attention from the Tourist Association. I am told literature has been sent there. I saw none, nor did I hear Victoria's name in anybody's mouth, except one day a gentleman remarked we were getting some gruesome advertising. It was the time of the Valencia wreck.

"I would strongly advise anybody who can do so to pay Los Angeles a visit, and they will surely come home with their ideas broadened, and with a very different idea of what can be and should be made of our city."

Local News

Y. M. C. A. Socials.—The first of the series of monthly socials will be held by the members of the Y. M. C. A. at their building this evening. They have invited a large number of their gentlemen friends and a good time will be had.

The Bye-Election.—The Colonist is requested to ask on behalf of the chairmen of the ward committees that all persons who desire to assist in any way in the election of the Liberal-Conservative candidate to send in their names to members of the executive committee. Permanent committee rooms will be engaged today, due notice of which will be given in tomorrow's issue.

The Arion Club.—The second concert of the fourteenth season of the Arion concert will be held on Tuesday evening next in the Institute hall, instead of Monday, as originally intended. The committee wish to express their regret at being obliged to change the date, and trust that it will not cause any inconvenience to their associate members. The programme is especially attractive, consisting entirely of the work of Dudley Buck. Wishing to meet the urgent request of a great number of their associate members, the club has engaged the services of Miss Lewys of Seattle, the contralto who so pleased her hearers last season. It was because yesterday afternoon a telegram arrive dfrom this lady saying she could not sing on Monday, but would come on Tuesday, that the date was changed. Mrs. Herman Robertson will alaso be heard in piano selections, a pleasure one always looks forward to, and she is also accompanying the club members. Owning to the illness of Mr. Russell's father, Mr. Herbert Kent will wield the baton.

Carlow-Camsusa.—On Saturday, February 17th, the Rev. J. Leterme united in marriage Miss Myra Carlow and Mr. Louis Camsusa, both of this city.

Just five years ago today Mr. H. Stadthagen, the Indian trader, of 79 Johnson street, started in the Indian curio business in a small way, and has kept on increasing in volume and capacity until his business has reached the highest notch of perfection as an Indian curio house. During his business career so far ae has had the honor of the distinguished patronage of Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales, as also Her Highness Princess Colorado Mansfield and many other notable persons, while touring in British Columbia. Mr. Stadthagen is a thorough business man, and has a good grasp of the Indian trade of British Columbia. It was he who secured all the war lanterns disposed of by auction at the last navy sale, some of which belonged and came from the old wooden battleship Sattelite, commanded by Capt. Provost, also the war lanterns in which wax candles were used. The trader also carries a large stock of very ancient and unique brass candlesticks and pewterware, also some very unique Russian souvenirs. *

Monkey Brand Soap cleans kitchen utensils, steel, iron and tinware, knives and forks, and all kinds of cutlery. 30

COUNCIL OF THE BOARD OF TRADE

Recommendations Made to New Minister at Session Held Yesterday.

An important meeting of the council of the board of trade was held yesterday forenoon to consider what representations should be made to Hon. William Templeman, minister of inland revenue, in respect to provincial requirements. J. A. Mara occupied the chair and there were present Simon Leiser, Capt. J. G. Cox, F. A. Pauline, S. J. Pitts, R. P. Butchart and T. M. Henderson.

Capt. J. G. Cox, one of the commissioners of the Valencia inquiry, informed the council that the government had made a prompt response to certain recommendations and had already let a contract for a surf boat, which would be followed by the ordering of modern lifeboats to be stationed on the west coast.

Among the requests that will be placed before Hon. Wm. Templeman were the following, which will be presented to the minister by the council.

The acquisition by the Dominion government of lot 570 B, Victoria, Sehl's Point.

A light and fog alarm on Trial Island and various other aids to navigation.

A new dredge to replace the Mud Lark, for which funds have been voted.

An experimental farm on Vancouver Island.

Estimate of cost of a bridge across Seymour Narrows.

A drydock at Esquimalt to accommodate modern ocean vessels.

Port charges at Victoria.

Report upon the most advisable methods of increasing harbor facilities for ocean vessels.

An estimate of cost of breakwater at Brotchie Ledge, if that scheme is decided upon.

A number of communications and letters were reported to the council and disposed of.

Messrs. Staerker & Fischer, of Sydney, New South Wales, owners of sawmills in Australia, requested to be placed in communication with Victoria firms dealing in hard and fancy wood. G. E. Watts, also of Sydney, N. S. W., wrote, upon recommendation of J. S. Leake, Dominion commercial agent in Australia, acking to be introduced to Canadian exporters of canned fish.

The council endorsed the request of W. A. Ward that representations be made to Lloyd's agency that no extra insurance be charged vessels en route to Nome when using the inside passage north of Comox, and referred the same to the harbors and navigation committee.

On Saturday last the Vancouver board of trade, by telegram, requested the Victoria board to co-operate in opposing bill No. 29, entitled "The master and servant act amendment act," now before the local legislature. The measure proposes to make it compulsory to pay all employees receiving less than $4 a day at intervals not exceeding 14 days, and in the event of an employee wishing to leave an employer, that he shall be remunerated forthwith up to the time of resigning. The board's legislative committee, which had been instructed to investigate the matter, reported the bill as vicious in principle and obnoxious in practice, and recommended that the board strongly protest against it as not being in the public interest. The same committee also reported upon bill No. 20, dealing with shop closing, and designated it is not in the interest of the public. They expressed the opinion that it should be protested against also. The council endorsed the report and ordered that the premier and the local representatives in the house be requested to oppose both proposals.

The request of the Dawson board of trade for an endorsation of their memorial to the Dominion government asking that the installation of a water system for mining purposes should be subsidized and controlled by the government was approved of, and the Dominion government will be communicated with.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, sixty (60) days after date, I intend to make applicalton to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described piece of land, situate on the west bank of the Skeena River, about half a mile above Copper River: Commencing at a post marked "B. J. Perry's Northwest Corner," thence south 40 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the Skeena River, thence West 80 chains along the Skeena River to point of commencement.

B. J. PERRY.
F. M. Dockrill,
Agent.
Dated at Skeena Canyon, December 28, 1905. Ja17

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land:

Beginning at a post planted on the Left Bank of the Skeena River about 3½ miles from Kitwangar (adjoining a Post marked "H. Draper's N.E. C. Post), marked "E. P. N.W. C. Post," thence East (40) Forty Chains, thence North to Bank of the River, thence following Bank of River to point of commencement, and containing two hundred acres more or less.

(Signed) ELIZABETH PRICE.
Dated December 8, 1905. Ja17

NOTICE is hereby given that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land, situated in the Skeena River District, near Hazelton: Commencing at a post marked "F. M. D., N.E. Corner," planted on the right bank of the Skeena River, one mile below the Southeast corner post of Lot No. 501, thence running west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east about 80 chains to the bank of Skeena River, thence following up the right bank of the Skeena River to point of commencement, and containing 640 acres more or less.

F. M. DOCKRILL, Locator,
G. M. Swan, agent.
Dated at Hazelton, B. C., December 8, 1905. d27

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situated in Cassiar District: Commencing at a post set at the N. E. corner of Cor-Ya-Tsa-Qua Indian Reserve, thence W. 20 chains, thence N. 20 chains, thence E. 80 chains more or less to Bulkley River, thence following the meandering of the river southerly 40 chains more or less, thence W. to said Indian Reserve, thence following the East boundary of said Indian Reserve to place of commencement, containing 300 acres more or less.

LOUIS CUPPAGE.
Victoria, B. C., February 7, 1906. f8

Lifebuoy Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases. 22

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post at the Northeast corner of R. Tomlinson, sr., pre-emption on the left bank of Skeena River, marked E. S.'s S. W. corner, thence South 20 chains, thence East 40 chains, thence North 30 chains to bank of river, thence by bank of river to point of commencement, containing 100 acres more or less.

Meanskinisht, B. C., January 9, 1906.
f14 (Signed) EDWARD STUART.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following land in Cassiar District, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a post planted on the West bank of the Skeena River, about one mile below Hazelton, and marked "T. Olsen's Initial Post," thence West 40 chains, thence South 80 chains, thence East 40 chains, from thence following the winding of the river to the point of commencement, containing 320 acres more or less.

Hazelton, B. C., December 8, 1905.
f13 THOS. OLSEN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post at the Northeast corner of my pre-emption on the right bank of Skeena River, marked R. T.'s S. E. corner, thence West 20 chains, thence North 20 chains, thence East 20 chains to point of commencement, containing 40 acres, more or less.

Meanskinisht, B. C., January 9, 1906.
f14 (Signed) ROBERT TOMLINSON, JR.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post on the left bank of Skeena River, about two miles North of R. Tomlinson's pre-emption, marked P. S.'s N. W. corner, thence 20 chains East, thence 20 chains south, thence 11 chains West to the river, thence by the bank of river to point of commencement, containing 40 acres, more or less.

Meanskinisht, B. C., January 9, 1906.
f14 (Signed) PHILIP SUTTON.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post at R. Tomlinson's pre-emption, marked S. B.'s S. W. corner, thence North 40 chains, thence East 40 chains, thence South 10 chains to right bank of Skeena River, thence by bank of river to point of commencement., containing 80 acres more or less.

Meanskinisht, B. C., January 9, 1906.
f14 (Signed) SAMUEL BRIGHT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post at S. B.'s S. E. marked A. W.'s S. W. corner, thence North 40 chains, thence East 48 to bank of the river, thence by bank of river to point of commencement, containing 100 acres more or less.

Meanskinisht, B. C., January 9, 1906.
f14 (Signed) AMOS WILLIAMS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post at S. B.'s Northeast corner, marked S. M.'s S. E. corner, thence West 20 chains, thence North 20 chains, thence East 20 chains, thence South 20 chains to point of commencement, containing 40 acres more or less.

Meanskinisht, B. C., January 9, 1906.
f14 (Signed) STEPHEN MORGAN.

"APENTA"

The Safest and Most Reliable Household Aperient.

The RICHNESS of APENTA WATER in natural saline aperients renders it the most valuable and safest laxative and purgative.

War Against "White Plague"

Provincial Convention Held at the City Hall Yesterday Evening.

Resolutions Passed Urging Government to Assist Establishing Sanetorium.

A thoroughly representative and intelligent meeting was that held last night in the committee room at the city hall, on the occasion of the second annual session of the British Columbia Anti-Tuberculosis Society. Dr. A. P. Procter of Vancouver, president of the society, occupied the chair, and Dr. C. J. Fagan was secretary. Among the representatives of municipalities present from out of town were Dr. J. C. Arthur of Nelson; Mayor George Rumberger of Phoenix; C. W. Munro, M. P. P., of Chilliwack; Mayor Planta of Nanaimo; J. R. Brown, M. P. P., of Greenwood; H. Floyd, city clerk, Revelstoke; Dr. Walker, New Westminster; William Davidson, M. P. P., of Slocan City; W. H. Edmonds of Kamloops; W. T. Holtby of Armstrong; Alderman Godwin of Vernon; J. H. Hawthornthwaite, M. P. P., Nanaimo; Dr. A. P. Proctor, of Vancouver; Dr. Davie, Dr. Hasell, Mr. Worsfold, Mr. Carmichael, Rev. Mr. Clay and others of Victoria.

After the meeting had been called to order, a communication was received from Mayor A. J. Morley, expressing his regret at being unable to attend, on account of the council meeting, and wishing the society every success.

President Dr. Procter then addressed the members on the work of the society, its needs and hopes, as follows:

"Ladies and Gentlemen: When I came over this afternoon at the invitation of Dr. J. C. Fagan, it was not with the idea of delivering an address—there are many others here better able to do that—but to show my interest and sympathy in the battle being waged against tubercular disease, and perhaps as president of what I believe to be one of the most, if not the most, humane movements in this province, it may be expected that I should say something of the objects to be achieved and the work being done by this association in its effort to eradicate this scourge.

"The objects are briefly two: (1) The looking after those who are already affected by this disease; (2) its prevention.

"I suppose the two diseases responsible for most of the misery and disease of the present da yare tuberculosis and alcohol. Few thinking men with their eyes open will deny this. Every physician will confirm it. Every year sees some

Nine Thousand Deaths

in our Dominion alone from tuberculosis, and some two hundred in our own province. As only a small percentage of those who are affected die each year, this means that we have in our province a small army of those suffering from tuberculosis, most of them walking about, some of them trying to attend to their work and mingling with our people and spreading the disease broadcast—because if one thing has struck me more than another in my experience with these patients it has been either their almost criminal carelessness in avoiding infecting others, or else their absolute ignorance of the risks they are imposing upon others. Some, but very few only, have any intelligent idea of safeguarding themselves and others. This is the condition in our province today. What are you going to do about it?

"Apart from our duty to those of us who are not affected, have we no responsibility towards these people who are sick and in need? I am not speaking here of the rich consumptives, except for the fact that he is a sufferer from this disease because he can go where he likes and get what attention he needs in the climate best suited to him. I am speaking of the poor consumptive who, because of the need of some institution in a proper climate—a few necessary dollars—must remain under his present unhealthy conditions, after trying to make his living until the inevitable end to the struggle arrives at last. And yet we are told on the most unimpeachable scientific authority that consumption in the early stages, at least, under proper conditions, is usually curable—not always—but I believe generally. Consumption is in fact a most curable disease and tends to get better if given half a chance. We doctors know from what we see at post mortem examinations that a surprising number of people who have died from some other cause altogether, show in their lungs unmistakeable evidences of having had at sometime tubercular disease, and got better. So there you have unanswerable evidence as to the frequency and curability of consumption under ordinary conditions. How many more would be given back to their friends and to usefulness if placed under the best conditions!

"Ladies and gentlemen, that such a condition of things should exist in our province, that we should still have this small army of tubercular patients in our midst, for whom little or nothing is being done, and this after the last twenty years of enlightenment as to the causation, the prevention, and the curability of this disease, I hold to be

A Crying Disgrace

to our country and to the cause of humanity. We are even more guilty still. We have not even the excuse that the means of dealing with the problem are not beside us. We have right within the borders of our own province what I believe to be one of the finest climates for the treatment of this disease on this continent. I refer to the dry belt of the interior. During the years I resided there I saw again and again excellent results in patients who came early—and this in spite of poor accommodation at hote's and boarding houses, and with little or no treatment, except that of climate. Many who came too late of course died; but even these had their lives prolonged. You hear a great deal of nonsense, and see a great deal written about climate not being essential in the treatment of this disease—that provided these patients get fresh air and sunlight, they stay anywhere. But there is a great deal more fine, clear weather and sunlight and dry air in some places than others, and you will find the greatest amount in the dry belt of our interior, more weather in which people can get out in the sunshine than any place I know of in the Dominion.

"What we need then is an institution in the best climate, where these early cases can go and be given the best possible chance for recovery. In the last two years I have had the opportunity of spending some time in Dr. Trudeau's sanitarium at Sarasac and Dr. Von Ruck' sinstitution at Asheville, North Carolina, and it is an inspiration to see what can be done under proper conditions. A second place is needed which might be anywhere, in which the hopeless and incurable cases can be looked after.

Prevention

"I next come to the saving of those not affected—the prevention of the disease. I have already given one, perhaps the chief, means of prevention—the taking an intelligent care of those affected—so that they be no longer centres of infection to those around them. Educating the public is perhaps of next importance. Teaching people that it is not by standing idly and hopelessly by while the disease speedily spreads, but that by their intelligent and sympathetic co-operation the disease can be largely stamped out. Lastly, by improving the conditions under which too many of our people live. We know that the tubercle bacillus hates sunlight and fresh air. We should see to it then that these conditions are within the reach of each of our fellow-citizens. We should insist that our wage-earners receive such remuneration as will enable every one to have a decent place in which to live and work, with a sufficiency of good food and fresh air.

"Under a stringent health act, rigidly enforced, our people should have ensured to them a pure milk supply and good food, and overcrowding with its attendant disease and misery should be impossible. The fact is, that too often few of us, unless it is brought actually home to ourselves, realize the value of human life. An average life has been estimated to be worth as a producer to the state two thousand dollars, and yet we begrudge the paltry salary paid to our health officials, whose business it is to safeguard the health interests of our people, and who, without any question, by the prevention of disease are saving valuable lives every day (Chicago and the milk supply). Too many people who seem interested only in questions of dollars and cents forget, or do not realize, the enonomic value of the public health.

"In closing, I have only now to ask Dr. Fagan to tell you what your association has been doing, and just here, before I sit down, I should like to say that you and this province are fortunate in having so enthusiastic and energetic a secretary as Dr. Fagan. For the past few years he has been struggling almost alone and in the midst of an extraordinary amount of indifference, and a great deal of difficulty and discouragement, to wake up the people of this province to this great question, and to their responsibility in the matter, and it looks almost as though at last his labors were beginning to bear fruit; and I am sure of this, that if his work is to be crowned with success, nothing will give him a deeper satisfaction in his often discouraging work as health officer than the knowledge of what he has been able to do with your support and sympathy on this great question.

Dr. Fagan, as secretary, outlined the work that had been accomplished since the last annual gathering. He desired to correct the impression that the movement to establish a sanitarium for consumptives in this province was a purely charitable one; such an institution would be for rich and poor alike, which brought forth an explanation from the president that by the words "poor people" in his address he simply meant those without means, who, being afflicted by the dread disease, were incapacitated from being wage-earners. Any institution that was established, he said, would be open to everybody afflicted..

Continuing, Dr. Fagan said that Hon. William Templeman had asked him to express his regrets at being unable to be present, and to assure the meeting that the time was ripe to bring the subject of state assistance before the federal authorities, and that he personally would do all he could to assist the society. Telling of the work done, the secretary said that local societies had been formed in Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster, and that the parent society hoped to spread its propaganda so that there would be locals in every city and town in the province.

Dr. Fagan read a lengthy letter addressed to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, urging that on account of the tremendous loss to the state annually in lives from tuberculosis, that federal assistance should be granted to help eradicate the disease and establish sanitariums for the care and cure of those afflicted. The doctor told of his personally meeting the Premier at Ottawa, and Sir Wilfrid promised the utmost consideration of the communication. Lord Strathcona, too, had been approached by Dr. Fagan, and Canada's millionaire high commissioner had

Heartily Endorsed the Movement

and had promised him financial aid for the establishment of a Canadian national sanitarium for consumptives.

Dr. Fagan also told of his visit to President Shaughnessy, of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and of the promise of the company's active support in the offer of $5,000 cash and further assistance of a similar amount if needed. In conclusion the speaker said he had visited Rossland, Nelson and other Kootenay points, where he had given lectures and had worked to awaken public interest in fighting consumption, which was carrying off some 200 people annually in the province.

Local Associations

Mayor Planta of Nanaimo then moved the following: "Resolved, that this association heartily commends the action of the executive in their effort to form local associations in the various cities, towns and districts throughout the province, having in view the following objects: (1) To collect funds for the maintenance of a consumptive sanitorium; (2) to look after the interests of local consumptives; (3) to establish a course of lectures on consumption in public schools; (4) to ask for a municipal grant from local authorities towards the maintenance fund; (5) to ask clergymen to devote one Sunday sermon each year to health matters, the collection to go towards the maintaining of the consumptive sanitorium."

Speaking to the resolution, His Worship thought it was first necessary to show that the people of the country were thoroughly interested before the society could approach municipalities and the governments for financial assistance. He assured the meeting that Nanaimo would also have a society to help on the movement.

Alderman Godwin of Vernon seconded the motion and gave personal experiences of the ravages of the disease in the interior.

The motion carried.

Plea For Public Support

C. W. Munro, M. P. P., of Chilliwack, moved: "That this association again commend to the attention of the Dominion and Provincial governments the urgency of immediate action looking to the establishment of a sanitorium for the care and treatment of consumptives; and further, this association appeals to the people generally, as a matter of vital public importance and mutual protection, to accord the movement their earnest support and liberal financial assistance."

In supporting the motion the member for Chilliwack spoke feelingly on the importance and magnitude of the work that the society had taken up. It appeared to him that the movement, which had emanated from the people, was one properly to be dealt with by the legislature, and he assured the meeting that his confreres in the provincial house would be glad to do missionary work in furtherance of any proposal seeking to secure aid for the establishment of a s anitarium.

J. R. Brown, M. P. P., of Greenwood, ably seconded the resolution in a brief speech, and from his personal knowledge of the work being done in Toronto and at Muskoka to assist the afflicted thought that British Columbia had far greater advantages in the magnificent climate of the "dry belt" to combat it and save lives.

William Davidson, the member for Slocan City, spoke to the resolution along economic lines, and thought the most important step was to elevate the standard of living.

"All great movements emanate from the masses of the people," said James H. Hawthornthwaite in rising to speak to the motion. He, too, claimed the root of the disease was purely an economic one, and the greatest hardship was inflicted on the sufferers among the poor. "If the legislatures were to abandon all the work in hand and take up this one subject and provide a sanitarium for the prevention of the spread of consumption, they would accomplish more good to the country as a whole, over what is accomplished in the work of four sessions" was his summing up of the situation from the point of politics, and he added his assurance that any such movement would receive his hearty approval.

From the Mining Camps

George Rumberger, Mayor of Phoenix, was the next speaker. He told of the thousands of dollars spent in his home city in stamping out smallpox, typhoid and diphtheria, diseases which the general public knew and were afraid of; but when it came to consumption there was too much apathy. He thought that if the society came forward and explained the great necessity for financial assistance toward stamping out the "white plague" that they would not be turned away empty-handed. "I am perfectly satisfied that Phoenix will support you financially and will do its share when asked," said His Worship. The Mayor then introduced the following:

"Resolved, that the executive communicate with the various municipal bodies in the province on the importance and need of co-operating in the work of the association, pointing out to them the effect and extent of the work now being undertaken, and asking them to support such work financially, and also, by lending their influence as public bodies entrusted with the public welfare."

Dr. Arthur, medical health officer of Nelson, seconded the resolution and discussed the question of financial assistance. He too thought the public mind had not grasped the importance of combatting the spread of tuberculosis and that while it was a contagious disease it is not hereditary and could in most cases be combatted successfully.

Dr. Walker of New Westminster said that up to the presnt time the work done by the society had been purely of a missionary and educational character because of the lack of funds for practical work. He thought that there should be a more vigorous effort put forth to obtain the necessary finances to establish a sanitarium. To his mind too strong and persistent effort could not be made to urge both Dominion and Provincial governments to donate funds so that a start could be made. If the government would set the example he felt sure the municipalities would willingly lend financial aid.

Dr. Davie followed with a most interesting sketch of the situation of which he said the people failed to grasp its immensity. Tuberculosis, he said, is known to cause more deaths than both wars and all the other diseases put together. He explained the causes of the disease and urged that greater prevention to its spread could be secured through proper legislative enactments of a simple character if rigidly enforced, i.e., the prohibition of expectoration and the rigid inspection of milk supplies and slaughtering of cattle. In his opinion no greater subject today confronted the general public and the medical fraternity than the immediate establishment of a sanitarium and he believed no section of the province was offered a better location for such than the "Dry Belt" did.

The Provisional Board

H. Floyd, city clerk of Revelstoke, said that Revelstoke was heartily in sympathy with the work of the society in endeavoring to secure funds for a sanitarium, and now that such was within measurable distance of accomplishment and so that the association might be properly empowered to carry on the work he offered the following resolution: "Resolved, that the executive are hereby authorized by the association to appoint, whenever necessary, a provisional board of directors, who shall be entrusted with the conduct and management of the sanitarium, when the same is established, pending the appointment of a permanent board."

Mr. Floyd's motion was seconded by W. T. Holtby of Armstrong, who briefly addressed the meeting as being heartily in support of the movement.

The following committee was nominated to wait upon the provincial government this morning to urge financial assistance towards the erection of a sanitarium. Dr. Davie, Mayor George Rumberger, Rev. Mr. Clay, Dr. Walker and the chairman.

A petition was presented and read from the Local Council of Women of Victoria and Vancouver Island asking the society to take steps to secure the use of the Naval Hospital at Esquimalt for a temporary hospital. Some spirited speeches were made and a motion passed thanking the council for its valuable assistance and suggestion which would be carefully entertained.

The meeting elected the following officers and directors for the ensuing year: Hon. President, the Lieut.-Governor; president, R. Marpole, Vancouver; treasurer, George Gillespie, and secretary, Dr. J. C. Fagan. The executive committee was Rev. Mr Clay, George Coldwell, Dr. Walker, Dr. Arthur, Dr. Underhill, Dr. Davie, Major Dupont, Mr. Galletly, Mayor M. P. Gordon of Kamloops, Mayor George Rumberger Kamloops, Mayor George Rumberger naimo.

The meeting then adjourned.

SICK HEADACHE

Many varieties of headache exist, those most prevalent being sick or bilious headache, nervous headache, headache from constipation, etc.

Headache is an effect of disease, the cry of the suffering body for relief from some oppressing disorder.

Undoubtedly the cause must be removed in order to cure the headache permanently. Wrong action of the stomach, liver or bowels is responsible for nine out of ten cases of headache.

In sick headache (a very common form) there is sometimes nausea and vomiting and usually constipation.

In nearly all forms of headache

Burdock Blood Bitters

has proved itself a specific—a medicine that has cured where all others failed.

Keep the stomach, liver and bowels in perfect working order by the use of nature's regulator and tonic, Burdock Blood Bitters, which cures all forms of headache by removing the cause.

Miss L. Smith, Morrisburg, Ont., writes: "I desire to let you know how much good Burdock Blood Bitters has done for me. I was troubled with headaches all the time, and could get no relief, until a friend told me of your Burdock Blood Bitters. After taking two bottles of it, I can say that I am completely cured."

B.B.B. is for sale at all druggists and general stores. Do not accept something "just as good."

The Value of Charcoal

Few People Know How Useful It Is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stewart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

Event Honored in London by Dinner at Savoy Hotel.

London, Feb. 22.—Washington's birthday was honored here by a dinner under the auspices of the local branch of the Navy League of the United States at the Savoy hotel.

BOMBARDED COSSACKS.

Mutinous Soldiers Reduced to Submission by Artillery.

Ekaterinodar, Russia, Feb. 22.—The mutinous Cossacks at Ciaginskaia surrendered to the authorities after having been subjected to a bombardment and delivered up their chief agitators and the regimental colors.

TELEPHONERS ON STRIKE.

A Number of Operators at Vancouver Quit Good Jobs.

Vancouver, Feb. 22.—A number of operators and other employees of the telephone company went out this evening. The grievance is chiefly in connection with recognition of the union. There does not seem to be any wage trouble, as the company deals most generously with its employees under this head.

THE COAL CONTROVERSY.

John Mitchell in Conference With Leading Mine Owners.

New York, Feb. 22.—John Mitchell, leader of the coal miners, had long talks today with Harry A. Taylor, the principal coal mine owner of Illinois, and Francis L. Robbins of the Pittsburg Coal Company, leader of the western Pennsylvania operators. Neither would discuss their conference. Mr. Mitchell today explained his statement in Pittsburg yesterday that as far as he knew there would be a strike, by saying it applied to the bituminous situation. Asked if such strike would involve the anthracite regions, he said, "I don't know. You can draw your own conclusions as to that."

THE ALGECIRAS CONFERENCE.

Hopeful Feeling Expressed of Ultimate Agreement.

Algeciras, Feb. 22.—Although the Franco-German deadlock remains unbroken, the opinion of the delegates to the Moroccan conference fluctuates as to the result, the view today being rather more hopeful that some solution is possible. It is largely due to the German attitude that an adjournment will eventually be reached. The Aemrican delegates also continue confident despite the French and British pessimists. Extraordinary activity reigns here. Ambassador White and Minister Cummers today resumed their work toward reconciling the Franco-German differences. At the afternoon sitting the conference settled minor points of the bank question, including the adoption of a gold basis.

The Italian delegates are discussing the possibility of the appointment of conferees as arbitrators to settle the controversal points in the French and German projects should an agreement relative to the majority of the details be attained. Ambassador White persists in his optimistic view.

The Feeling in France

Paris, Feb. 22.—The stranded Franco-German situation appears to have somewhat increased owing to the disheartened tone of the press, which, however, carefully avoids stimulating the war fever. The prevailing view is that the failure of the conference will merely result in continuing the status quo in Morocco. The government appears to participate in this view. But there is reason to believe that France's hopes of maintaining the status quo are likely to meet with another serious check, as the highest German quarters intimate that Germany will resist the status quo on the ground that it would leave France installed in Morocco. Having prevented France from getting the recognition of the powers as the predominant power in Morocco, Germany's next move appears to be to terminate any privileged position which France heretofore has occupied in Morocco.

The steamer Cambrian King arrived from Vancouver yesterday morning and entered the Esquimalt dry dock to be cleaned and painted.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County. SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Salmon's Grand National Sweep

Run at Liverpool, England

Friday, March 30th, 1906

Drawn under the supervision of the Press at Gorge Hotel, Victoria, B. C., on Thursday, March 29.

TICKETS, $1.00 EACH.

1st horse	40 per cent.
2nd horse	20 per cent.
3rd horse	10 per cent.
Starters divide	10 per cent.
Non-starters divide	20 per cent.

Less 10 per cent. for printing, advertising, etc.

WANTED TO LOAN

$15,000.00

on Business Property, also sums ranging from $500.00 and upwards

SWINERTON & ODDY

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents

102 GOVERNMENT STREET

Two Men May Look ....Alike....

The one will be honest and reliable. The other questionable. So with boots. All boots that look well are not honest.

Leckie's Boots are all leather and made to meet western requirements. The logger, the prospector and the miner can depend on them when far from the busy haunts of men.

Ask your dealer for "Leckie Boots" and take no substitute.

WHOLESALE BY

J. Leckie Co., Ld.

VANCOUVER, B. C.

MACHINERY AND ENGINE REPAIRS

BRASS AND IRON CASTINGS, PIPE AND FITTINGS.

CALL ON OR ADDRESS RAMSAY & PATTON

Phone 1022. No. 7 Johnson St., Victoria, B. C.

All Work Promptly Attended to; and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

1906

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CAN BEAT THE BEST

IN ALL KINDS OF

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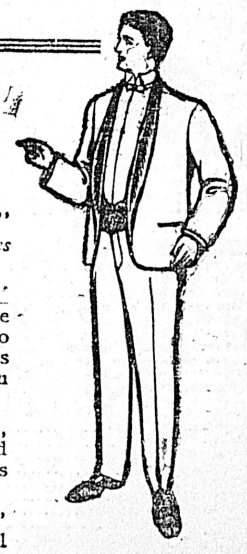
OUR WORK SPEAKS OUR WORTH

"PROGRESS"

Tuxedo Suits



For informal dinners, "stag" events, and all functions where ladies are not in evening dress.

There's a richness and elegance—a grace and smartness—to "PROGRESS" Brand Tuxedos that make them universally worn by well-dressed men.

Soft worsted, lined with silk, cut in the newest London and New York styles, and faultless fitting.

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IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE - - - - - - - - - - - - TORONTO.
CAPITAL AUTHORIZED $4,000,000 00
CAPITAL PAID 3,880,000 00
RESERVE 3,880,000 00
Drafts and Letters of Credit issued. Sterling and Foreign Exchange bought and sold. A General Banking business transacted.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Deposits of $1.00 and upwards received and interest paid at current rate from date of opening of account.

Victoria Branch J. S. GIBB Manager

LOCAL MARKETS

RETAIL MARKETS.

Oats, per ton	$28.00
Wheat, per ton	$35.00
Barley, per ton	$27.00
Hay (Island), per ton	$16.00
Hay (Fraser), per ton	$12.00
Straw, per bale	65
Potatoes (Island), new	$20.00
Corn, whole, per ton	$29.00
Corn, cracked, per ton	$30.00
Feed cornmeal	$30.00
Oatmeal, per 10-lbs.	45
Rolled oats, per 7-lb. sack	35
Hungarian, per bbl	$6.20
Royal Household, per sack	$1.60
Pastry Flour—	
Snow Flake, per sack	$1.40
Snow Flake, per bbl.	$5.25
Three Star, per sack	$1.50
Three Star, per bbl.	$5.80
Drifted Snow, per sack	$1.40
Drifted Snow, per bbl	$5.25
Feed—	
Middlings, per bag of 80 lbs.	$1.10
Bran, per 80-lb. sack	$1.00

FRUIT.

Cooking figs	8 to 10
Figs, Smyrna, per lb.	15 to 25
Valencia raisins, per lb	10
Lemons, California, per doz.	25 to 30
Cocoanuts, each	10
New cleaned currants	10
Best Sultanas	15
Best Sultanas, Smyrna	20
California Sultanas	15
Table raisins	25, 35, 50
Oranges, per doz.	20 to 35
Grapes, per lb.	30

VEGETABLES.

Cabbage, per lb.	3
Tomatoes, per lb.	25
Onions, 8 lbs. for	25
Potatoes, per 100 lbs.	$1.00 to $1.25
Cauliflower, per head	10 to 12½
Carrots, per lb.	1½ to 2

DAIRY PRODUCE.

Eggs—	
Fresh Island, per doz.	40
Manitoba, per doz.	30
Fresh cream, per pint	30
Cheese—	
California cheese, per lb.	25
Canadian cheese, per lb.	20
Butter—	
Manitoba, per lb.	30
Best dairy, per lb.	30
Victoria Creamery, per lb.	40
Cowichan Creamery, per lb.	40
Delta Creamery, per lb.	40
Comox Creamery, per lb.	40
Chilliwack Creamery, per lb.	40

OIL.

Coal oil (Pratt's) per can	$1.50 to $1.60

POULTRY, FISH AND GAME.

Turkeys (local), per lb	30
Turkeys (imported), per lb.	25
Geese, dressed, per lb.	20 to 25
Ducks, dressed, per lb	20 to 25
Spring chicken, dressed, per lb.	22½ to 25
Pigeons, dressed, per pair	40
Rabbits, dressed, each	60 to 75
Hare, dressed, each	75
Fish—	
Cod, salt, per lb	12½
Herring (Holland), salt, per keg	$1.50
Halibut, fresh, per lb.	10 to 12½
Cod, fresh, per lb.	8
Flounders, fresh, per lb.	6
Salmon, salt, per lb.	12½
Salmon, fresh, per lb.	12½
Herring (Nanaimo), per lb.	6
Mackerel, salt, each	15 to 20
Skate, per lb.	6
Smelts, per lb.	10
Oolachans, per lb.	10
Crabs, each	10 to 12½
Clams, per lb.	3
Oysters, Olympia, pint	50
Oysters, Toke Point, doz.	40
Shrimps, per lb.	25 to 35
Meats—	
Tongues, per lb	20
Beef, per lb.	8 to 18
Mutton, per lb.	8 to 18
Hams, American, per lb.	22
Bacon, American, per lb.	22 to 27
Bacon, rolled	16
Pork, per lb.	10 to 15
Veal, per lb.	10 to 18
Lamb, per quarter	$1.25 to $1.75

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Yates street commission houses are in receipt of shipments of pineapples from the Hawaiian Islands. Pineapples are quoted at $3.50 a dozen.

In local green stuffs dealers state that lettuce is very scarce and hothouse tomatoes are coming in slowly. Rhubarb is freely offered by raisers, and the market is well supplied with an excellent quality. Both celery and cauliflower are in good demand.

California is now depended upon almost solely for cabbage. In about a week asparagus will be coming up from the South.

American wheat, per ton	$ 33.00
Manitoba feed wheat, per ton	29.00
Oats, Manitoba, per ton	27.00
Oats, Island, per ton	$28.00
Barley, Manitoba, per ton	25.00
Barley, Island, per ton	28.00
Flour, Hungarian, Ogilvie's, Royal Household, per bbl.	5.70
Flour, Hungarian Lake of the Woods Five Roses, per bbl	5.70
Flour, Hungarian, Moffet's Best	5.45
Flour, pastry flour, Moffet's Drifted Snow, per bbl	4.55
Bran, per ton	24.00
Shorts, per ton	25.00
Middlings, per ton	28.00
Whole corn, per ton	27.00
Cracked corn, per ton	28.00
Hay, Fraser River, per ton	12.00
Hay, Island, per ton	$14 to $16
Feed cornmeal, per ton	28.00
Chop feed, best, per ton	25.00

FRUIT.

Grapes, Malaga, per bbl.	$7.75
Grapefruit, per box.	$3.00
Cranberries, per bbl.	$15.75
Apples (local) per box	$1.50 to $1.75
Bananas, per bunch	$3.00 to $3.35
Cocoanuts, each	8
Lemons (fancy), per box	$4.00
Lemons (choice), per box	$4.00
Pears (local), per box	$1.25
Oranges, Jamaica, per box	$1.75
Oranges, fancy navels, box	$3.00 to $3.25

VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, per crate	$1.50
Cabbages, per lb.	2¾
Turnips, per sack	85
Carrots, per sack	60
Parsnips, per sack	$1.25
Beets, per sack	$1.25
Potatoes (Mainland)	16.00
Potatoes (Island)	18.00
Silver Skin onions, per lb.	2¼
Cauliflower, per doz	$1.25
Sweet potatoes, per lb	3¼
Tomatoes (Island)	20
Rhubarb	12½

MEAT AND POULTRY.

Hams, per lb.	16½
Bacon, per lb	17
Pork, live weight	7
Pork, dressed	9
Veal, live weight	6½
Veal, dressed	9 to 10
Chickens, spring, per lb. live wgt	14
Chickens, old, per lb.	12½
Turkeys, per lb.	20
Turkeys, live weight	20
PRODUCE.	
Eggs (local), fresh, per doz.	32
Eggs (Eastern), per doz.	26 to 28
Butter (local), creamery	35
Comb honey	18

SPORTS

FOOTBALL

The last appearance of the Egeria football team on the local grounds will be tomorrow afternoon, when they will line up against the Victoria United at Oak Bay. They will make a determined effort to lower the colors of the team in white. Previous matches between these teams have always been very exciting and tomorrow's game is expected to be even more exciting.

The game will commence at 2:45 and the local team will be represented as follows: Goal, Whyte; backs, Goward and Gowen; half backs, Tye, Thompson and Lorimer; forwards, Yorke, Berkley, Wilson and Lawson.

Meeting Tomorrow Evening

A special meeting of the Vancouver Island Football Association will be held in the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow evening for the purpose of receiving entries and arranging a schedule for the junior league. Entries are expected from the majority of the junior teams of the city, and Ladysmith is also considering the advisability of entering teams. The meeting has been called for 8 o'clock, and it is important that the delegates are on hand on time.

HOCKEY

The return match between the second elevens from the Victoria and Vancouver hockey teams will take place tomorrow afternoon at Oak Bay. As will be remembered, the local team managed to defeat the team from the Terminal City in Vancouver a short time ago by the small margin of one to nothing, and the visitors will come down with the determination to turn the tables on their opponents. The home team, on the other hand, have slightly strengthened their team and are confident of repeating their victory.

The game will commence immediately after the ladies' game, and will be refereed by H. G. Dalby. The teams will line up as follows:

Victoria—Goal, H. Brown; backs, McArthur and Jenkinson; half backs, Rome, Brae, P. Brown; forwards, Rochfort, Heyland, Gibson, Woods and J. Brown.

Vancouver—Goal, R. Maitland; backs, R. Underhill, G. d'A. Burrows; halves, H. Hepburn, R. Gurd and C. E. Blaney; forwards, B. A. Rhodes, A. E. W. Salt, C. Clarence, H. Bell-Irving and J. Gibson. Spare man, L. C. Wainewright.

Victoria vs. Vancouver Ladies

The members of the ladies' hockey team are expecting the game of their lives tomorrow afternoon, when they meet the team from the Terminal City, in the second match of the season. As will be remembered, the Victoria team went down to defeat before the team from the Mainland in their match at Vancouver, but the local players have learned by experience, and since their return home they have been actively engaged in practice.

It is safe to say that not since hockey was introduced in this city have the ladies been so keen on winning, and not a spare minute has been lost. Every afternoon the majority of the team have been at Oak Bay, and they are now fit to play the game of their lives, and that they will do so tomorrow afternoon goes without saying.

The Vancouver team will arrive this evening and tonight they will be the guests of the Victoria ladies at the ball. They also are reported as practicing regularly, and they will come down determined to repeat the defeat already administered to the locals.

At the conclusion of the match the members of both teams will be entertained at afternoon tea by Mr. Virtue at the Oak Bay hotel.

Taking into consideration that there will be three games at Oak Bay tomorrow afternoon, it is expected that there will be a record breaking crowd.

In order that no inconvenience may be occasioned in reaching the grounds, a special car service will be provided.

BASKETBALL

The management of the Fifth Regiment basketball team have succeeded in arranging a match for tomorrow evening with the celebrated Tiger team from the Portland Y. M. C. A.. This team is making a tour of the Sound cities, and so far have only met with one defeat. The local team are, however, confident of their ability to show the visitors how to play the game, and a hard match is looked for.

So far this season the local team have not met with a defeat, and they will use their best endeavors to uphold their proud position. The game will take place at the drill hall in connection with the band concert, and the personnel of the local team will be as follows: Crocker, Grey, Baker, C. and W. Fairall.

THE RING

Chelsea, Mass., Feb. 22.—Although lacking an effective punch, Abe Attell of San Francisco successfully defended his title to the American featherweight championship by gaining a decision over Jimmy Walsh of Newton, Mass., in a fifteen round contest before the Newton Athletic Club tonight.

Both boys were strong at the finish, but Walsh was badly cut up about the face, while Attell was without a scratch. The champion was fast and reached his opponent frequently, but none of his blows had power enough to floor Walsh or even stagger him. Attell's most effective blows had a right upper cut to the jaw and left jab to the face, but his body blows had little effect upon Walsh.

In the last round Walsh drove Attell to the ropes, but the champion's clever blocking saved him. For the first five rounds neither did any leading. In the sixth Attell began to lead some telling blows, and his clever foot work enabled him to get away from Walsh's strength.

The champion rushed his man about the ring and succeeded in bringing blood by a stiff jab to the nose. Walsh rallied in the seventh, however, and landed several good punches, so that the round was practically an even one. Attell, however, went after his man in the eighth, and after an exchange drove a hard right to Walsh's face, which cut his lip. Walsh was bleeding when the gong sounded.

Attell also had an advantage in the ninth round, but in the tenth Walsh rallied gamely and chased his opponent about the ring. The champion's fast foot work and clever blocking prevented Walsh from landing an effective blow. After this round the contest was in favor of Attell. He drove both hands to the face and persisted in following with several body blows, which Walsh seemed unable to block. Attell, however, did not appear to have the requisite power to finish his opponent. In the last round both mixed freely, and Walsh showed that he had plenty of reserve by landing often, but without any damage being inflicted.

CHESS

New York, Feb. 22.—The annual midwinter championship and general tournament of the New York State Chess Association began here today. In the championship class, D. G. Baird, who scored three winds, H. T. Hans and C. T. Jaff, with 2½ points each, and H. Zirn, who won the toss for A. Ettlinger, after each had won two games, will meet tomorrow to determine the championship.

The Nile and Red Sea Ry.

Lord Cromer Formally Opens Line From Port Sudan to Atbara.

Interesting Review of Work by British Commissioner in Egypt.

The London Times (Feb. 2).

At Port Sudan last Saturday Lord Cromer, who had traveled from Cairo via Atbara, declared the Nile-Red Sea railway open from Port Sudan to the Atbara Junction before an assembly which included the Sirdar and Lady Wingate, the ten members of the Egyptian Legislative Council who had been invited, and a multitude of sheikhs, omdas, and other notables from the whole region, among them many of the leading Hadendowa and Beni Amer with their wild tribesmen, with Arab merchants from Cairo, Suakin, Jeddah, and the Arabian coast. The sister services of the Empire, the Sudanese blacks, and the Egyptian fellaheen were all represented in the guards of honor drawn from the crew of His Majesty's ship Diana, the 2nd Royal Berkshire Regiment, and the 6th Egyptian Battalion, with the Sudanese band.

Colonel Macaulay, R.E., Director of the Sudan government railways, gave an account of the construction of the railway, pointing out that the new route from Khartum to the sea by the Nile-Red Sea Railway was 900 miles shorter than the old Nile route. The length of the line from Sal-Lom Junction to Port Sudan is 24 miles, making a total of 331 miles of main line. There are 25 miles of sidings. The cost of constructing the line was £E.1,375,000, which works out at £E.4,150 per mile of main line.

Then came Lord Cromer's speech, which was afterwards read out in Arabic by Shahin Bey Girgis. Sir Rudolf Slatin next explained in simple vernacular—for the mass of Sudanese, and especially to the non-Arab, Beja-speaking Hadendowa clans, the literary language conveys but little—the effect the new railway would have in improving their trade and local conditions. Lord Cromer then formally declared the line open, and the sound of the Royal and Khedivial anthems announced that the linking of the Nile with the Red Sea, commenced and abandoned by Great Britain in 1885, and recommenced by the Anglo-Egyptian Government of the Sudan in 1904, had been triumphantly accomplished.

Lord Cromer's Benevolent Rule

The speeches were not yet over; Mohamed Pasha Chawarbi, Vice-President of the Legislative Council, rose and delivered a brief but telling Arabic speech in which he ascribed the present happiness of Egypt, under the Divine Providence, to the benevolent energy of Lord Cromer and the Khedive, expressed the hope that the Sudan would soon share the prosperity of the sister country with which it was indissolubly linked, and prayed that all the peoples of the Sudan and Egypt might grow in knowledge and in mutual friendship.

The ceremony then came to a conclusion. Lord Cromer and the Sirdar with a large party left by train for Suakin, and on arriving at Graham's Point embarked in the launch Pioneer and inspected the harbor, finally leaving for Atbara shortly before midday.

Lord Cromer in the course of his speech said:

The serious development of the Sudan commences from today. So long as the country was separated from the rest of the world by a waste of burning desert, and so long as communication could only be kept up by a line of railway and river steamers over a distance of 1,200 miles—for that is the distance from the mouth of the Atbara to Alexandria—any very rapid progress was out of the question. Colonel Macaulay has explained that the distance from Berber to the sea will now be shortened by nearly 900 miles.

Fears have been occasionally expressed that the opening of this railway might do harm to Egypt, and it has, therefore, been urged that the resources of Egypt should not be employed in its construction. I am glad to observe that these complaints are gradually dying out. It cannot be too clearly understood that the construction of this railway will not divert any existing trade to any considerable extent. It will create a trade, which, unless the railway were made, could never exist

More Work Must Be Done

But before the country can gain the full advantages to be derived from this undertaking further works must be constructed. Some, indeed have already commenced. The port at which I am now speaking is springing into existence. Before many months have elapsed I hope that the railway from Kareima to Abu Hamed will be opened, and will thus put the wealthy province of Dongola in direct communication with the sea. Irrigation works are about to be undertaken to utilize the waters of the Gash, and thus fertilize the plains in the neighborhood of Kassala. Borings are about to be made with a view to the construction of a bridge over both the Blue and White Niles at Khartum. Railway surveys are being undertaken with the ultimate object of bringing Kassala into communication with the main line, of extending the railway up the left bank of the Blue Nile, and of enabling the gum of Kordofan to find a ready market by bringing El Obeid into direct communication with Omdurman. It is not to be supposed that all these works will be at once remunerative. Undertakings of this sort cannot possibly pay in the first few years of their existence, but that they will ultimately prove remunerative I have not the smallest doubt.

This port and railway will be open on equal terms to the trade of all the world. There will be no differential rates or duties to favor the trade of any one nation.

Opening Up of the Sudan

But, gentlemen, it has to be remembered that, though I do not doubt that the opening up of the Sudan will bring with it many of the blessings of the civilization, there is the inevitable risk that it will bring in its train some of the incidents which appear to be the accompaniment, and are certainly the shame, of the civilization of the West. The railway will carry the legitimate trader, the tourist, the scientist, and the philantrophist. It will also, possibly, convey to the Sudan the drink-seller, the usurer, and the commercial adventurer. I may say at once that I do not believe that any heroic or arbitrary measures are at all desirable in order to keep this latter class of society out of the country. But that may be combated by other means. Sound agricultural banks may compete with the ursurer. Wise legislation may put some check upon the excessive sale of drink. Care and judgment in the disposal of government lands may do a great deal to nullify any harm done by the mere company-monger. I do not doubt that all these sbjects will receive the full attention of Sir Reginald Wingate, of whose past services to the Sudan I cannot speak in terms of too high praise. There is yet one further point to which I wish to allude. The transfer of the terminus of the railway from Suakin to Port Sudan has, I am aware, been a disappointment to the inhabitants of the former place. That their interests demand consideration at the hands of the government I fully admit. Residents in Suakin will receive favorable treatment in the allotment of the lands for the new town of Port Sudan, except, of course, those who have merely bought land for speculative purposes. I cannot hold out any hope that this latter class will be exceptionally treated. If they gamble in land, they must expect occasionally to lose.

A correspondent telegraphs from Shendi that the railway from Kareima to Abu Hamed was completed on Saturday.

THE STAGE.

Tomorrow night Chas. B. Hanford and Company will appear at the Victoria theatre in the Shakespearean comedy "The Taming of the Shrew" preceded by the reminiscence of Waterloo "The Old Guard," a one-act curtain-raiser. It is Charles B. Hanford's avowed ambition to present Shakespeare's plays as nearly as possible on the same popular footing that they had in the poet's own day. In order to do this the modern production must not be merely a replica of those that took part in the Globe Theatre centuries ago, but must have the spirit of our own time, just as they had of Shakespeare's day. The imagination of the adapter and actor must, in Mr. Hanford's opinion, strive to conceive what changes so keen a student of human nature as Shakespeare would have sanctioned if he could have supervised their preparation for the audiences of the twentieth century. Any hope of realizing this idea completely is, of course, absurd. But changes have been made which popular approval has sanctioned and Mr. Hanford believes that in accepting them he is doing his duty in presenting the works of the great poet as direct appeals to his fellow man instead of preserving them as mere archaic curiosities. The modern production demands splendid scenery and brilliant costumes, and these Mr. Hanford has provided with a lavish hand. His company is regarded as the best he has ever assembled, his leading lady, Miss Marie Drofnan, having added this season to the triumphs she scored last winter.

The sale of seats for the forthcoming production of "Woodland," Pixley and Luder's novel bird comic opera, will begin this morning when Mr. Denham will open the box office at the Victoria theatre at the usual hour. The story of "Woodland" is imaginative and poetical the characters are all chosen from the feathered tribe and furnish opportunities for a great diversity of suggestive costumes, from the broadly comic blue jay and the rooster, to the gorgeous peacock and the pert jenny wren. The comedy of the piece is clean and refined and the action at all times sprightly, but the principal charm will perhaps be found in the music. The songs are delightfully lively, tuneful and catchy, and the ensembles and choruses have been declared to be the best Mr. Gustave Luders hase ever written. As in the case of all Mr. Savage's offerings, the staging of the piece will be found elaborate, costly and artistic and when seen here will be the same in every detail as when it was originaly presented in Boston, almost two seasons ago.

"Woodland" is in two acts and both are laid in the cool shade of the forest and represent a scene in the woodland at early dawn. The characters represent, by the colors and particular features of their costumes, the birds they are supposed to represent, as not a feather is used in any of the costumes.

For those who are suffering from anaemia, nervousness, hysteria, weakness, nervous headache, sleeplessness, nervous prostration, dyspepsia and kindred ills, Manager Jamieson is offering a prescription this week that puts Peruna, Paine's Celery Compound or Williams' Pink Pills entirely in the shade. An old maxim says "Laugh and Grow Fat," and anyone who can sit through the turn of Teddy Box, the inimitable London music hall star, or the excruciatingly funny sketch by Morgan and Chester entitled "Did I say Good Night?" without havin- to hold their sides, must be very far gone indeed and should consult the family physician at once, or take a week's rest and expert nursing at the hospital. Several thousand people have taken the treatment this week already and many who have not been known to crack a smile for years have been seen leaving the Grand with brightened countenances and evidently well on the road to recovery. The Martells' trick bicycling act is another headline turn, nothing more marvelous in that line having ever been seen in the city. The Roberts Four also contribute to the general excellence of the programme in a pretty little sketch entitled "The Doll's Dilemma," in which is introduced some good singing and dancing. Miss Alice Wildermere sings the illustrated song "Fly Away Birdie to Heaven," and the entertainment concludes with a most amusing line of moving pictures entitled "The Barnstormers."

The Pringle company, now playing at the Watson theatre, presented the patrons of that playhouse last night with a good production of "Fedora." The performance last evening proved each and every member of the Pringle company to be a finished artist in his or her chosen profession. Miss Lansing Rowan as the beautiful Princess Fedora gave a capable interpretation of the role made famous by Nance O'Nenl and Florence Stone. Her acting is easy and natural and makes one feel as though she were realy the Princess and that all she says and does is sincere. Harry Fahrney as Ipinhoff, the noted pianist, shared the leading honors with Miss Rowan. His portrayal of the great Russian musician was a good one. The entire Pringle company gave excellent support, making "Princess Fedora" the greatest success attained by any stock company or repertoire organization in Victoria. It will be repeated tonight and again tomorrow matinee and night. Starting Monday they will present the thrilling melodramatic-comedy success "The Diamond Robbery."

West's Minstrels are booked for Wednesday next at the Victoria theatre.

THE TURF

Suburban Handicap

New York, Feb. 22.—E. R. Thomas' Hermis, winner of the Suburban in 1904, yesterday was declared out of the Suburban handicap which is to be run on Thursday, June 21, at Sheepshead Bay. Hermis practically broke down in a race at Brighton Beach last year, but hopes were entertained that he might possibly be able to race again. Among the other horses declared out were Von Tromp, Monsieur Beaucaire, Hot Shot, First Water, Nathan Hale and Proposer. Fifty-three nominations are still left for the $20,000 Suburban.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is a boon to any home. It disinfects and cleans at the same time. 30

WHAT CAN YOU EAT?

Not So Much a Question as What You Digest.

It is a well-recognized fact that good health is largely dependent upon a stomach having the power to digest food and readily convert it into blood, tissue and nerve.

An abused stomach leads to headache, dyspepsia, weakness, nervousness and a host of other troubles that cannot be cured until the digestive organs and stomach are restored to a normal condition.

Many sufferers will be interested in knowing of a simple specfic in tablet form, called Ferrozone, which is fast revolutionizing the treatment of dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach troubles. Ferrozone fortunately does not act on the bowels as a cathartic causing irritation and distress, but goes right to work on the stomach, giving it the necessary assistance for digesting and assimilating food.

The success of Ferrozone as a digestive agent has enlisted the support of druggists and physicians everywhere. One well-known specialist on diseases of the stomach says: "The most unexampled cure of stomach troubles and nervous dyspepsia I have witnessed in my practice for many years was cured by Ferrozone. The results were so prompt and efficient that I have continued to prescribe Ferrozone with perfect satisfaction ever since."

It is impossible to conceive of any remedy possessing more curative powers than Ferrozone. Full box costs 50 cents, or six for $2.50, at all druggists, or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn., U. S. A.

MONTREAL STOCKS.

(Reported by Waghorn, Gwynn & Co., Stock Brokers, 519 Granville Street, Vancouver.)

	February 22. Sellers.	Buyers.
Banks—		
Montreal, xd.	260	256
Dominion	280	..
Ottawa	..	227
Molsons	230	226
Nova Scotia	285	281
Merchants	168	167
Imperial	250	240
Union	150	148
Commerce	182	180
Miscellaneous—		
Twin City	117½	116
Montreal Heat & Power	93	92¾
Ogilvies, xd.	130	126
Montreal Street Ry.	276¼	275¾
Toronto Street Ry.	119	118
Winnipeg Street Ry.	200	178
Dominion Coal, com.	80	78¼

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Commission Broker

21 Broad Street

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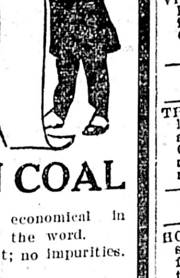
All shoe dealers will recommend Goodyear welt shoes. Then why not have them soled by the only Goodyear lockstitch machine in Victoria. Men's sew soles, 75c.; ladies, 50c.; men's heel, 25c; ladies, 20c. Jackson & Smith, 52 Fort street.

You Won't Have a Bill Like This If You Burn



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THE DOMINION—Victoria, B. C. Only modern first-class hotel in the city. Rates $1.50 per day and upwards. S. Jones, proprietor.

THE GORDON—Yates street. First class in every respect. Fifty spacious, homelike rooms. Terms very moderate. Mrs. J. Aberdeen Gordon, proprietress. Tel. 1018. P. O. Box 49.

HOTEL SIDNEY — Only seventeen miles from Victoria. One of the most attractive resorts on Vancouver Island; good roads, fine boating, two-mile beach, view unsurpassed. Hotel rates, $1.50 per day. William Jensen, proprietor.

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL—Corner Johnson and Store streets. Bar supplied with best brands of wines, liquors and cigars. Good rooms in connection. Open day and night. Lorenzo Reda, proprietor.

NEW WESTMINSTER

HOTEL COLONIAL—Opposite Court House. Best hotel in town. Rates from $1.50 up John M. Insley, proprietor.

ASHCROFT

ASHCROFT—The Grand Central; most convenient hotel in Ashcroft; sample rooms for commercial men; hot and cold baths. Representative meets trains and stages. George Ward, proprietor.

PHOENIX

HOTEL BALMORAL—The leading hotel of Boundary's leading mining camp; centrally located; good sample rooms. J. A. McMaster, proprietor. au18

TROUT LAKE

COMMERCIAL HOTEL—Best commercial house in town; good sample rooms.

REVELSTOKE

UNION HOTEL—First class $2 per day house. Choice brands liquors and cigars. J. Laughton, proprietor.

LARDO

COMMERCIAL HOTEL—Home for all people traveling to and from Poplar. McLachlan Bros., proprietors.

VANCOUVER

HOTEL METROPOLE—The most convenient to business centre, theatres, wharves and depots. Recently renovated and reconstructed. American and European plans. The place to meet your "up country" friends. George L. Howe, proprietor. s23

HOTEL ST. ERMIN—Corner of Hastings and Abbott; a new, modern hotel, splendidly appointed and furnished. European plan. Rooms 75c. to $2.50 per day. Special rates by week. Cafe in connection. Headquarters for tourists. Mrs. L. T. Carroll, proprietress. s17

COMMERCIAL HOTEL—Corner Hastings and Camble streets. Headquarters for mining and commercial men. Rates $2 and upwards. Haywood, Atkins & Johnson, proprietors. s23

HOTEL DOMINION—Abbott Street, Vancouver, B. C. Convenient to railway and wharves. Rates, $1.25, $1.50. Free 'bus to and from all trains and boats. F. Baynes, proprietor.

HOTEL LELAND — Corner Granville and Hastings streets; one block from depot and steamship wharves: $2 a day.

THE MAPLES—First class boarding house; centrally located, superb view of Burrard Inlet and Capilano Mountains. Cuisine excellent. Bert Hobbs, Prop.

HOTEL NORTH VANCOUVER—New and up-to-date; rates $2.00 a day. Special rates for families and regular boarders. Finest summer resort on the Coast. Ferry service every hour to and from this hotel, foot of Carrall street. P. Larson, Proprietor. my12

BADMINTON HOTEL—American plan, $2.00 upwards. Free Bus meets all trains and boats. No charge for baths. Phone in each room. Barber shop, etc. J. W. Wallis, Prop. o12

STRAND HOTEL—European and American plans. Rates moderate. First-class rooms and cafe in connection. One block from depot and steamboat wharves.

HOTEL BLACKBURN—A. E. Blackburn, proprietor. Rates per day: American Plan, $1.25 to $1.75; European Plan, rooms only, 50c., 75c., $1.00. Westminster and city trams pass door; electric light throughout. Free 'bus to and from hotel. Telephone 897. 318 Westminster avenue, Vancouver, B. C. o15

MELBOURNE HOTEL—John Gaugler, Proprietor. Rates, $1.00 per day up. Special rates to steady boarders. New and up to date; steam heated and electric light; excellent table. Guests receive every attention. Cars to all parts of the city pass the door. Telephone 1808. Corner Westminster avenue and Powell street, Vancouver, B. C. o15

THE DOUGALL HOUSE—Hotel Rooms, Dining and Grill Rooms. American and European Plans Popular prices. 310 to 322 Abbott street. D. Burton, prop. o15

ALHAMBRA HOTEL—Mrs. S. Thompson & Sons, Proprietors. R. D. Thompson, Manager. Corner Carrall and Water streets, Vancouver, B. C. Vancouver's first hotel, situated in the heart of the city. Modernly equipped throughout. Midday Lunch a Specialty. European Plan. Famed for Good Whiskey. o15

GRAND FORKS

YALE HOTEL—The leading hotel of the Boundary country; everything first class. A. Traunweiser, proprietor.

SICAMOUS

C. P. R. HOTEL—Popular resort for tourists Good boating and fishing. F. W. Padmore, proprietor.

VERNON

GOLDSTREAM HOTEL—Opposite station. Special inducements to commercial travelers.

PENTICTON

THE B. C. HOTEL—Homeseekers will find best accommodation here. New hotel. Rates from $1.00 to $1.50 per day. Percy Marks, proprietor. au1

CALGARY, ALBERTA.

VICTORIA HOTEL—Headquarters for British Columbians; European and American plans; the most modern hotel in Calgary. Adams & Peers, proprietors. au26

BANFF, ALBERTA

THE SANITARIUM HOTEL—Recently enlarged and refurnished. Private hospital and bathing establishment in connection. Open all the year. R. G. Brett, M. D., medical director. W. A. Macfarlane, manager. au26

AGASSIZ

HOTEL BELLA VISTA—Tourists' and sportsmen's headquarters. Five miles from Harrison Hot Springs. Rate $1.50 to $2.00 per day, or $8.00 per week. Mrs. Probert, proprietress. C. Inkman, manager. jy8

NELSON

HUME HOTEL—The leading commercial house of the Kootenays. F. Hume, proprietor.

STRATHCONA HOTEL — Strictly first class; headquarters for tourists doing British Columbia. B. Tompkins, manager.

ROSSLAND

HOTEL ALLEN—Stop at the Hotel Allen, the leading house of Rossland.

HEDLEY

COMMERCIAL HOTEL—Headquarters for the prospectors and miners of the Similkameen. Rates $8 per week; board and room, $1.50 per day. H. W. Yates, proprietor.

HOTEL SIMILKAMEEN—The largest and most modern hotel in the Similkameen; all conveniences, electric light, telephone, baths, etc.; sample rooms. Rates $2.50 per day. A. McDermott, proprietor. jy30

MIDWAY.

SPOKANE HOTEL—L. E. Salter, proprietor. The largest and most centrally located hotel in Midway. Rates, $1.00 to $2.00. Sample rooms. Free bus. au20

REAL ESTATE

B.C. Land & Investment Agency Ltd.

40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

BUSINESS PROPERTY—Netting over 8 per cent.; lot 60x120, with 2 storey brick building. Worth while investigating.

FARM—45 acres, 4 miles from Victoria, 22 acres cultivated; 5 roomed house and outbuildings; live stock and implements. Some of the best land in the district.

$800—Farm, 40 acres, Cowichan District, 4 miles from railway station; small portion cleared and fruit trees planted; new 4 roomed house; good soil; good water.

FREDERICK ST.—Nice sunny lot, 45x135. $750. Terms.

FOR SALE—Six roomed house and lot on car line, James Bay. $700. Terms. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. f10

$7,500—Farm beautifully situated, containing over 250 acres, 75 under cultivation; 6 roomed house, several barns, together with live stock and implements; some good bottom land not cleared. f22

BARGAIN IN ACREAGE—5 acres, all cleared and fenced, beautifully situated, only 20 minutes from post office. Can be purchased as cheap as town lots in immediate vicinity.

SEVEN ACRES, chiefly cleared, also at sacrifice prices to close an estate. Will subdivide.

FAIRFIELD ESTATE—Only 15 minutes' walk from Victoria post office; 80 acres, divided into 1 1-4 acre lots, all cleared and under cultivation; soil rich, black loam. Prices $600 to $800 per acre. (This is the cheapest property on the market.)

$850—Victoria West; cottage in good order, sewer and electric light; handy to car.

$1,600—James Bay. Modern 6 roomed cottage, corner lot, fruit trees, small fruits, etc., sewered.

FOR SALE—Hotel business and furniture; 50 rooms, bar and all necessary fixtures; as a going concern. Cheap. B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government St. f8

ANOTHER ISLAND—Contains 65 acres, 6 acres cultivated, 20 acres in pasture; 8 roomed house, many outbuildings. $2,500. Steam launch, etc., for sale also.

STORE TO LET—Johnson street; large store, near Wharf street; $10 per month.

FOR SALE—7 roomed modern dwelling, just off car line; sewer connections, bath and stable; good cellar; fruit trees, etc. Terms $1,350.

FOR SALE—Government street, near the Fountain, lots from $500 up. Easy terms.

WATER LOT—$800 will buy a water lot on St Lawrence street, James Bay.

$700—Lot Humboldt street, 60x120.

$400—Lot on Toronto street, near Menzies. Can have sewer connection.

FIFTH ST.—$150. 2 lots 60x135 each; no rock; nicely situated. $150 each.

$100 CASH and $25 per month will buy a good $3,000 2 storey dwelling, with basement, brick and stone foundation, and all modern improvements.

CHEAP LOTS—Fairfield Estate. $100 for lots 50x120; water lots $200 each. $10 cash. $10 per month; interest 4 per cent. only; best of soil.

JAMES BAY—Full sized lots, $400 each; well located. $50 cash, $10 per month.

SIMCOE ST.—Lot 60x240, all cleared, excellent soil; only $800.

INSTALMENT PLAN—Houses for sale on this plan all over the city. Why pay rent when you can buy a home on the terms we offer?

FARM—Beautifully situated on Vancouver Island; ½ mile of water frontage; 30 acres under crop, which is tile drained and all fenced; 1 acre in orchard; 1 acre in garden; handsome modern dwelling; outbuildings; brooder house; $2,500 worth of live stock, implements and crop on hand; good fishing and shooting; only 3 miles from railway station. Price $15,000. Full particulars at office.

BEACON HILL—Lots 50x150 each, facing the Park, $900 each; also 1 lot 46x150, $800; corner lot for $900.

FOUL BAY—Water lots for sale. Call for particulars. je16

THIRD ST.—$300. Lot 50x133, front and back entrance.

FOURTH ST.—$350. Lot 50x133, between Bay street and King's road.

HILLSIDE FARM ESTATE—Lots $50 and upwards; also acreage in small parcels of from one to five acres; all cleared and under cultivation, at bed rock prices.

SIXTH ST.—2 lots, corner. $200 each.

$1,000—One lot, $1,000, near Douglas street and C. P. R. hotel. A bargain.

$1,000 NIAGARA ST.—6 roomed house, sewer connections. $300 cash, $15 per month.

ISLAND FOR SALE—A whole island for $500; 4 acres cultivated; 3 roomed house and outbuildings.

SALT SPRING ISLAND—154 acres, 10 under cultivation; orchard, running stream of water; small house.

FARMS FOR SALE—Ask for printed list.

REAL ESTATE

E. A. Harris & Co.

35 FORT STREET

$250—Craigflower road, 1 lot, 55x226.

$2,000—2 corner lots, Oak Bay avenue.

$2,100—Johnson street, half lot, below Blanchard.

$2,000—7½ acres within city limits.

$400—1 lot, Oak Bay, facing sea.

$3,200—6 room cottage, 4 acres, on Cadboro Bay road.

$2,500—New 5 room cottage, 1 1-4 acre; fine position, 5 minutes from car.

$5,250—10 room house, 2 lots, Stanley avenue.

Beaumont Boggs,

Real Estate & Insurance Agent, 42 Fort St.

COTTAGE—6 rooms, modern in every way. Price $2,000.

COTTAGE—5 rooms, basement, 2 lots. Price $2,100.

COTTAGE—6 rooms, Esquimalt road. Price $2,300.

HOUSE—7 rooms, Esquimalt road; very choice modern home. Price $3,000.

50 ACRES in Cowichan Valley, 4 miles from Duncan, close to station; modern cottage, 7 rooms; barn, 8 stalls; poultry sheds; 8 acres cleared, 10 slashed; orchard. Price $2,650.

160 ACRES, within 4 miles Duncan, 15 cultivated, 20 slashed; soil red and black loam; ½ mile river frontage. Price $2,000.

CORNER LOT, Dallas road. Price $735.

5½ ACRES in fruit, 2 miles from city; cottage and barn. Price $2,100.

Handy Telephone Calls

CABINET MAKERS
DICKSON & HOWES, Cabinet Makers and Joiners. 131 Johnson street. 1165

J. LISTER, Carpenter and Builder. All kinds of jobbing Work. Workshop and residence, Tolmie avenue. Phone 1193

REAL ESTATE
P. R. BROWN LTD., 30 Broad St. For a Dwelling, Furnished or Unfournished. 1076

Quit "waiting"---advertise for that new tenant or boarder now! ONE CENT A WORD EACH ISSUE.

BUSINESS EXCHANGE & EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 22 TROUNCE AVE.

TELEPHONE 97.

We have many inquiries for people wanting to invest either in Business or Real Estate. Owing to this fact, we are adding REAL ESTATE to our BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Have you anything to offer in either lines? Let us know at once. Do you want to buy? Call and see us.

INSIDE BUSINESS PROPERTY—$13,000; returns 6 per cent. on investment. ($30,000 was refused for this in boom days.)

BUSINESS PROPERTY—$3,500; returns 10 per cent. on investment.

We have many more just as good on our list.

Our Business Opportunities are few but good:

CANDY AND CIGAR STORE—$450.
OUTSIDE BUSINESS—$800.
MANUFACTURING—$3,000.
LIVERY BUSINESS—$4,000.
CONTRACTING BUSINESS—Half interest, $10,000.
MILK BUSINESS$1,700.
GOOD ROOMING HOUSE BUSINESS—$1,300.
MALE AND FEMALE LABOR supplied at short notice.

Country orders promptly attended to.

We would be willing to take an agency for reliable proposition or business house.

Swinerton & Oddy

Financial and Insurance Agents. Notaries Public.
102 GOVERNMENT STREET.

160 ACRES—13 miles from Victoria, 5 cultivated, 3 slashed, balance in timber; good soil; 3 roomed dwelling; good barn, 20x60; chicken house. Only $900.

6 ROOMED COTTAGE—Electric light, hot water connections, 2 lots 54x134; concrete sidewalk. Only $2,500.

$1,700—Nice cottage; good location on Yates street; electric light, sewer connection. Easy terms, $200 cash, balance monthly instalments of $20, at 6 per cent. interest.

$2,000—Well finished cottage; 6 rooms; good location, Yates St.; electric light, sewer connection. $300 cash, balance, monthly instalments of $25 at 6 per cent.

25 ACRES—10 miles from city, 7 cleared; 5 roomed dwelling; stable; chicken house, cow house, shed and granary. $2,700.

8 1-3 ACRES—6 miles out; good land, easily cleared. Only $75 per acre.

5 AND 10 ACRE BLOCKS close to city.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.
$15,000 on business property; also sums from $500 upwards, on Improved Real Estate security at current rates of interest.

A. Williams & Co., Ltd

104 YATES STREET.

GOOD IMPROVED FARMS.

5 ACRES—Cleared, good soil and building, $1,650.

10½ ACRES—Cleared, good soil and building, $2,500.

11 ACRES—Cleared, good soil and building, $2,500.

15 ACRES—Cleared, good soil and building, $3,000. ¼

19 ACRES—Cleared, good soil (good orchard), $5,000.

300 ACRES—Cleared, good soil, A1 farm, $21,000.

10 ACRES—Cleared, good soil, $1,800.

5½ ACRES—Cleared, good soil, $850.

A. WILLIAMS & CO., LTD.,
104 Yates Street.

Heisterman & Co.

Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
75 GOVERNMENT ST.

$6,750—Buys a splendid modern residence; two full sized lots, tennis lawn, etc., in best residential neighborhood. Terms, 1-4 cash, balance at 6 per cent.

$1,700—Buys a new modern cottage; full lot, all conveniences, $250 cash, balance on easy terms.

$1,600—Buys 11 acres close in; fine location, well adapted for fruit and poultry. Easy terms.

$1,050—Will buy a good two storey house, Oak Bay avenue, $100 down, balance on very easy terms.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

The Stuart Robertson Co., Ltd.

36 Broad Street.

FOR SALE—7 room bungalow, Oak Bay avenue. For $3,000.

TO LET—Nice 5 roomed cottage, Rithet street; sewer connections. $14 per month, including water.

TO LET—7 roomed house, Stanley avenue; all modern conveniences. $18 per month.

Pemberton & Son

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents, 45 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

SCORESBY ST.—Cottage in good condition, $22.75 per month.

FORT ST.—Small cottage above Quadra street, $14 per month.

FRONT ST.—Two small cottages near school, each $8 per month.

NIAGARA ST.—Large two storey house, near Park, $18 per month.

ESQUIMALT RD.—Medium sized house, past Lampson street, $15 per month.

FAIRFIELD RD.—Large house and grounds, $25 per month.

BURDETTE AVE.—Angela College, $45 per month.

FISGUARD ST.—Small cottage above Blanchard street, $10 per month.

FIRST ST.—Small cottage, clean, $6 per month.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for a transfer to J. T. Pearce of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail upon the premises situate on the Southeast corner of Johnson and Wharf Streets, in the City of Victoria, B. C., known as the Occidental Hotel.
Dated this 11th day of January, A. D. 1906.
f9 MINNIE WETMORE.

Grant & Conyers

No. 2 View St. (opposite main entrance to Driard Hotel).

HALF ACRE of garden and fruit, with a good cottage. A snap for $1,500.

PRETTY COTTAGE—Good location (central); electric light, sewer, bath, hot and cold water, conservatory and beautiful garden, full of fruit and flowers. This is a "good buy." Call and get particulars.

HALF ACRE of fine garden and young orchard, with small, newly erected cottage. Only $1,200.

HANDSOME RESIDENCE—Near Oak Bay, with eight rooms, bath, sewer, electric light; two acres of splendid garden, with fruit and flowers, and a stable, chicken houses, etc. This is a fine home at the right price.

TWO LOTS with a small cottage, on Fort street, for $400.

SOME OF THE FINEST building sites in the "Work Estate," at nominal prices.

TWO FINE LOTS near the car line on Fort street, for $275.

MODERN BUNGALOW in "East End," with six rooms, bath, electric light, cement walks, and all modern conveniences (just completed.) Only $2,400.

FINE MODERN BUNGALOW, with all modern conveniences, on Belcher street. This is one of the most charming homes in the city. Call and get particulars. (It will pay you.)

Fire and Life Insurance Agents. Money to loan in sums to suit, at low interest.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for a transfer of our liquor license for the sale of wines and liquors by retail, on the premises known as the Rock Bay Hotel, corner of Bridge street and Esquimalt road, Victoria City, to Niels Hansen.
Victoria, February 12, 1906.
A. J. ARNASON.
f13 D. ARNASON.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP

WANTED—Immediately, a middle-aged governess for three pupils, 7, 8, 12; usual English branches, with music; kind, considerate (country) home; good salary and fare paid. Apply between 12 and 2, 60 Rae street. f9

WANTED—A strong, reliable girl as general help (city); two in family, easy place. Apply 60 Rae street. f21

WANTED—Useful mother's help; one child, 3 years; housework and general assistance; kind home (city). Apply 60 Rae street. f21

WANTED—Young lady to learn hair-dressing, etc. Mrs. C. Kosche, Douglas street. f4

WANTED—Immediately, middle-aged governess for West Coast. Subjects, English and music. Kind, considerate home. Good salary and fare paid. Apply 60 Rae street. f21

WANTED—A girl for housework, $15. 45 Fort street. f21

WANTED—A girl as general servant or nurse. 21 South Turner street. ja4

LADIES employed to do fancy work at home during spare time; no experience required; good pay and steady. Write N. C. Hulin, 1344 Market, San Francisco.

WANTED—Girl to assist. 18 Pioneer street. ja28

WANTED—At once, chambermaid and waitress, for country hotel short distance from Victoria. Apply 60 Rae street. f18

WANTED—For Saanich, a strong willing girl to assist in general work in farm house. Apply 60 Rae street. f18

WANTED—Two maids for general work (Beacon Hill); also nurse girl (city). Apply 60 Rae street. f18

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—An experienced dressmaker wishes to do sewing by the day. Apply 29 Johnson street. f21

WANTED—Situation in office or store by a lady, experienced and capable of taking charge of a department. References. Box 23 Colonist. f23

WANTED—To be highly recommended, a first class cook (Swede); experienced in all branches of cooking and arranging dining table, etc., for private dinners or large functions. Apply 60 Rae street. f18

WANTED—Two ladies seek positions as governesses (city); English, French, music, needlework, etc. 60 Rae street. f18

WANTED—A lady can recommend two active women for house cleaning; long experience, satisfactory references. Apply 60 Rae street. ja24

WANTED—MALE HELP

WANTED—Active men to take orders for custom made clothes. Best commission ever offered. Telegraph code for rush orders. Experience not necessary. Rex Tailoring Co., Toronto. f16

MEN WANTED—Reliable men in every locality throughout Canada to advertise our goods, tack up showcards on trees, fences, along roads and all conspicuous places; also distributing small advertising matter. Salary $900 per year, or $75 per month and expenses $3 per day. Steady employment to good, reliable men. No experience necessary. Write for particulars. Empire Medicine Co., London, Ont. n1

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

WANTED—Situation as groom or coachman; well up in his work; otherwise useful. References. No. 22 Colonist. f23

WANTED—Store clerk (dry goods, gents' furnishings and clothing) and bookkeeper, wants situation anywhere. "F," 109 Blanchard avenue. f21

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS

FOR SALE—Farm, South Saanich, containing 61 acres, more or less, 38 acres clear, 13 acres partly cleared, rest slashed, burned, in grass; orchard in bearing, containing 235 trees; good buildings; 9 roomed house, commands one of the best sea frontages in neighborhood; 2½ miles from station. This is a good farm, and would make a splendid fruit farm, having the right aspect and drainage. Particulars, Box 494 this office. f21

$1,300—Farm, 15 acres; new 7 room house; suitable for orchard or poultry; situated at Fulford Harbor, Salt Spring Island. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street. au9

FOR SALE—Ranch, 38 acres, one mile from sea, two from station; 10 cleared; good orchard; large house, new, containing 9 rooms, pantry and bathroom; water on land; good outbuildings and barn; complete with furniture, horses, cattle, rigs, harness, chickens, pig, farm tools, etc., for $9,000. Address Box 21, Colonist office. f23

POULTRY AND LIVESTOCK

FOR SALE—Registered Jersey cow, 6 years old this month, tests 5.8 to 6 per cent butter fat, good milker and gentle, due to calve April 5; also registered Jersey bull, 11 months old, very vigorous and masculine; also 1 good butter cow, tests 5.6 per cent, about 8 years old, will calve in April; also good grade Jersey heifer, 18 months old, in calf to registered bull. S. Percival, North Pender Island, B. C. f23

FOR SALE—Heavy laying strains R. I. Reds, White Leghorns, silver cup winners; stock for sale; eggs for hatching, guaranteed. Free circular. J. J. Dougan, Cobble Hill, B. C. f23

FOR SALE—Quiet, fresh calved family cow. 100 Moss street. ja16

WANTED—A delivery horse at once. Apply to Watson & Jones, Grocers. f4

FOR SALE—Single-comb brown Leghorn eggs for hatching, $1.50 for 15, $2.50 for 30; fine laying strain. Fred Garland, Oaklands, Victoria. f18

FOR SALE—Setting hens for sale, $1.00 each. E. Simpkin, near Willows. f21

EGGS FOR SALE—Settings of pure bred Barred Plymouth Rocks, birds imported from Eastern States last season. J. Foster, 40 John street, Victoria. f14

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Black, white and buff Orpingtons, white Leghorns and Pekin duck eggs. Miss Turner, Cadboro Bay road. Tel. B337. ja26

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching, from prize winning stock at the late Victoria poultry show—Buff Orpingtons, Brown Leghorns and Bard Rocks, 13 eggs, $1.25. 57½ Superior street. f13

REMOVAL SALE—Consisting of all my prize winners and their offspring, about 75 cocks, hens, cockerels and pullets, whole or in lots; Barred Rocks' eggs, $1 to $3 per setting while sold out. Apply E. Hodgson, South Wellington, B. C. f14

FOR SALE—Eggs of S. C. White Leghorn, scoring 90¾ to 94; 95 p.c. first 14, each succeeding 14 less. Marshall & Spears, Corfield, B. C. f15

FOR SALE—White Leghorn eggs from winners, $1.00 setting. Box 447, Victoria. f20

FOR SALE—Eggs, Rhode Island Reds and white Leghorns, from prize stock, $1.50 per setting. R. C. Hall, 109 Government street. f20

FOR SALE—Eggs, Buff Rock, from prize stock, $1.50 per setting. Lang, Belmont avenue. f13

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS.

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping rooms, with electric light and bath, at Ellesmere House, No. 104 Pandora avenue. Apply 97 Quadra street. Telephone B920. ja30

TO LET—Two unfurnished housekeeping rooms, 65½ Fort street. Call 6 to 7 p. m. f23

TO RENT—Two nicely furnished bedrooms; breakfast if desired. 252 Yates

TO LET—Large comfortable room; two beds, bath, etc.; partial board if desired; one block from car line. Inquire 91 Kingston street. ja28

TO LET—Four large, sunny bedrooms, with breakfast; locality central; five minutes' from post office and town. Apply 60 Rae street. f4

TO LET—Large front room, partly furnished, to lady. Apply 15 Frederick street. ja20

TO LET—2 newly furnished housekeeping rooms, with use of bath. 120 Vancouver street. ja25

WANTED—A tenant (gentleman) for a bright, large bed-sitting room (modern house); stands in large grounds; private family; within five minutes' of car (Fort). Apply between 12 and 2, 60 Rae street.

TO LET—Rooms to let. Apply 34 Humboldt street. ja6

FURNISHED ROOMS—Elegantly furnished rooms, with or without board. All modern improvements, including electric light and telephone. Close to steamboat landing, corner Birdcage Walk and Belleville street. Mrs. Woodill (formerly Revere House). o18

TO RENT—Comfortably furnished cottage, conveniently. Located. Apply Box 480 Colonist. ja30

FOR SALE—PROPERTY

FOR SALE—Corner lot on one of the best streets; 5 minutes from P. O.; 1½ storey, 8 room house; electric light, sewered. $2,700. Apply E. A. Harris, 35 Fort street. f10

$900.00—Craigflower road, about 1 1-6 acres, good building site. B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. o13

CAREY ROAD—One acre with buildings. $650. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. s30

FOR SALE—Beacon Hill Park—Lots 50x150, facing east, on the Park, $900 each. B. C. Land & Investment Agency, 40 Government street.

ENTERTAINMENTS

MASQUERADE—Ladies' masquerade costumes made to order and for hire, at 89 North Park street. f11

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Lady's bicycle; state price and description. Post Office Box 405. f22

Cheapest place on the Coast to buy Curiosities—Landsberg's Museum, 43 Johnson

"NASCO"—Gold, silver and Nasco given away to prove value as the washing soap. See Sunday's ad. f11

FOR SALE—A fruit and confectionary business; good location. Apply to 99 Douglas, corner Johnson. f21

WANTED—Home for girl, twelve years, in return for services and dress. Employment office, 54 Fort street. f21

MONEY LOANED on every kind of approved security. 43 Johnson street, Box 525. o13

WANTED—All organized labor to know that theatres, Watson, Grand and Savoy employ only union musicians in their orchestras. f4

FOR SALE—Japanese lily bulbs, six different kinds, have arrived at Japanese store, 138 Government street, corner of Johnson street. f20

THE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—60 Rae street. Business hours, 10:30 to 2 p. m. J. Devereux.

ADVERTISING WORLD, Columbus, Ohio. A monthly journal of information; plans, suggestions and ideas for advertising. Send today for free sample, or 10c. for four months' trial.

FOR SALE—Fresh oolichans just arrived. Gower & Wrigglesworth, 119 Douglas street and 51 Johnson street. Phone 910

FOR SALE—Milk business, as a going concern; 31 head cattle, 2 horses, 2 carts, cans, etc., new separator; very cheap (large quantity of hay). B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. ja12

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For Bread. Makes a Big Loaf. Makes a White Loaf,
And a Good Loaf of Bread. Ask your grocer for it.

TEMPLEMAN WILL HAVE OPPOSITION

J. L. Beckwith Chosen as Standard Bearer at Meeting of Conservatives.

There was a large attendance at the Liberal-Conservative convention in the A. O. U. W. hall last evening, when A. E. McPhillips, K. C., president of the association, called for nominations. In stating the object of the meeting the president reviewed the situation and enumerated the reasons which led the meeting of two nights previous to decide upon bringing out a candidate. He quite concurred in those reasons and called upon Conservatives to support the action that had been taken.

Before the meeting had been called an understanding had been arrived at by the executive, who had the matter in hand, as to who would be recommended for consideration, but it was decided to allow those present to make their preferences known in order that there might be the freest expression of opinion.

Several names were submitted, including those of Mr. A. E. McPhillips, K. C., and Mr. Jos. Hunter, all of whom declined, stating their reasons and expressing their acknowledgment of the honor.

Mr. Geo. Jay then moved the nomination of Mr. J. L. Beckwith, which was made unanimous amid cheers.

Mr. Beckwith's Address

Mr. Beckwith, in accepting the nomination, made a short and spirited address. He reviewed briefly the political issues and stated with emphasis his belief in the possibility of victory. His position, if returned, would be one of advocacy of British Columbia's interests, which had been so grossly neglected in the past, first, last and always. If a Conservative government were in power and he represented a seat in this province he would make British Columbia's claims to recognition his first consideration, and if denied would go back to his constituency and ask leave to resign or oppose the administration. There was but one way to deal with neglect and indifference, and that was by vigorous and continued protest.

Mr. Beckwith was followed by Messrs. McPhillips, Hector, Dow and Capt. Curtis. Mr. Dow was especially effective, and his humorous as well as drastic criticism of the Liberal party was greatly appreciated.

As time for work was limited speechmaking was cut short and the meeting was resolved into a Beckwith campaign committee and the work of organization was proceeded with.

A programme of arrangements was mapped out and the details will be announced tomorrow.

Lightship for Swiftsure Bank

Two Modern Lifeboats Wireless Telegraph Stations and New Lighthouses

Will Be Established After Long Years as Result of Valencia Disaster.

It is learned on good authority that construction will be commenced immediately on a lightship to be placed on Swiftsure Bank, about seven or eight miles off shore between Carmanah and Cape Beale, and on a number of new leading lighthouses of the first order for the west coast of Vancouver Island between Sherringham Point and Cape Cook. Work will also be commenced on two new self-propelled lifeboats and a surf lifeboat for two life-saving stations to be established—one each at Bamfield and Port San Juan; and eight or ten wireless telegraph stations connected with headquarters at Victoria. Moreover, fog alarms of the diaphone system will be placed at all lighthouses on the island coast, and Carmanah Point light will be improved by the addition of a perpendicular ray thrown high in the air by water power and visible as a leading light for mariners bound into the Straits of San Juan de Fuca for 40 or 50 miles distant.

The needs of the coast have been often brought to the attention of the Dominion government. Captain Gaudin, local agent of the marine department, suggested the needs for the safeguarding of shipping as long ago as 1894, but not until 12 years afterward, when a big passenger steamer drove ashore, following so many wrecks that that section of the island coast was called by some "the graveyard of the Pacific," did the government delve into the mouldy pigeonholes of forgotten reports to ascertain the urgent needs of the coast.

When the harrowing tale of the Valencia disaster was told at Ottawa, the conscience-stricken officials decided upon immediate action. Prominent local shipping men were consulted and it is understood that their long-sought requests are now to be acceded to.

New Lights

There are at present lights of the first order—leading lights—at Carmanah Point, Cape Beale and Leonard Island, at the entrance to Clayoquot Sound. New lights of the same order are to be established at or near Sherringham Point, between Carmanah and Victoria, in the Straits of San Juan de Fuca, on Entrance Island at the mouth of Barkley Sound with a red sector throw across Danger Rock; at Estevan Point, a promontory near Hesquoit; and at Selander Island, off Cape Cook, perhaps the most prominent point of the rocky coast of Vancouver Island. All these lights will be furnished with diaphone fog alarms of the most approved type. The lightship for Swiftsure Bank will also be equipped with diaphone fog alarm, and it is probable that two lights will be shown on this vessel to distinguish it clearly from the Umatilla Reef lightship, at the other entrance to the Straits of Juan de Fuca.

For Carmanah light the suggested ray is to be established. This is a light similar to the newly established lights on the coast of France, which are visible for a great distance. In order that all navigators may be warned when nearing the straits, machinery will be installed at Carmanah which will allow of a perpendicular ray being thrown upward for a great distance into the air, as well as the present occulting light being shown. The electrical ray, like that of a searchlight, will be generated by water power, of which there is an excellent supply in the neighborhood of Carmanah. It is understood that the Carmanah ray will be perpendicular and stationary. On the French coast there are some of these rays that are stationary, while others revolve in the sky to distinguish and individualize them.

Two life-saving stations will be established and in addition there will be a station near the entrance to the straits established by the United States government on Wahhad Island, near Neah Bay. The Canadian stations will be at Port San Juan and Bamfield. At either station there will be a modern self-propelled life-boat, of the latest United States type, which was built after consideration of the lifeboats used in the various shipping nations of the world and has all the most modern improvements and appliances. A life-saving crew will be maintained at each place. The lifeboats are propelled by gasoline engines enclosed in watertight compartments and so arranged that if the lifeboat turns over the machinery is kept free from the water, and, moreover, the turning over of the lifeboat automatically shuts off the supply of gasoline and stops the engine until the vessel rights herself again. Even if the lifeboat fills to her gunwale the boat cannot be swamped and can roll right over and over. If it turns turtle the boat immediately rights itself, and the crew, lashed in the seats, are safe. Each of the boats, which have many improvements which would take columns to describe, are propelled by machinery, and also have three sails for an alternate means of propulsion, as well as being arranged for oars, even as an ordinary lifeboat, and they will tow as easy.

Surf Boat

The surf boat, which will be hurried that it may be in operation, if possible, before the more expensive boats, each of which will cost in the neighborhood of $5,000, are constructed—they will be built in the East—will be of the type of the ordinary lifeboat and will be more readily transported than the boats with machinery. It is unlikely that the election lifeboat will come to Victoria. When Hon. William Templeman announced that this boat would be sent from the Great Lakes there was considerable objection on the part of local mariners who had been consulted with regard to the needs of the island coast, as the boat in question is of an old type and far from modern. It is considered that it would be a mistake to send this out-of-date boat to the coast. Although it is understood that Hon. Mr. Templeman is anxious to have the anti-election boat brought, it is probable that better counsel will overrule and the modern boat be constructed instead.

The arrangement for the safeguarding of the coast also includes the early construction of eight or ten wireless telegraph stations, all of which will be in communication with headquarters of the government wireless telegraph service in Victoria. The government's weak land line will doubtless then be superseded, it being ever in trouble and always down when necessity arises for its use. The locations of the wireless stations have not been definitely decided upon, although it is known that both Carmanah and Cape Beale will be the locations of stations, also Cape Cook and Cape Scott, and it is not improbable that a station will also be established on the lonely Scott Island of the Triangle group, the seldom visited islands off the northwestern point of the Vancouver Island coast.

As for the lightship, it is understood that a strong vessel will be constructed, instead of converting an old hulk into a lightship. Whether this vessel will be built in Victoria, Vancouver or the East is also to be determined; in fact, little has been arranged as yet with regard to this craft.

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WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE

3,000 Yards Silk, 75c and 85c values, go on sale today at 50c yd.

20-inch Colored French Taffeta, in cream, black, cardinal, pink, champagne, hello, brown, light and dark navy, Pile green, mid and dark grey, light and dark resida, sky and royal blue.
20-inch Soft Wash Silks, in white, cream, hello, light and dark resida, royal blue, navy blue, sky, pink, cardinal, light and mid grey, Alice blue and brown.
20-inch French Paillette, in black, white, cream, light and dark hello, light and dark navy, light and dark brown, fawn, champagne, resida, mid and dark green.
24-inch Moire Antique for Skirts, in black, fawn, old rose, light and dark brown, grey.
26-inch Hongkong Silk, in black, sky, gold, Nile, Alice blue, grey, light brown.

We will place on sale today 25 3-piece Bedroom Sets, usual value $23.75, for $14.90.

150 Black Sateen Lustre and Panama Waists
Values $1.25 to $2.00. TODAY, 75c. each. Sizes 32 to 44. Tucked and plaited in many styles.

14 Men's English Mackintosh (waterproof) Coats
TODAY, $2.50 each.

Men's Unlaundered Shirts
Pure Linen Bosoms and Cuffs, double front and back, reinforced throughout. TODAY, 37½c. each.

Men's Black Cashmere Hose
Silk spliced heels and toes. TODAY, 25c.
Natural Cashmere, half hose. TODAY, 25c.

Men's Imported Cashmere Underwear
Extra finish. TODAY, $1.50 each. Sizes 34 to 40.
Sizes 40 to 46. TODAY, $1.75 each.

Boys' Tweed Pants
Sizes 22, 23, 24 only; values 50c. and 75c. TODAY, 35c.

Men's Imported Scotch Tweed Caps
In three of the newest shapes. TODAY, 50c.

20 Pairs Kid Gloves
Size 6¾ (Dome fasteners). TODAY, 35c. pair.

English Copyright Books on sale today at 25c

See Government Street Window.
Splendid Mourning, by C. Metcalfe.
The Whirligig, by Mayne Lindsay.
The Tiger's Awakening, by Fred A. Lemge.
D'Abra, the Buddist, by H. M. Lonsdale.
Two Men from Kimberley, by H. Burton Baker.
M. R. C. S., by Burford Delamroy.
A Lord of the Soil, by Hamilton Drummond.
The Mayor of Littlejoy, by Fred C. Smale.
Wheels Within Wheels, by Huan Mee.
Brownie's Pilot, by Thomas Cobb.
Prophet Peter, by Mayne Lindsay.
Weaving the Web, by Huan Mee.
Two Girls in Dream, by Jean Delaire.
The Prisoner's Secret, by John T. Lees.
The Continental Dragoon, by R. M. Stephens.
The Emu's Head, by Carlton Dawe.
John Oxber, by Orme Agnus.
The Coward, by R. L. Jefferson.
Pyramids of Snow, by Edith Metcalfe.
The World's Finger, by T. W. Hanshew.
A Woman Martyr, by A. M. Diehl.
The Unclaimed Million, by H. Maxwell.
Plague of the Heart, by Frances Prevost.
The Unexpected, by Rowland Grey.
Richards Affairs, by Margaret R. Cross.
The Fairy Bedmaker, by George Rowe.
The Rival Millionaires, by Lewin Fitzhamon.
The Doubling of Joseph Brereton, by Wm. R. Hodden.
Seaward for the Foe, by Headon Hill.
Held in the Toils, by John K. Leys.
Wonders of the Deep, by R. Norman Silver.
Drop of Doubt, by Alice Maud Meadows.

"Frank G. Taylor, representing the Hamburg underwriters here, stated yesterday that he did not credit such a report, and also would not presume to think any of the officers would contemplate such a thing. He also said the circumstances surrounding the wrecking of the vessel did not tend to give credit to the tale, advancing the theory that if such was the intention of the crew, a different time and place would have been chosen.

"I. N. Hibbard, representing the vessel here, who was on the Mariechen when she was wrecked, said he had heard such a rumor in circulation, but there was absolutely no truth in it.

"'The Mariechen was wrecked during a blinding blizzard, when it was impossible to see twenty feet. Her engines were not turning when she struck; she simply drifted ashore. If it had been the intention of the crew to deliberately wreck her they would have decided upon a more convenient place. The vessel was only insured for total loss, and it would have been poor policy for those who wished to gain anything by insurance to put her on rocks from which she could be raised.

"'I believe the Mariechen will be raised without any great difficulty. She had not broken up any when I left and I don't think she will. The marine surveyors are up North now, along with the wrecking tug Salvor. That doesn't look as if the vessel was a total loss.'"

MOZAMBIQUE ARRIVES.

From the Golden Gate With Captain Olson in Command.

Yesterday the British bark Mozambique, Capt. Olson, arrived in the Royal Roads from San Francisco, en route to Vancouver to load. It was expected that the Mozambique, like the Silberhorn, now in the upper harbor, would come to Victoria to have ports cut for loading lumber, but Capt. Olson has decided to have the work done at Vancouver. Capt. Olson was formerly master of the Brodick Castle, which loaded lumber at Chemainus and left that vessel after bringing her to Chemainus to proceed to San Francisco to take command of the Mozambique, which he brought north for cargo.

MARINE NOTES.

A seaman of the bark Amaranth which took lumber to Shanghai is under arrest in the American consular court charged with attempting to maliciously set fire to the ship on January 5th while it was lying at Woosung.

The United States department of trade and commerce has appointed a commission of United States marine men to begin the re-inspection of all vessels in Seattle harbor today.

SITUATION IN CHINA.

United States Secretary Taft Says Affairs Are Problematic.

Chicago, Feb. 22.—Secretary of War Taft, who was the guest here tonight at a dinner given by the Yale Club, in discussing the situation in the far East, revealed some little government uneasiness as to the outcome, and he did not deny that the detachment of 15,000 troops which had been despatched to the Philippines may be needed in China in the near future.

"The Eastern situation is problematical," he said. "China is now in a state of unrest. To many it seems that the conditions which prevail there are similar to those which preceded the Boxer uprising.

"It must be hoped, however, that the outcome may not be the same. The detachment of troops was not sent to China, but to the Philippines."

THE PORTLAND AT SEATTLE.

Steamer Wrecked Near Ketchikan Arrives for Repairs.

tSeamer Portland, which was saved from the rocks at Spire Island with the assistance of Victoria divers by Capt. Genereaux, representing the underwriters, has arrived at Seattle in tow of the tug Pioneer for repairs. A survey will be held at once and tenders called by the underwriters. It is expected that Victoria firms will compete. The Portland had a good trip south, passing the tug Samson, which was chartered for the wreckers, on the way down. Fourteen of the original crew of the Portland remained on board. They stated that the work of saving the steamer had been accomplished with the greatest difficulty, owing to the ice and heavy weather. Divers were first sent down to inspect the breaks, which were found to be near the forefoot. When part of the ore had been unloaded a canvas sheet, heavily leaded was slipped beneath the vessel and at high water she floated off and was towed to the beach by the revenue cutter Rush. The finishing repairs were made at Ketchikan. Her engines were out of order from the long immersion, but were repaired enough to enable them to aid considerably on the trip down.

The Portland still has about ninety tons of ore on board and this will be unloaded at once. She will then be placed on the dry dock and the real extent of her damages determined.

WAS NOT PLANNED.

Denial of Story Circulated in Seattle That Wreck Was Arranged.

"A report which had gained considerable circulation among the shipping men generally in this city," says the Seattle Times, "but which was not believed by the more conservative, that the wreck of the steamer Mariechen was the culmination of a deliberately laid plan to destroy the craft for her insurance, and that the underwriter intend to disclaim her, is denied by representatives of both the Mariechen and the Hamburg underwriters here."

"Shortly after the steamer was reported as being wrecked in False Bay, Alaska," says the Seattle paper, "a rumor spread about marine circles of the city that the steamer had been wrecked for her insurance. Following that there came another rumor that the representatives of the Hamburg underwriters intended to disclaim the vessel entirely and order an investigation to be made.

Pure salt is just as important as pure water or pure milk.
WINDSOR TABLE SALT
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HARDAKER, AUCTIONEER

Under instructions I will remove to Salerooms, 77-79 Douglas Street, and will sell without reserve,

Friday, 2nd March,
Valuable and Well-Kept
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ALMOST NEW PIANO
CARPENTER'S TOOLS AND A KIT OF STONECUTTER'S TOOLS, ETC.
This will be another big sale, and will be well worth attending.

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FOR SALE

I offer for two weeks only from the 17th February,
FOR $4,000
being $1,000.00 less than it has been held for during the last year, an
Ideal Site for a Seaside Hotel or a Country Residence
or residences, at Shoal Bay, on the coast road to Oak Bay, near Victoria, containing six and 24-100 (6 24-100) acres, being Lots 17 and 17A, in Section 22, Victoria District.
It includes a sandy beach, sea front (across road), beautiful old oak and maple trees, good flowing well, 60 feet deep; is close to Golf Links; has a perfect road to town summer and winter; 10 minutes' walk from car line. Go and see it, and apply to "C.," P. O. Drawer 733, Vancouver, B. C.

NEW ADVERTISENENTS
TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED — Englishman seeks employment; gardens attended to by the day, or fences painted, and carpentering repairs neatly executed. Terms moderate. Box 225 General Post Office, Victoria. f23

LOST—Will the party please return the lady's silver-mounted umbrella taken by mistake from Mowat's grocery, Tuesday evening, 19th instant, and oblige, yours truly? f23

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping rooms, with bath. 118 Fort street. f23

LAWYER PATRICK'S TRIAL.

Mayor of Houston Denies New Evidence of School Teacher.

Houston, Tex., Feb. 22.—Mayor H. Baldwin Rice said last night that so far as the testimony of Miss Gaillard in the Patrick trial in New York yesterday referring to him was untrue in every detail. He stated that he was not acquainted with Charles F. Jones and never to his knowledge had seen him.

AMERICA'S TENNIS CHALLENGE.

America's challenge for the Dwight F. Davis international tennis cup will be accepted by the British Lawn Tennis association by cable today. The only other entry thus far is Australia, but continental competitors are expected before the entries close at the beginning of March. H. L. Doherty will again be available for the singles and will defend the title in behalf of Great Britain, but there is a possibility that the health of R. F. Doherty will preclude his playing, in which case the defence in the doubles may be entrusted to a new pair.

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Household Furniture
Including: Hopkinson Piano; Drop-head Singer Sewing Machine, Rattan Arm Chair, Cane Seat Rocking Chairs, Oak and Ash Extension Tables, Commode Chair, Full Size Enamelled Bedsteads, Woven Wire Springs, Wool Top Mattresses, Cosy Couch, Oak and other Bureaus, Folding Bed with Mirror, Oak Bedroom Suite, Art Tapestry Carpet Square (nearly new), Floorcloth (nearly new), Kitchen Table and Chairs, Crockery, part Dinner Set, Refrigerator, Albion No. 8 Range, Air-tight Hall Heater, Lady's Bicycle, Box Stove, 3 Baby Buggies, Go-Cart, etc.
This sale was advertised for yesterday, but on account of an oversight the particulars were left out; therefore we will sell today, and everything must go, as party are leaving the city.
The Sale will commence with 10 very good Bicycles.
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Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is better than other powders, as it is both soap and disinfectant. 34

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MANILLA DRIPS
Ask for "RAMSAY'S" Cane Syrups
FOR THE TABLE.
JAVA CANE
FOR THE KITCHEN.
Put up in SEALED TINS of all sizes

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